

# Gallant™ HF CRT-D

CDHFA500T



## Product Highlights

- Bluetooth® Low Energy (LE) communication enabling smartphone connectivity through data encryption
- MultiPoint™ pacing delivers multiple LV pacing pulses per cardiac cycle in both LV only and BiV pacing modes
- SyncAV™ Plus CRT technology offers dynamic AV timing with adaptive programming to ensure BiV pacing with or without MultiPoint pacing
- Improved shape with reduced volume and thickness
- 40J delivered energy safety shock option for enhanced safety margin
- DeFT Response™ technology offers noninvasive programming options to optimize rescue therapy to each patient's unique physiology and changing conditions
- VF Therapy Assurance decreases the time to treatment for arrhythmias in patients who are likely to be hemodynamically unstable
- Antitachycardia pacing (ATP) while charging and prior to charging in the VF zone further extends the programming options for terminating tachyarrhythmias without a high-voltage shock
- ShockGuard™ technology with DecisionTx™ programming is designed to reduce inappropriate therapy and minimize the need for programming adjustments at implant
  - SecureSense™ RV lead noise discrimination algorithm detects sustained lead noise and short bursts of oversensing that would otherwise go unnoticed or potentially lead to one or more inappropriate shocks
  - Far Field MD™ morphology discrimination and chamber onset discrimination enhances SVT and VT discrimination for reduced inappropriate therapies
- SenseAbility™ sensing algorithm feature provides the flexibility to fine-tune programming around T-wave oversensing without decreasing sensitivity
- The Gallant HF CRT-D and Quartet™ quadripolar LV lead feature four pacing electrodes and 13 pacing vectors to provide more options and greater control to address implant complications such as diaphragmatic stimulation and high pacing thresholds
- Easily test and program with Auto VectSelect Quartet™ multivector testing, offering an efficient workflow for complete results and programming
- DynamicTx™ over-current detection algorithm automatically changes shock configurations to ensure delivery of high-voltage therapy when high current is detected
- MRI-Ready device tested in combination with MR Conditional leads for full-body scans using a 1.5T or 3T (Tesla) field strength MRI Scanner\*
- The CorVue™ thoracic impedance feature measures transthoracic impedance changes over time to provide additional insight into the patient's heart failure condition
- Cold can programmability provides an additional RV-SVC shock configuration to decouple the can from the shocking vector parameters in cases of lead problems
- Premature Atrial Contraction (PAC) Response to avoid pacing the atrium in a vulnerable zone
- Physiologic rate responsive AV Delay and PVARP
- QuickOpt™ timing cycle optimization provides quick and effective optimization at the push of a button
- Dual patient notification: audio notification through the device and visual notification via myMerlinPulse app



## Ordering Information

Contents: Cardiac Pulse Generator

MODEL NUMBER	DIMENSIONS (L × W × H) (MM)	WEIGHT (G)	VOLUME (CC)	CONNECTOR DEFIBRILLATION	CONNECTOR SENSE/PACE	CONNECTOR PACE - LEFT VENTRICLE
CDHFA500T	79 × 51 × 12	77	37	DF-1	IS-1	IS-4

\*See MRI Scan Parameters in MRI-Ready Systems Manual.

## Product Specifications

PARAMETER SPECIFICATIONS	
Model	CDHFA500T
Telemetry	Bluetooth® LE Communication
Delivered/Stored Energy	40/45 J
Volume	37 cc
Weight	77 g
Size	79 × 51 × 12 mm
Defibrillation Lead Connection	DF-1
Atrial Sense/Pace Lead Connection	IS-1 in-line bipolar
Ventricular Sense/Pace Lead Connection	IS-1 in-line bipolar
Left Ventricular Pace Lead Connection	IS4-LLLL
High Voltage Can	Electrically active titanium can
Parameter	Settings
<b>Biventricular Pacing</b>	
VectSelect Quartet™ Programmable LV Pulse Configuration	Distal Tip 1 - Mid 2; Distal Tip 1 - Proximal 4; Distal Tip 1 - Mid 3; Distal Tip 1 - RV Coil; Mid 2 - Mid 3; Mid 2 - Proximal 4; Mid 2 - RV Coil; Mid 3 - Mid 2; Mid 3 - Proximal 4; Mid 3 - RV Coil; Proximal 4 - Mid 2; Proximal 4 - Mid 3; Proximal 4 - RV Coil
MultiPoint™ Pacing	LV1, LV2
Delay MultiPoint Pacing	Delay 1: 5; 10; ... 80 ms Delay 2: 5; 10; ... 50 ms
V. Triggering	On; Off
QuickOpt™ Timing Cycle Optimization	Sensed/Paced AV delay, Interventricular pace delay
V-V Timing	Simultaneous <sup>1</sup> ; RV First; LV First
Interventricular Pace Delay	RV First 10–80/LV First 15–80 ms
Ventricular Sensing	RV only (not programmable)
Ventricular Pacing Chamber	RV only; LV only; Biventricular
SyncAV™ Plus CRT Technology Delta	If Type = Percentage: -10; - 15;...-70% If Type = Fixed: -10; -20;...-120 ms; Off
MPP PVAB	125-260 ms
<b>AF Management</b>	
AF Suppression™ Pacing	On; Off
No. of Overdrive Pacing Cycles	15-40
Maximum AF Suppression Rate	80-150 bpm

## Product Specifications

<b>Sensing/Detection</b>	
SenseAbility™ Sensing Algorithm	Automatic sensitivity control adjustment for atrial and ventricular events
Low Frequency Attenuation	On; Off
Threshold Start	Post-Sensed: 50; 62.5; 75; 100% Post-Paced, Atrial: 0.2-3.0 mV Post-Paced, Ventricular: Auto, 0.2-3.0 mV
Decay Delay	Post-Sensed: 0-220 ms Post-Paced, Atrial: 0-220 ms Post-Paced, Ventricular: Auto, 0-220 ms
Ventricular Sense Refractory	125; 157 ms
Detection Zones	3 zone programming – 1 zone; 2 zones; or 3 zones (VT-1; VT-2; VF)
SVT Discriminators	AV Rate Branch; Arrhythmia Onset (Chamber Onset or Sudden Onset); Interval Stability; AV Association Morphology; Discrimination (Far Field MD™ Morphology Discrimination or Original MD) with Automatic Template Update
Monitor Mode	Detection, discrimination, and diagnostics, no therapy delivery (VT or VT-1 zone)
Discrimination Modes	On; Passive; Off
SVT Upper Limit	150-240 bpm
SVT Discrimination Timeout	20s-60 min; Off
Reconfirmation	Continuous sensing during charging
SecureSense™ RV Lead Noise Discrimination Algorithm	On; On with Timeout; Passive; Off
VF Therapy Assurance	On; Off
<b>Antitachycardia Pacing Therapy</b>	
ATP Configurations	Ramp; Burst; Scan; 1 or 2 schemes per VT zone
ATP in VF Zone	ATP While Charging; ATP Prior to Charging; Off
ATP Upper Rate Cutoff	150-300 bpm
Burst Cycle Length	Adaptive (50%-100%); Fixed (200-550 ms)
Min. Burst Cycle Length	150-400 in increments of 5 ms
Readaptive	On; Off
Number of Bursts/Stimuli	1-15 with 2-20 Stimuli
Add Stimuli per Burst	On; Off
ATP Pulse Amplitude	7.5 V independent from bradycardia and post-therapy pacing
ATP Pulse Width	1.0 or 1.5 ms independently programmable from bradycardia and post-therapy pacing
<b>High-Voltage Therapy</b>	
DynamicTx™ Over-current Detection Algorithm	On; Off
DeFT Response™ Technology	Programmable pulse width for P1/P2 and tilt
High-Voltage Output Mode	Fixed Pulse Width; Fixed Tilt
Waveform	Biphasic; Monophasic
RV Polarity	Cathode (-); Anode (+)
Electrode Configuration	RV to Can; RV to SVC/Can; RV to SVC
<b>Bradycardia Pacing</b>	
Permanent Modes	DDD(R); DDT(R); DDI(R); VVT(R); VVI(R); AAI(R); Off
Temporary Modes	DDD; DDT; DDI; VVT; VVI; AAI; AAT; DOO; VOO; AOO; Off
Activity Sensor	On; Passive; Off
Programmable Rate and Delay Parameters	Base Rate (bpm); Rest Rate (bpm); Maximum Tracking Rate (bpm); Max Trigger Rate (bpm); Maximum Sensor Rate (bpm); Paced AV Delay (ms); Sensed AV Delay (ms); Rate Responsive AV Delay; Hysteresis Rate (bpm); Rate Hysteresis with Search
Pulse Amplitude	0.25-7.5 V
Pulse Width	0.05, 0.1-1.5 ms
LVCap™ Confirm Feature, LVCap™ 2 Confirm Feature	Setup; On; Monitor; Off
RVCap™ Confirm Feature	Setup; On; Monitor; Off

## Product Specifications

<b>Bradycardia Pacing</b>	
ACap™ Confirm Feature	On; Monitor; Off
Auto Mode Switch (AMS)	DDI(R); DDT(R); VVI(R); VVT(R); Off
Atrial Tachycardia Detection Rate	110-300 bpm
AMS Base Rate	40; 45; ... 135 bpm
PMT Detection/Termination	Atrial Pace; Passive; Off
Rate Responsive PVARP	Low; Medium; High; Off
Rate Responsive V Pace Refractory	On; Off
PAC Response	On; Off
PAC Response interval	200-400 ms
Shortest AV Delay	25-120 ms
<b>Post-Therapy Pacing (Independently programmable from Bradycardia and ATP)</b>	
Post-Shock Pacing Mode	AAI; VVI; DDI; or DDD; Off
Post-Shock Base Rate	30-100 bpm
Post-Shock Pacing Duration	0.5; 1; 2.5; 5; 7.5; or 10 min; Off
<b>Device Testing/Induction Methods</b>	
DC Fibber™ Induction Method Pulse Duration	0.5-5.0 sec
Burst Fibber Cycle Length	20-100 ms
Noninvasive Programmed Stimulation (NIPS)	2-25 stimuli with up to 3 extra stimuli
<b>Patient Notifiers</b>	
Programmable Notifiers (On; Off)	BatteryAssurance™ alert; Possible HV circuit damage; HV charge timeout; Long charge time for Capacitor Maintenance; Device at ERI; Atrial pacing lead impedance out of range. Ventricular pacing lead impedance out of range; High-voltage lead impedance out of range; AT/AF Episode duration; AT/AF Burden; High ventricular rate during AT/AF; SecureSense™ lead noise detection; Non-sustained ventricular oversensing; Ventricular pacing percentage greater than limit.
Device Parameter Reset	On
Entry into Backup VVI Mode	On
Auditory Duration	2; 4; 6; 8; 10; 12; 14; 16 sec
Number of Audio alerts per Notification	2
Number of Notifications	1-16
Time Between Notifications	10; 22 hours
<b>Electrograms and Diagnostics</b>	
Stored Electrograms	30 minutes (2 user programmable + discrimination channel), up to 1 minute programmable pre-trigger data per VT/VF electrograms; additional triggers include lead noise detection, non-sustained ventricular oversensing, morphology template updates, atrial episode, PMT termination, PAC response, magnet reversion, noise reversion
Therapy Summary	Diagram of therapies delivered
Episodes Summary	Directory listing of up to 60 episodes with access to more details including stored electrograms
Lifetime Diagnostics	History of bradycardia events and device-initiated charging
AT/AF Burden Trend	Trend data and counts
Ventricular HV Lead Impedance	Multi-Vector Trend Data
Histograms and Trends	Event Histogram; AV Interval Histogram; Mode Switch or AT/AF Duration Histogram; Peak Filtered Atrial Rate during Atrial Arrhythmia Histogram; Atrial Heart Rate Histogram; Ventricular Heart Rate Histogram; AT/AF Burden; Exercise and Activity Trending; V Rates during AMS; DirectTrend™ reports up to 1 year
PMT Data	Information regarding PMT detections
Real-Time Measurements (RTM)	Pacing lead impedances; High-voltage lead impedances; Signal amplitudes
CorVue Thoracic Impedance	On; Off
CorVue Thoracic Impedance Threshold	8-18 days

## Product Specifications

MRI Settings	
Tachy Therapy	Disabled
MRI Mode	DOO; VOO; AOO; Pacing Off
MRI Base Rate	30-100 bpm
MRI Paced AV Delay	25-110 ms
MRI RA and RV Pulse Amplitude	5.0 or 7.5 V
MRI RA and RV Pulse Width	1.0 ms
MRI RA and RV Pulse Configuration	Bipolar
MRI LV Pulse Configuration	D1-M2, D1-M3, D1-P4, M2-M3, M2-P4, M3-M2, M3-P4, P4-M2, P4-M3
MRI LV Pulse Amplitude	0.25-7.5 V
MRI LV Pulse Width	0.05-1.5 ms
MRI V Pacing Chamber	RV Only, LV+RV (Simultaneous)
MRI Timeout	3; 6; 9; 12; 24 hours; Off

MRI SCAN PARAMETERS†			
Lead Model	Magnet (Tesla)	RF Transmit Conditions	Scan Region
<b>Durata™ Defibrillation Lead</b>	1.5 T / 3 T	Normal Operating Mode	Full-body
7120 (lead lengths: 60, 65 cm)			
7122 (lead lengths: 60, 65 cm)			
<b>Optisure™ Lead</b>	1.5 T / 3 T		
LDA220 (lead lengths: 60, 65 cm)			
LDA210 (lead lengths: 60, 65 cm)			
<b>Quartet™ LV Lead</b>	1.5 T / 3 T		
1456Q (lead length: 86 cm)			
1457Q (lead length: 86 cm)			
1458Q (lead length: 86 cm)			
1458QL (lead length: 86 cm)			
<b>Tendril™ STS Pacing Lead</b>	1.5 T / 3 T		
2088TC (lead lengths: 46, 52 cm)			
<b>Tendril MRI™ Lead</b>	1.5 T		
LPA1200M (lead lengths: 46, 52 cm)			
<b>UltiPace Pacemaker Lead</b>	1.5 T / 3 T		
LPA1231 (Lead lengths 46, 52 cm)			

† LV first with 10 ms interventricular delay.

‡ For additional information about specific MR Conditional CRT-Ds and leads, including scan parameters, warnings, precautions, adverse conditions to MRI scanning, and potential adverse events, please refer to the Abbott MRI-Ready Systems Manual at [medical.abbott/manuals](http://medical.abbott/manuals).

**Rx Only**

**Brief Summary:** This product is intended for use by or under the direction of a Physician. Prior to using these devices, please review the Instructions for Use for a complete listing of indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, potential adverse events and directions for use.

**Intended Use:** The Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy Defibrillator (CRT-D) devices are intended to provide ventricular antitachycardia pacing and ventricular cardioversion/defibrillation. The CRT-D devices are also intended to resynchronize the right and left ventricles.

The myMerlinPulse™ mobile application is intended for use by people who have an Abbott Medical implanted heart device and access to a mobile device. The app provides remote monitoring capability of the implanted heart device by transmitting information from the patient's implanted heart device to the patient's healthcare provider.

**Indications:** The CRT-D devices are indicated for automated treatment of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias. CRT-D devices are also indicated to treat symptoms in patients who have congestive heart failure with ventricular dyssynchrony.

In addition, dual chamber CRT-D devices with the AT/AF detection algorithm are indicated in patients with atrial tachyarrhythmias or those patients who are at significant risk of developing atrial tachyarrhythmias.

MR Conditional CRT-Ds are conditionally safe for use in the MRI environment when used in a complete MR Conditional system and according to instructions in the MRI-Ready Systems manual. Scanning under different conditions may result in severe patient injury, death or device malfunction.

The myMerlinPulse™ mobile application is indicated for use by patients with supported Abbott Medical implanted heart devices.

**Contraindications:** Contraindications for use of the pulse generator system include ventricular tachyarrhythmias resulting from transient or correctable factors such as drug toxicity, electrolyte imbalance, or acute myocardial infarction.

The myMerlinPulse™ mobile application is contraindicated for use with any implanted medical device other than supported Abbott Medical implanted heart devices.

**Adverse Events:** Possible adverse events associated with the implantation of the pulse generator system include the following: Arrhythmia (for example, accelerated or induced), Bradycardia, Cardiac or venous perforation, Cardiac tamponade, Cardiogenic shock, Death, Discomfort, Embolism, Endocarditis, Erosion, Exacerbation of heart failure, Excessive fibrotic tissue growth, Extracardiac stimulation (phrenic nerve, diaphragm, pectoral muscle), Extrusion, Fluid accumulation within the device pocket, Formation of hematomas, cysts, or seromas, Heart block, Hemorrhage, Hemothorax, Hypersensitivity, including local tissue reaction or allergic reaction, Infection, Keloid formation, Myocardial damage, Nerve damage, Occlusion/Thrombus, Pericardial effusion, Pericarditis, Pneumothorax, Pulmonary edema, Syncope, Thrombosis, Valve damage. Complications reported with direct subclavian venipuncture include pneumothorax, hemothorax, laceration of the subclavian artery, arteriovenous fistula, neural damage, thoracic duct injury, cannulation of other vessels, massive hemorrhage and rarely, death. Among the psychological effects of device implantation are imagined pulsing, depression, dependency, fear of premature battery depletion, device malfunction, inappropriate pulsing, shocking while conscious, or losing pulse capability. Possible adverse device effects include complications due to the following: Abnormal battery depletion, Conductor fracture, Device-programmer communication failure, Elevated or rise in defibrillation/cardioversion threshold, Inability to defibrillate or pace, Inability to interrogate or program due to programmer or device malfunction, Incomplete lead connection with pulse generator, Inhibited therapy including defibrillation and pacing, Inappropriate therapy (for example, shocks and antitachycardia pacing [ATP] where applicable, pacing), Interruption of function due to electrical or magnetic interference, Intolerance to high rate pacing (for example dyspnea or discomfort), Lead abrasion, Lead fracture, Lead insulation damage, Lead migration or lead dislodgement, Loss of device functionality due to component failure, Pulse generator migration, Rise in DFT threshold, Rise in pacing threshold and exit block, Shunting of energy from defibrillation paddles, System failure due to ionizing radiation. Additionally, potential adverse events associated with the implantation of a coronary venous lead system include the following: Allergic reaction to contrast media, Breakage or failure of implant instruments, Prolonged exposure to fluoroscopic radiation, Renal failure from contrast media used to visualize coronary veins. Refer to the User's Manual for detailed intended use, indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions and potential adverse events.

No potential adverse events have been identified with use of the myMerlinPulse™ mobile application.

**Abbott**  
15900 Valley View Court, Sylmar, CA 91342  
Tel: +1 818 362 6822  
Abbott.com

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