

AVEIR™ DR DUAL CHAMBER
LEADLESS PACEMAKER SYSTEM

MRI GUIDE

GUIDE FOR CARDIAC CLINICIANS AND PHYSICIANS

GUIDE FOR RADIOLOGISTS AND MRI TECHNOLOGISTS

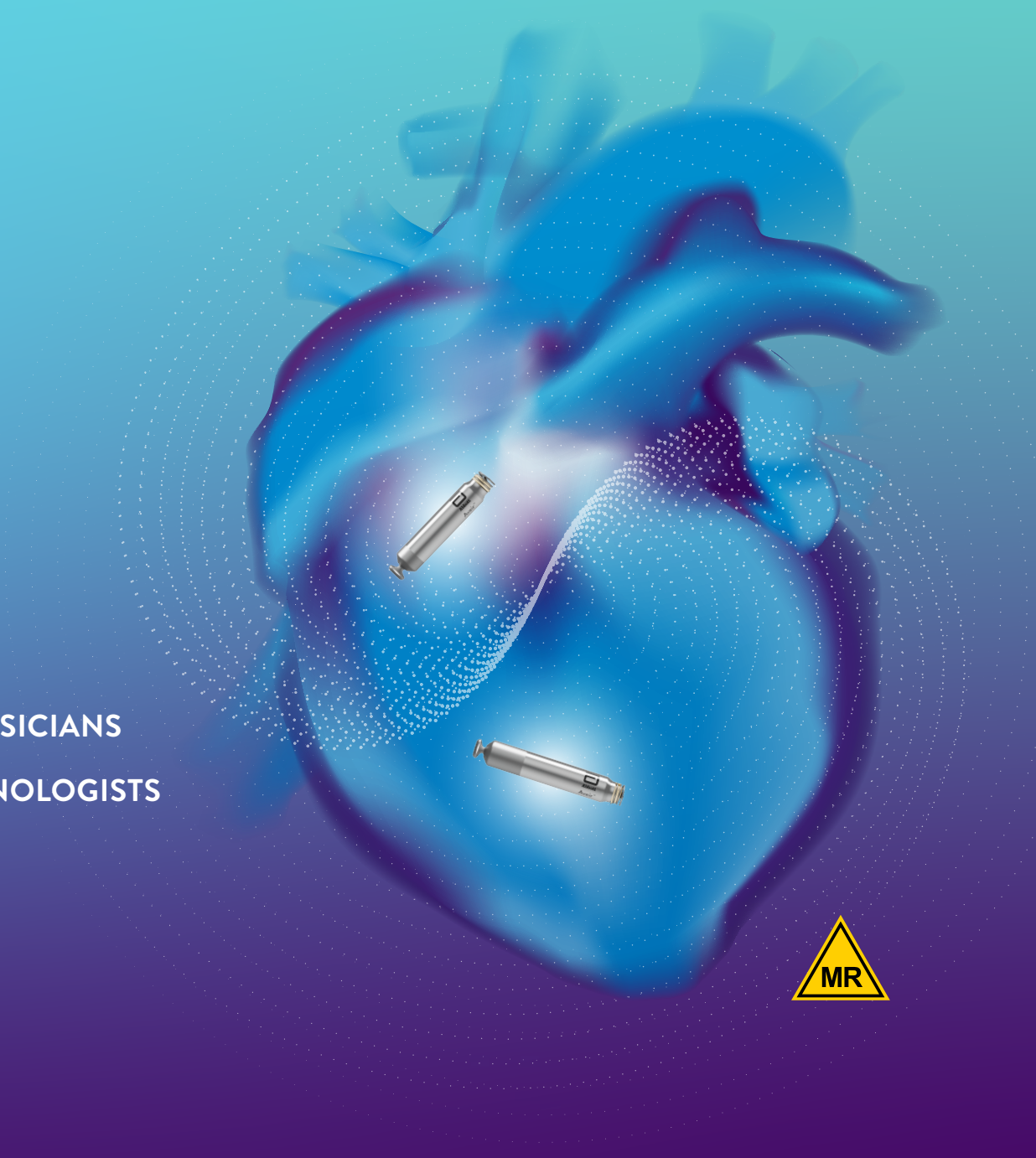


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page 3 | For **Cardiac Physicians or Clinicians**



Page 20 | For **Radiologists or MRI Technologists**



Page 27 | **Additional Resources**



ROLES OF THE CARDIAC PHYSICIANS AND CLINICIANS

STEP-BY-STEP INSTRUCTIONS FOR ASSESSMENT AND PROGRAMMING



PRE-MRI SCAN STEPS

- Step 1: Confirm that the Patient has an MR Conditional System
- Step 2: Confirm that No Adverse Conditions to MRI Scanning are Present
- Step 3: Review the Potential Adverse Events
- Step 4: Generate a Report of the Patient's Permanently Programmed Parameters
- Step 5: Select and Save MRI Settings
- Step 6: Review the MRI Checklist and Program MRI Settings

REMINDER: It is required to program the AVEIR™ DR LP System to MRI Settings as part of the MRI scan workflow.


POST-MRI SCAN STEPS

- Step 7: Disable MRI Settings

STEP 1

CONFIRM THAT THE PATIENT HAS AN MR CONDITIONAL SYSTEM

Review the patient’s ID card or a printed report generated by the Merlin™ Patient Care System (PCS) Programmer to obtain the model number for the implanted device(s). Check that each model number is MR Conditional.



DEMO
Aveir™ DR LP

DEMO ID
LSP201A 10 (RA) / LSP202V 11 (RV)

23-5-25
12:50
In-Clinic

FastPath™ Summary

RA

RRT

>5 yrs

Longevity estimate is based on patient history.

RV

RRT

>5 yrs

Device Implant Date
Voltage
Battery Current
Remaining Capacity to RRT

21-10-22
>3.3 V
12.0 uA
99 %


Device Implant Date
Voltage
Battery Current
Remaining Capacity to RRT

21-10-19
3.0 V
11.0 uA
92 %

✓

No Alerts

page 1 of 1



Patient Identification Card

Cardiac Pacemaker

PATIENT:

ITEM


MODEL

SERIAL NUMBER

IMPLANT DATE

FOLLOWING PHYSICIAN:

PHONE:



MR Conditional System
(see MRI-Ready Systems Manual at [medical.abbott/manuals](https://www.medical.abbott/manuals))

Patient ID card with model number highlighted.

MR Conditional Models for the AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker System
LSP112V
LSP202V
LSP201A
LSP203A

AVEIR™ Single Chamber Leadless Pacemakers and Dual Chamber Leadless Pacemaker System are MR Conditional

STEP 2

CONFIRM THAT NO ADVERSE CONDITIONS TO MRI SCANNING ARE PRESENT

EXAMPLES OF ADVERSE CONDITIONS:

- A device is at End-of-Service
- An implanted LSP112V or LSP202V is implanted at a site other than the right ventricle
- An implanted LSP201A or LSP203A is implanted at a site other than the right atrium
- A device has unstable capture thresholds OR has a threshold greater than 2.5V@0.5ms
- Complaints of diaphragmatic stimulation when outputs are set to 5.0V@1.0ms, if the patient will be paced when MRI Settings are enabled
- Patients with other non-MR Conditional implants (eg. abandoned leads)

SEE **NEXT PAGE** FOR FURTHER CLARIFICATION RELATED TO ADDITIONAL IMPLANTED DEVICES OR ABANDONED LEADLESS PACEMAKERS.

ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR CLARIFICATION

IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO SCAN PATIENTS WITH OTHER MR CONDITIONAL IMPLANTABLE DEVICES PROVIDED ALL MR CONDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH IMPLANTED DEVICE ARE MET.

IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO SCAN PATIENTS WITH OTHER ABANDONED MR CONDITIONAL LEADLESS PACEMAKERS IN THE SAME CHAMBER, AS LONG AS:

1. MR conditions for each leadless pacemaker are met
2. Abandoned leadless pacemakers are deactivated

IF ANY CONDITIONS EXIST WHICH
COULD MAKE MRI SCANNING UNSAFE,
DO NOT SCAN THE PATIENT.

STEP 3

REVIEW THE POTENTIAL ADVERSE EVENTS

THE AVEIR™ DR DUAL CHAMBER LEADLESS PACEMAKER SYSTEM HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL ADVERSE EVENTS THAT MAY CAUSE PATIENT HARM.

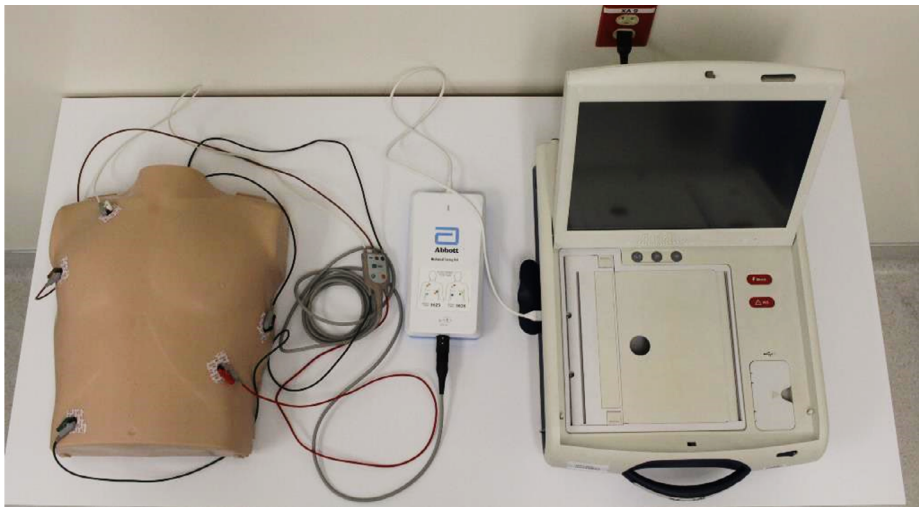
Please refer to the MRI-Ready Leadless Systems Manual for a complete list of potential adverse events that may occur in the MRI environment [here](#).

STEP 4

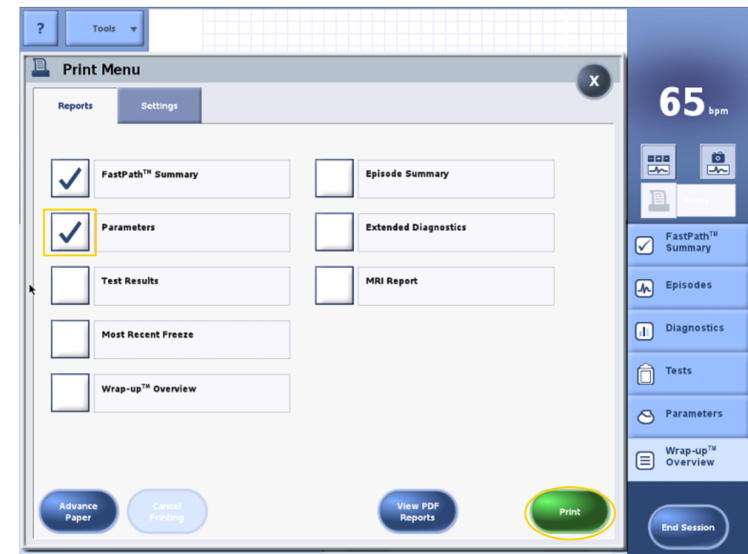
GENERATE A REPORT OF THE PATIENT'S PERMANENTLY PROGRAMMED PARAMETERS

Note: This interrogation should be done *OUTSIDE* the scanner magnet room. Do not bring the programmer or accessories into the scan room. This includes patient electrodes used for programming, which must be removed prior to the MRI scan. To make note of the patient's permanent parameters, perform the following actions.

1. Interrogate the leadless pacemaker system using the appropriate components.



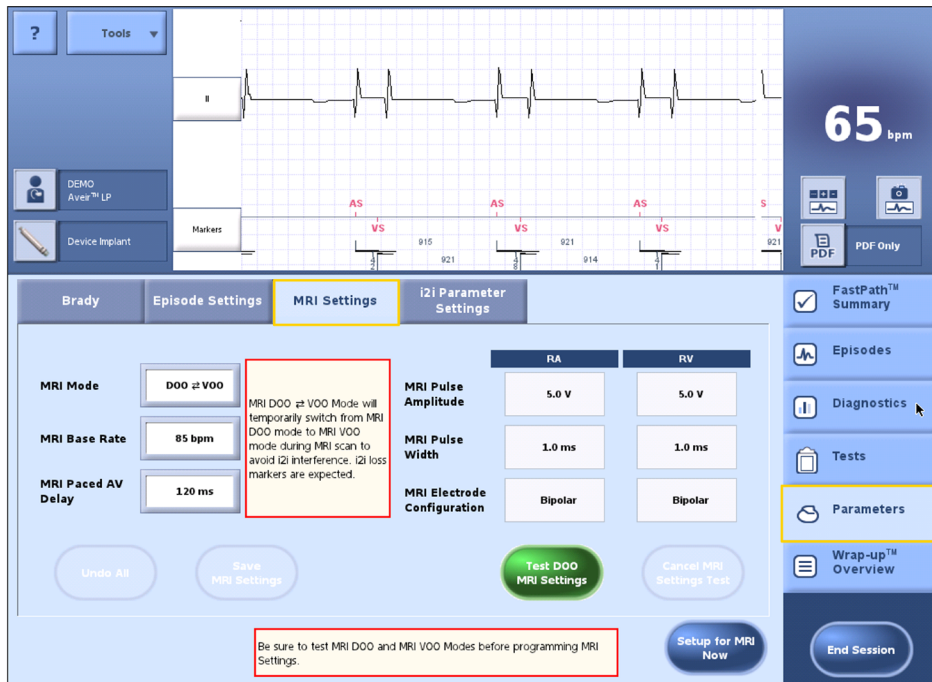
2. Print, at minimum, the Parameter Report to save a copy of original programming.



STEP 5

SELECT AND SAVE MRI SETTINGS

When ready, navigate to **Parameters » MRI Settings**



THERE ARE 3 MAIN SETTINGS YOU CAN CHANGE.

1. MRI Mode

Nominal: DOO ± VOO

Options: DOO ± VOO, VOO, AOO, Pacing Off

2. MRI Base Rate

Nominal: 85 bpm

Options: 30-120 bpm

3. MRI Paced AV Delay

Nominal: 120 ms

Options: 40-120 ms

Let's explore more about how to select, test, and save MRI Settings.

STEP 5

SELECT AND SAVE MRI SETTINGS

HOW TO SELECT THE MRI MODE:

Pacing Off: Do not select this mode unless you are confident the patient can be without pacing support for an extended period of time.

AOO: Do not select this mode if the patient has intermittent or complete heart block. There will not be any ventricular pacing support.

VOO: If the patient can tolerate ventricular-only pacing, this may be a good mode to select!

DOO⇌VOO: This is the nominal mode. In this mode, the device will attempt to maintain dual chamber asynchronous pacing. However, it will switch to VOO during active scanning to avoid i2i™ communication interference. If a patient is less tolerant of ventricular-only pacing, this may be the best mode to select. This mode will result in unique markers which will be explored in more detail later.

STEP 5

SELECT AND SAVE MRI SETTINGS

HOW TO SELECT THE MRI PACING RATE:

If you choose **AOO**, **VOO**, or **DOO** \Rightarrow **VOO mode**, ensure that you select a pacing rate **faster** than the patient's intrinsic heart rate. In asynchronous modes, there is no sensing of intrinsic rhythms. This means that competition with the intrinsic rhythm may occur if the device is not overdrive pacing.

HOW TO SELECT THE MRI PACED AV DELAY:

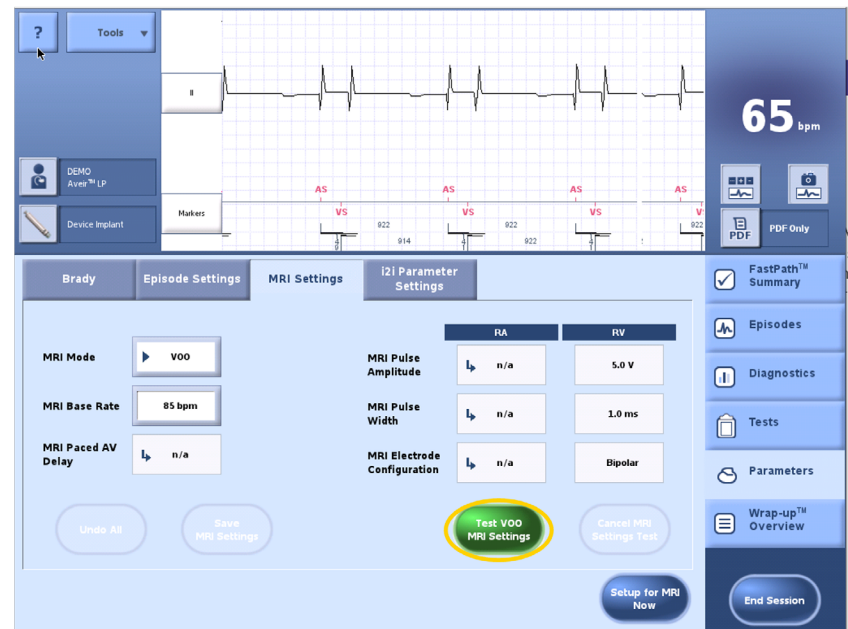
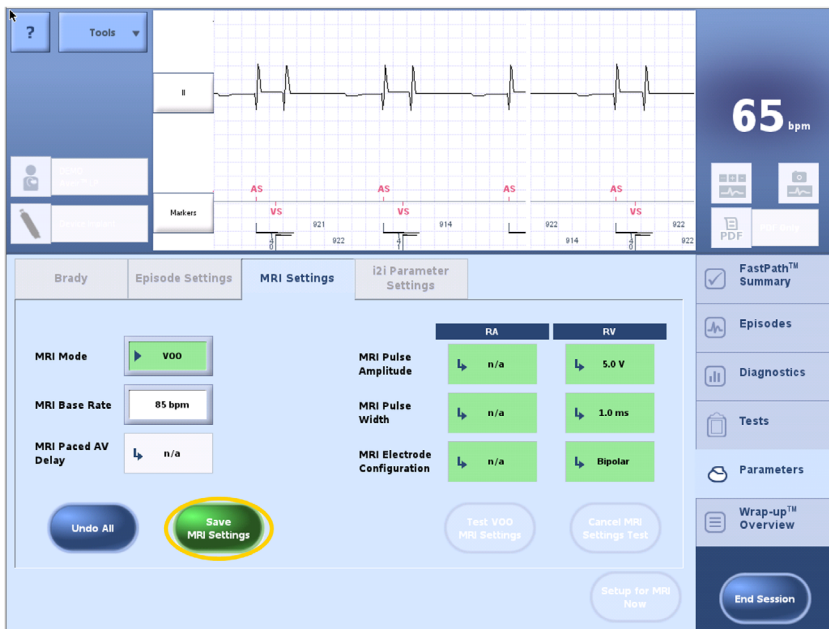
If you choose the **DOO** \Rightarrow **VOO mode**, ensure that you select a paced AV delay shorter than the patient's intrinsic PR interval. This avoids competing with the patient's native conduction. The nominal 120 ms will likely be shorter than most people's intrinsic conduction timing but should be adjusted if not.

STEP 5

SELECT AND SAVE MRI SETTINGS

If you make any programming changes from the nominal settings, you will need to “Save MRI Settings” before proceeding.

Whether you keep the nominal settings OR if you make programming changes, you will need to ensure the selected parameters provide the necessary hemodynamic support for the patient. To do this, select the “Test MRI Settings” button.



STEP 5

SELECT AND SAVE MRI SETTINGS

Note: If you select the nominal mode $DOO \rightleftharpoons VOO$, it will ask you to subsequently test both DOO and VOO mode to ensure both are hemodynamically stable for the patient.

The screenshot shows the MRI Settings screen with the following parameters:

- MRI Mode:** $DOO \pm VOO$
- MRI Base Rate:** 85 bpm
- MRI Paced AV Delay:** 120 ms
- MRI Pulse Amplitude:** 5.0 V (RA), 5.0 V (RV)
- MRI Pulse Width:** 1.0 ms (RA), 1.0 ms (RV)
- MRI Electrode Configuration:** Bipolar (RA), Bipolar (RV)

A red box highlights the **MRI Mode** section with the text: "MRI $DOO \pm VOO$ Mode will temporarily switch from MRI DOO mode to MRI VOO mode during MRI scan to avoid I2I interference. I2I loss markers are expected."

A red arrow points to the **Test DOO MRI Settings** button. A red box at the bottom contains the text: "Be sure to test MRI DOO and MRI VOO Modes before programming MRI Settings."

The screenshot shows the MRI Settings screen with the following parameters:

- MRI Mode:** $DOO \pm VOO$
- MRI Base Rate:** 85 bpm
- MRI Paced AV Delay:** 120 ms
- MRI Pulse Amplitude:** 5.0 V (RA), 5.0 V (RV)
- MRI Pulse Width:** 1.0 ms (RA), 1.0 ms (RV)
- MRI Electrode Configuration:** Bipolar (RA), Bipolar (RV)

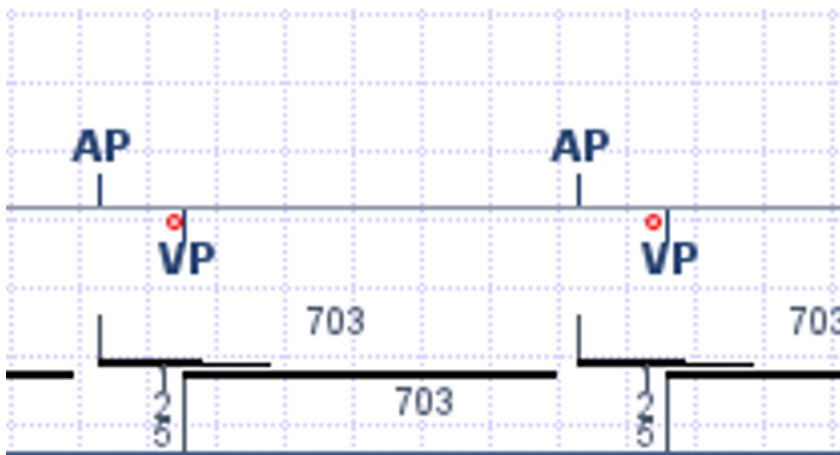
A red box highlights the **MRI Mode** section with the text: "MRI $DOO \pm VOO$ Mode will temporarily switch from MRI DOO mode to MRI VOO mode during MRI scan to avoid I2I interference. I2I loss markers are expected."

A red arrow points to the **Switch to VOO Test** button. A red box at the bottom contains the text: "Cancel MRI Settings Test to return to permanent settings. The LP will NOT automatically restore them."

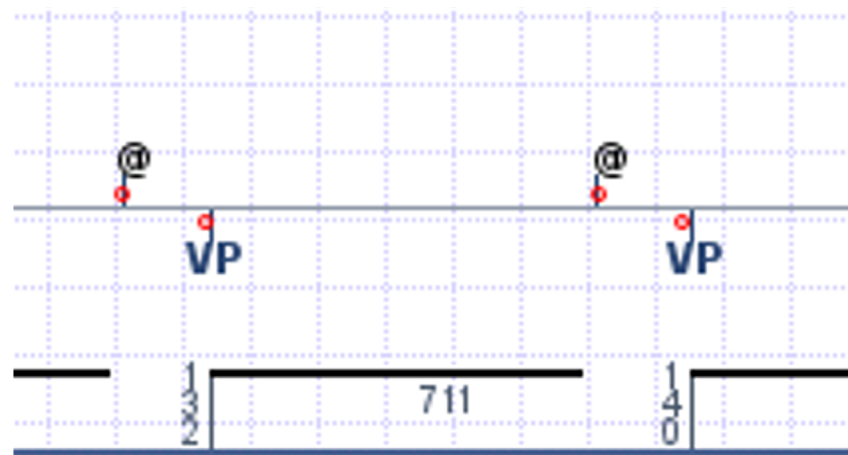
A NOTE ON MARKERS DURING MRI PROGRAMMING

IF YOU SELECT THE DOO \rightleftharpoons VOO MRI MODE, YOU WILL SEE UNIQUE MARKERS WHEN PROGRAMMING DEVICES FOR MRI SCANS. THIS IS EXPECTED BEHAVIOR AND SHOULD NOT BE CAUSE FOR ALARM.

1. When testing DOO in DOO \rightleftharpoons VOO MRI Mode, you will see the below marker pattern.



2. When testing VOO in DOO \rightleftharpoons VOO MRI Mode, you will see the below marker pattern.

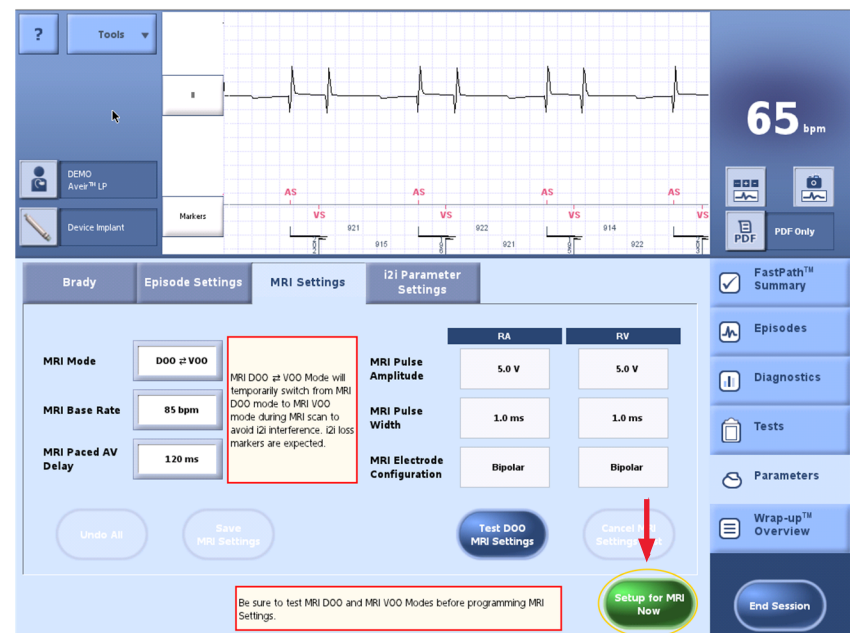
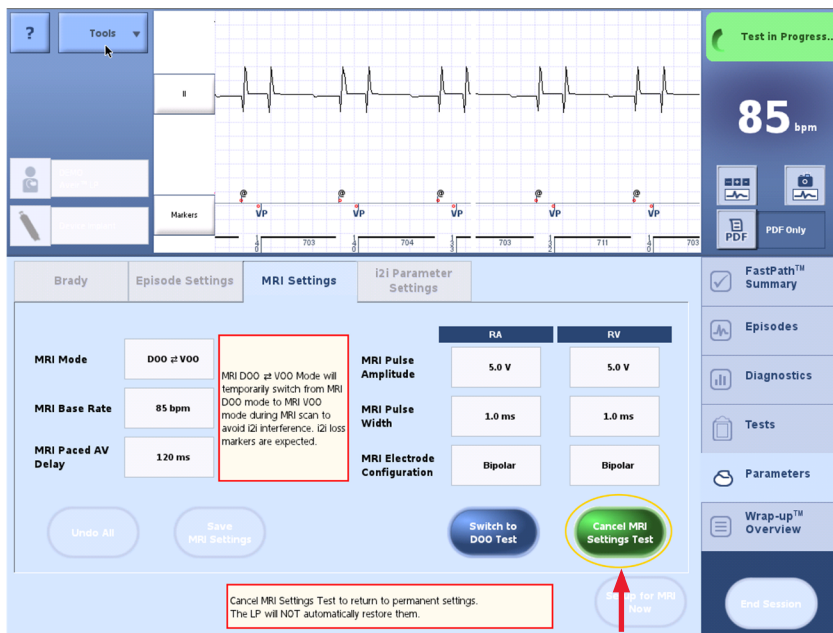


STEP 5

SELECT AND SAVE MRI SETTINGS

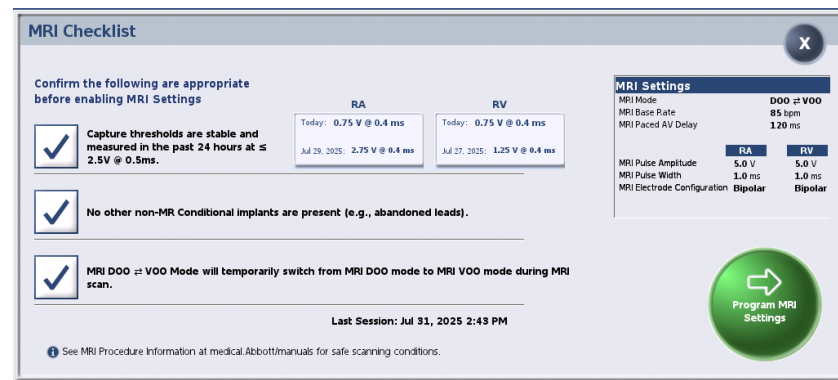
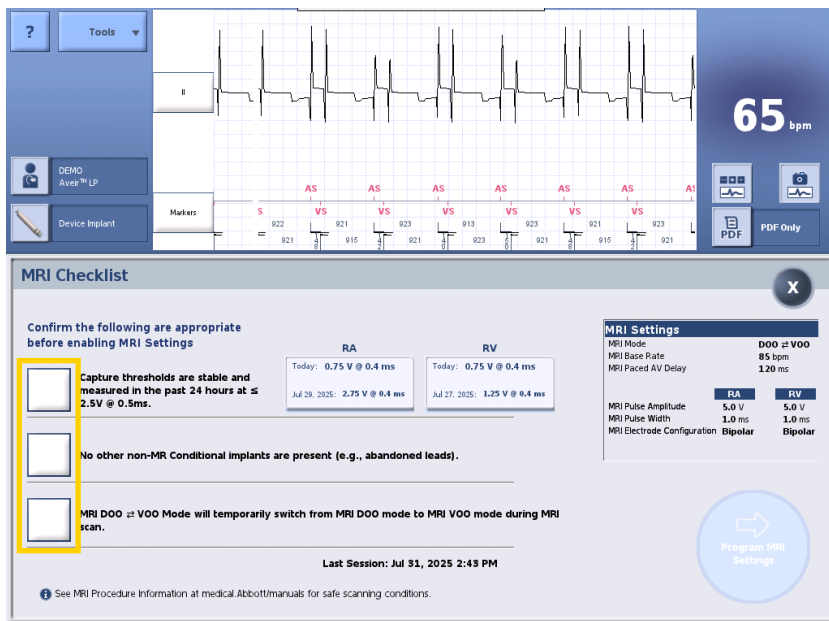
Once you have tested all the appropriate settings, select “**Cancel MRI Settings Test**”.

Confirm and save your final preferred programming. Then select “**Setup for MRI Now**”. **Step 5 is now complete.**



Check each box of the MRI Checklist once you have confirmed the condition. Depending on the mode you chose in Step 5, there may be 2 or 3 boxes to check.

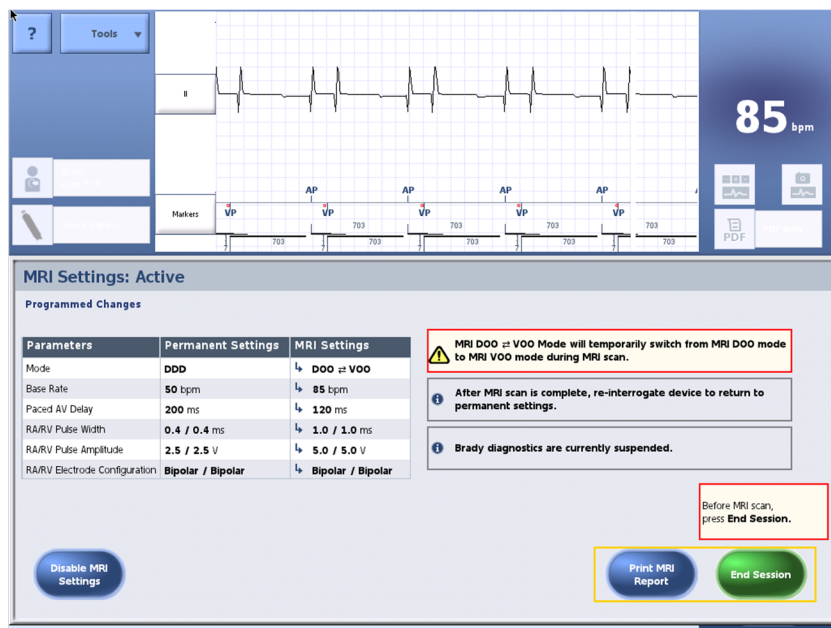
After all boxes are checked, you can select the green “Program MRI Settings” button.



STEP 6

REVIEW THE MRI CHECKLIST AND PROGRAM MRI SETTINGS

The patient is now in MRI Settings and is ready to be scanned. You should print the MRI Report and press the green “End Session” button, prior to scanning.



**DO NOT PROCEED PAST
THIS SLIDE UNTIL THE MRI
SCAN HAS BEEN COMPLETED.**

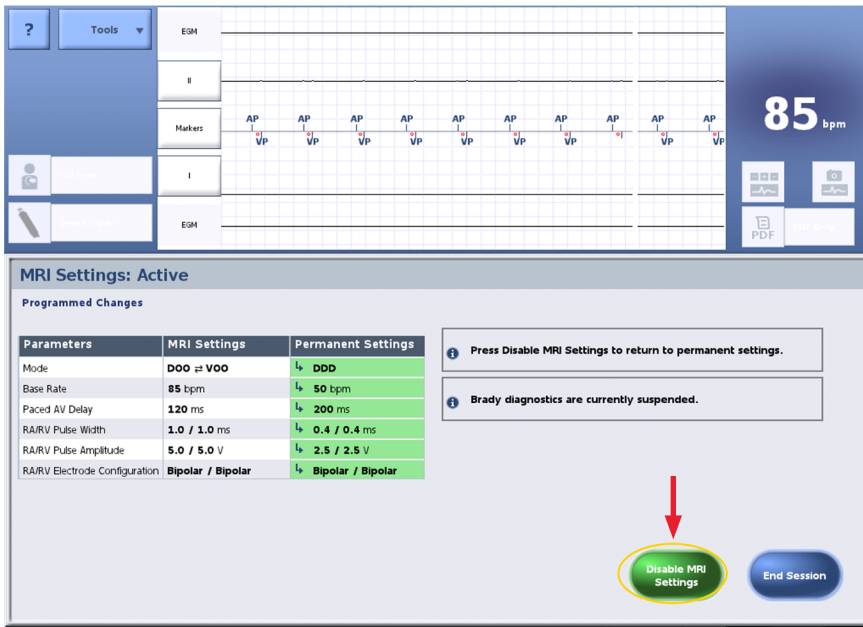


STEP 7

DISABLE MRI SETTINGS

Immediately after the MRI scan is complete, reinterrogate the patient using the Merlin™ PCS Programmer, and **“Disable MRI Settings”**.

Note: This interrogation should be done *OUTSIDE* the scanner magnet room.



The screenshot shows the Merlin PCS Programmer interface. At the top, there's a status bar with a heart rate of 85 bpm. Below this, a table titled 'MRI Settings: Active' shows 'Programmed Changes'. The table has three columns: Parameters, MRI Settings, and Permanent Settings. The 'Disable MRI Settings' button is highlighted with a red arrow.

Parameters	MRI Settings	Permanent Settings
Mode	DDO ± VOO	DDD
Base Rate	85 bpm	50 bpm
Paced AV Delay	120 ms	200 ms
RA/RV Pulse Width	1.0 / 1.0 ms	0.4 / 0.4 ms
RA/RV Pulse Amplitude	5.0 / 5.0 V	2.5 / 2.5 V
RA/RV Electrode Configuration	Bipolar / Bipolar	Bipolar / Bipolar

Press Disable MRI Settings to return to permanent settings.

Brady diagnostics are currently suspended.

Disable MRI Settings (highlighted with a red arrow)

End Session

Retest capture thresholds and confirm appropriate permanent programming.

THE MRI WORKFLOW IS NOW COMPLETE AND YOU CAN END THE SESSION.

ROLES OF THE RADIOLOGISTS AND MRI TECHNOLOGISTS

STEP-BY-STEP INSTRUCTIONS FOR ASSESSMENT AND SCANNING



PRE-MRI SCAN STEPS

- Step 1: Confirm that the Patient has an MR Conditional System
- Step 2: Confirm that No Adverse Conditions to MRI Scanning are Present
- Step 3: Review the Potential Interactions
- Step 4: Select the Correct Scan Parameters
- Step 5: Check MRI Settings Status


DURING-MRI SCAN STEPS

- Step 6: Perform the Scan and Monitor the Patient

STEP 1

CONFIRM THAT THE PATIENT HAS AN MR CONDITIONAL SYSTEM

Review the patient’s ID card or a printed report generated by the Merlin™ PCS Programmer Programmer to obtain the model number for the implanted device(s). Check that each model number is MR Conditional.



DEMO
Aveir™ DR LP

DEMO ID
LSP201A 10 (RA) / LSP202V 11 (RV)

23-5-25
12:50
In-Clinic

FastPath™ Summary

Battery Information

RA

RRT

>5 yrs

Longevity estimate is based on patient history.

RV

RRT


>5 yrs

Device Implant Date
Voltage
Battery Current
Remaining Capacity to RRT


21-10-22
>3.3 V
12.0 uA
99 %

Device Implant Date
Voltage
Battery Current
Remaining Capacity to RRT

21-10-19
3.0 V
11.0 uA
92 %

 No Alerts

page 1 of 1



Patient Identification Card

Cardiac Pacemaker

PATIENT:

ITEM


MODEL

SERIAL NUMBER

IMPLANT DATE

FOLLOWING PHYSICIAN:

PHONE:



MR Conditional System
(see MRI-Ready Systems Manual at [medical.abbott/manuals](https://www.medical.abbott/manuals))

Patient ID card with model number highlighted.

MR Conditional Models for the AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker System
LSP112V
LSP202V
LSP201A
LSP203A

AVEIR™ Single Chamber Leadless Pacemakers and Dual Chamber Leadless Pacemaker System are MR Conditional

STEP 2

CONFIRM THAT NO ADVERSE CONDITIONS TO MRI SCANNING ARE PRESENT

IF ANY CONDITIONS EXIST THAT COULD MAKE MRI SCANNING UNSAFE, DO NOT SCAN THE PATIENT. SUCH CONDITIONS INCLUDE:

- Any patient position in the scanner other than supine or prone, with the patient's arms at his or her sides.
- Patients with other non-MR Conditional implants (eg. abandoned leads). See below for further clarification.

IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO SCAN PATIENTS WITH OTHER MR CONDITIONAL IMPLANTABLE DEVICES PROVIDED ALL MR CONDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH IMPLANTED DEVICE ARE MET.

IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO SCAN PATIENTS WITH OTHER ABANDONED MR CONDITIONAL LEADLESS PACEMAKERS IN THE SAME CHAMBER, AS LONG AS:

1. MR conditions for each leadless pacemaker are met
2. Abandoned leadless pacemakers are deactivated

STEP 3

REVIEW THE POTENTIAL INTERACTIONS

Please refer to the MRI-Ready Leadless Systems Manual for a complete list of potential interactions between the MRI scanner and the MR Conditional device [here](#).

STEP 4

SELECT THE CORRECT SCAN PARAMETERS

The scan parameters displayed below are for the United States.

3T MRI Scan Parameters for AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemakers When performing a 3T MRI scan on a patient with an MR Conditional AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker system, the following scan parameters must be followed. Table 3. 3T MRI scan parameters	
Parameter	Setting
Item Name/Identification	Refer to the MR Conditional Models table (page 1)
Static Magnetic Field Strength (B ₀) and Type of Nuclei	3 Tesla/128 MHz excitation frequency (hydrogen atom only)
Magnet Type and Static Magnetic Field (B ₀) Orientation	Cylindrical-bore magnet, horizontal field orientation
Maximum Spatial Field Gradient (SFG)	30 T/m (3000 Gauss/cm)
Maximum Gradient Slew Rate per axis	200 T/m/s
RF Transmit Conditions	First Level Controlled Operating Mode or Normal Operating Mode Integrated Whole Body RF Transmit Coil with RF excitation: • Circularly polarized (CP), or • Multichannel-Z (MC-Z)
RF Receive Coil Type	Any receive coil may be used
Scan Duration	2 W/kg or 4 W/kg of whole-body average SAR for up to 60 minutes of continuous RF (a sequence or back to back series/scan without breaks).
Scan Region/Patient Landmarking Criteria	Full body scans allowed. Any landmark is acceptable.
Patient Characteristics	Refer to Instructions for Cardiac Physicians and Clinicians to: • Confirm that No Adverse Conditions to MRI Scanning are Present (page 4) Refer to Instructions for Radiologists and MRI Technologists to: • Confirm that No Adverse Conditions to MRI Scanning are Present (page 8) • Perform the Scan and Monitor the Patient (page 9)
Patient Position in Scanner	Supine or prone; patient's arms must be at his or her sides
Device Configuration	MR Conditional labeling applies to single-chamber and dual-chamber configurations. If present, the LSP112V/LSP202V device must be implanted in the right ventricle. If present, the LSP201A/LSP203A device must be implanted in the right atrium.
Instructions to be followed before, during, and after the MRI exam	Device programming is required for safe scanning: MRI Settings must be enabled before start of scan and disabled after completion of scan. Refer to: • Instructions for Cardiac Physicians and Clinicians (page 4) • Instructions for Radiologists and MRI Technologists (page 8)
MR Image Artifact	The presence of this system may produce an image artifact. Some manipulation of scan parameters may be required to compensate for the artifact.

1.5T MRI Scan Parameters for AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemakers When performing a 1.5T MRI scan on a patient with an MR Conditional AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker system, the following scan parameters must be followed. Table 4. 1.5T MRI scan parameters	
Parameter	Setting
Item Name/Identification	Refer to the MR Conditional Models table (page 1)
Static Magnetic Field Strength (B ₀) and Type of Nuclei	1.5 Tesla/64 MHz excitation frequency (hydrogen atom only)
Magnet Type and Static Magnetic Field (B ₀) Orientation	Cylindrical-bore magnet, horizontal field orientation
Maximum Spatial Field Gradient (SFG)	30 T/m (3000 Gauss/cm)
Maximum Gradient Slew Rate per axis	200 T/m/s
RF Transmit Conditions	First Level Controlled Operating Mode or Normal Operating Mode Integrated Whole Body RF Transmit Coil or Detachable RF Transmit/Receive coils (Head, Lower Extremity, or Upper Extremity) with RF excitation: • Circularly polarized (CP)
RF Receive Coil Type	Any receive coil may be used
Scan Duration	2 W/kg or 4 W/kg of whole-body average SAR for up to 60 minutes of continuous RF (a sequence or back to back series/scan without breaks).
Scan Region/Patient Landmarking Criteria	Full body scans allowed. Any landmark is acceptable.
Patient Characteristics	Refer to Instructions for Cardiac Physicians and Clinicians to: • Confirm that No Adverse Conditions to MRI Scanning are Present (page 4) Refer to Instructions for Radiologists and MRI Technologists to: • Confirm that No Adverse Conditions to MRI Scanning are Present (page 8) • Perform the Scan and Monitor the Patient (page 9)
Patient Position in Scanner	Supine or prone; patient's arms must be at his or her sides
Device Configuration	MR Conditional labeling applies to single-chamber and dual-chamber configurations. If implanted, the LSP112V/LSP202V device must be implanted in the right ventricle. If implanted, the LSP201A/LSP203A device must be implanted in the right atrium.
Instructions to be followed before, during, and after the MRI exam	Device programming is required for safe scanning: MRI Settings must be enabled before start of scan and disabled after completion of scan. Refer to: • Instructions for Cardiac Physicians and Clinicians (page 4) • Instructions for Radiologists and MRI Technologists (page 8)
MR Image Artifact	The presence of this system may produce an image artifact. Some manipulation of scan parameters may be required to compensate for the artifact.

Please consult manuals.eifu.abbott for manuals and recommendations specific to other geographies.

STEP 5

CHECK MRI SETTINGS STATUS

Confirm that a device management physician or clinician has programmed MRI Settings in anticipation of the scan before proceeding.

This can be confirmed by looking at the patient MRI Summary print-out (see image to the right).

If there is no printout, or if there is a need to re-interrogate the patient to confirm MRI Settings, do so OUTSIDE the scanner room.

Note: No programming equipment should be brought into the scanner room, including programming electrodes.

Abbott DEMO DEMO ID 23-6-29
Aveir™ DR LP LSP201A 40 (RA) / LSP202V 41 (RV) 10:42
In-Clinic

MRI Summary
(MRI Settings Enabled) page 1 of 1

Chamber	Device	Device Model:	Device s/n:	Device Implant Date
RA	Aveir™ LP	LSP201A	40	21-10-22
RV	Aveir™ LP	LSP202V	41	21-10-19

Parameters	Permanent	MRI (Currently Programmed)
Mode	DDD	DOO at VOO
Base Rate	50 bpm	85 bpm
Paced AV Delay	200 ms	120 ms
RA/RV Pulse Width	0.4 / 0.4 ms	1.0 / 1.0 ms
RA/RV Pulse Amplitude	2.5 / 2.5 V	5.0 / 5.0 V
RA/RV Electrode Configuration	Bipolar / Bipolar	Bipolar / Bipolar

MRI Checklist

Items with a checkmark were assessed during the session.

☒ Capture thresholds are stable and measured in the past 24 hours at $\leq 2.5V @ 0.5ms$.

☒ No other non-MR Conditional implants are present (e.g., abandoned leads).

☒ MRI DOO at VOO Mode will temporarily switch from MRI DOO mode to MRI VOO mode during MRI scan.



MR Conditional
See MRI Procedure Information at medical Abbott/manuals for safe scanning conditions.

RV 0.75 V @ 0.4 ms (Today)
1.25 V @ 0.4 ms (Jul 27, 2025)

RA 0.75 V @ 0.4 ms (Today)
2.75 V @ 0.4 ms (Jul 29, 2025)

STEP 6

PERFORM THE SCAN AND MONITOR THE PATIENT



Proper patient monitoring must be provided during the MRI scan. This includes continuous monitoring of the patient's hemodynamic function. Since the MRI environment may interfere with the patient monitoring system, it is recommended that more than one of the following systems be used:

- Electrocardiography
- Pulse Oximetry
- Noninvasive Blood Pressure Measurements

If the patient's hemodynamic function is compromised during the MRI scan, discontinue the MRI scan and take the proper measures to restore the patient's hemodynamic function.

Verbal communication with the patient during the MRI scan is recommended.

Keep an external defibrillator available during the MRI scan.

Once the MRI scan is complete, MRI Settings must be disabled by the patient's device management physician or clinician using the Merlin™ PCS and AVEIR™ Link Module.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

ABBOTT MEDICAL MAINTAINS 24-HOUR PHONE LINES FOR TECHNICAL QUESTIONS AND SUPPORT:

1 (818) 362 6822

1 (800) 722 3774 (toll-free within North America)

+ 46 8 474 4147 (Sweden)

+ 61 2 9936 1200 (Australia)

ADDITIONAL PRODUCT AND MRI RESOURCES

For additional assistance, call your local Abbott Medical representative.

[Manuals for HCPs](#)

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Rx Only

Brief Summary: Prior to using these devices, please review the Instructions for Use for a complete listing of indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, potential adverse events and directions for use.

Indications for Use: The AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker system is indicated for management of one or more of the following chronic clinical presentations: syncope, pre-syncope, fatigue, disorientation, and one or more of the indications which follow. Rate-modulated pacing is indicated for patients with chronotropic incompetence, and for those who would benefit from increased stimulation rates concurrent with physical activity. Dual-chamber pacing is indicated for patients exhibiting: sick sinus syndrome; chronic, symptomatic second- and third-degree AV block; recurrent Adams-Stokes syndrome; symptomatic bilateral bundle-branch block when tachyarrhythmia and other causes have been ruled out. Atrial pacing is indicated for patients with: sinus node dysfunction and normal AV and intraventricular conduction systems. Ventricular pacing is indicated for patients with significant bradycardia and: normal sinus rhythm with only rare episodes of AV block or sinus arrest, chronic atrial fibrillation. MR Conditional: The AVEIR Leadless Pacemaker is conditionally safe for use in the MRI environment and according to the instructions in the MRI-Ready Leadless System Manual.

Intended Use: The AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker (LP) is designed to provide bradycardia pacing as a pulse generator with built-in battery and electrodes for implantation in the right ventricle and the right atrium. The LP is intended to provide sensing of intrinsic cardiac signals and delivery of cardiac pacing therapy within the implanted chamber for the target treatment group. The LP is also intended to operate optionally with another co-implanted LP to provide dual-chamber pacing therapy.

The AVEIR™ Delivery Catheter is intended to be used in the peripheral vasculature and the cardiovascular system to deliver and manipulate an LP. Delivery and manipulation includes implanting an LP within the target chamber of the heart.

Contraindications: Use of the AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker is contraindicated in these cases:

Use of any pacemaker is contraindicated in patients with a co-implanted ICD because high-voltage shocks could damage the pacemaker and the pacemaker could reduce shock effectiveness.

Single-chamber ventricular demand pacing is relatively contraindicated in patients who have demonstrated pacemaker syndrome, have retrograde VA conduction, or suffer a drop in arterial blood pressure with the onset of ventricular pacing.

Programming of rate-responsive pacing is contraindicated in patients with intolerance of high sensor driven rates.

Use is contraindicated in patients with an implanted vena cava filter or mechanical tricuspid valve because of interference between these devices and the delivery system during implantation.

Persons with known history of allergies to any of the components of this device may suffer an allergic reaction to this device. Prior to use on the patient, the patient should be counseled on the materials (listed in the Product Materials section of the IFU) contained in the device and a thorough history of allergies must be discussed.

Adverse Events: Potential complications associated with the use of the AVEIR™ Leadless Pacemaker system are the same as with the use of single or dual chamber pacemakers with active fixation pacing leads including, but not limited to: cardiac perforation; cardiac tamponade; pericardial effusion; pericarditis; endocarditis; thrombus formation; thromboembolism; valve damage or regurgitation; heart failure; pneumothorax/hemothorax; cardiac arrhythmias; diaphragmatic/phrenic nerve stimulation / extra-cardiac stimulation; palpitations; hypotension; syncope; cerebrovascular accident; infection; hypersensitivity reaction to device materials, contrast media, medications, or direct toxic effect of contrast media on kidney function; pacemaker syndrome; inability to interrogate or program the LP due to programmer or LP malfunction; intermittent or complete loss of capture, pacing or sensing (non-battery related); oversensing; increased capture threshold; inappropriate sensor response; corrupted, intermittent, or loss of i2i communications; interruption of desired LP function due to electrical interference, either electromyogenic or electromagnetic; battery malfunction/ premature battery depletion; device-related complications (premature deployment, device dislodgement/embolization of foreign material, inability to release/re-dock of the LP from catheter, helix distortion); additional surgery or intervention; death. As with any percutaneous catheterization procedure, potential complications include, but are not limited to: vascular access complications, such as perforation, dissection, puncture, groin pain; bleeding or hematoma; thrombus formation; thromboembolism; air embolism; local and systemic infection; peripheral nerve damage; general surgery risks and complications from comorbidities; such as dyspnea, respiratory failure, pneumonia, hypertension, cardiac failure, reaction to sedation, renal failure, anemia, and death.

™ Indicates a trademark of the Abbott group of companies.

‡ Indicates a third-party trademark, which is property of its respective owner.

Abbott

15900 Valley View Court, Sylmar, CA 91342
Tel: +1 818 362 6822
Cardiovascular.Abbott

© 2025 Abbott. All Rights Reserved.
MAT-2307880 v2.0 | Item approved for U.S. use.