

PRODUCT PERFORMANCE REPORT

Cardiac Rhythm Management

May 2010



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LETTER FROM ST. JUDE MEDICAL

May 2010

As a world leader in the development of state-of-the-art technology for cardiac rhythm management devices, St. Jude Medical continuously strives to partner with physicians in reducing risks and facilitating the best possible patient outcomes. We understand that our products are implanted in people whose health and well-being depend on their performance. From product design through patient follow-up, St. Jude Medical employees are dedicated to product quality and patient safety.

In keeping with this commitment, we publish a product performance report semi-annually to ensure that the healthcare community and the patients it serves are informed about the overall performance of our cardiac devices, which include implantable cardiac monitors, implantable cardioverter defibrillators (ICDs), pacemakers and implantable pacing and defibrillation leads.

This is the fourth report to include data from the **St. Jude Medical Product Longevity and Performance Registry (SCORE)**. SCORE is an active, ongoing source of information on the reliability and performance of St. Jude Medical cardiac rhythm management products. Unlike other active registries, SCORE tracks information on multiple product families, including leads as well as ICD and pacemaker models, making it the most comprehensive registry in the industry. This prospective, non-randomized, multi-center registry complements the data gathered from returned product analysis. In addition to helping determine and report survival probabilities, the data from this registry may also be used to support design and development of new cardiac rhythm management products. SCORE started enrolling patients in June 2007. The registry will actively monitor indefinitely the performance of implanted St. Jude Medical products at participating sites and is thus designed to include new products as they become available. SCORE is just one example of how we are working to reduce risk and set new standards for quality, performance and reliability.

Starting with this report, St. Jude Medical is pleased to provide survival probability and data associated with our Durata® SJ4 defibrillation leads. The Durata SJ4 employs a new in-line connector design which consolidates one IS-1 and two DF-1 connectors, thereby reducing bulk and procedure complexity. The Durata SJ4 retains the benefits of the Durata lead family, most notably the Optim® lead insulation offering increased resistance to abrasion, the soft silicone tip and slightly curved RV coil that reduces tip pressure, and the symmetrical body and centrally aligned cables that provide substantial lead body strength.

St. Jude Medical recognizes the value of the industry working together to provide transparent and consistent information about the performance of cardiac rhythm management products. Following the 2005 Policy Conference on Pacemaker and ICD Device Performance, cardiac device companies worked through an industry trade association, AdvaMed, to establish uniform guidelines for product performance reporting. The most recent output of this industry effort was the August 2009 revision of the document entitled "[Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Cardiac Rhythm Management Pulse Generators and Leads](#)". This revision thoroughly addresses lead performance reporting by defining the methods and categories for reporting acute observations, chronic complications and laboratory-confirmed malfunctions. Starting with the October 2009 performance report, St. Jude Medical adopted these updated AdvaMed guidelines in order to provide physicians and their patients with enhanced device performance information that is consistent across manufacturers.

As we continually strive to provide unbiased and reliable information on the performance of our products, we are pleased to release this product performance report with the latest performance information on our implantable cardiac monitors, ICDs, pacemakers and lead systems.

Sincerely,



Kathleen M. Chester

*Sr. Vice President, Regulatory Affairs & Quality Assurance
Cardiac Rhythm Management*



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INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Serving our mission

The St. Jude Medical mission is to develop medical technology and services that put more control into the hands of those who treat cardiac, neurological and chronic pain patients worldwide. We do this because we are dedicated to advancing the practice of medicine by reducing risk wherever possible and contributing to successful outcomes for every patient.

Toward this mission, we maintain a rigorous approach to ensuring the quality of our products. The key elements of this effort include:

- Compliance with U.S. and international quality system standards, such as the U.S. FDA Quality Systems Regulation (21 CFR Part 820) and ISO 13485 (an international standard for the Quality Management System for medical devices);
- Thorough evaluation of product design, including extensive design verification and validation, as well as product qualification testing;
- Rigorous control of the design and manufacturing processes;
- Inspection and qualification of externally supplied components and materials;
- Timely analysis of returned products, including extensive malfunction investigation;
- Extensive internal auditing;
- Post Market Surveillance; and
- Continuous improvement programs

We continue to be committed to answering your questions and keeping you informed. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact your St. Jude Medical Representative or St. Jude Medical Technical Services at 1-800-722-3774. Thank you for your input and continued support, allowing St. Jude Medical to positively impact the lives of thousands of patients every year.

What you'll find in this report

For all ICDs starting with the Photon™ Micro device and for all pacemakers starting with the Affinity® device, you will find the analysis of data, according to the industry guidelines, collected through December 31, 2009, including:

- A graph of survival probability that reflects the frequency of device removal (including normal battery depletion, malfunction with compromised therapy, and malfunction without compromised therapy). It includes non-returned devices removed from service for battery depletion with no associated complaint as normal battery depletions as well as a method to adjust for under-reporting;

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

- A graph of survival probability that excludes normal battery depletion in the analysis;
- A longevity bar representing the range of longevity for each model as referred to in the User's Manual;
- A table that accompanies and summarizes the data in each graph; and
- An update to [Advisories](#) on implantable devices starting in 2003.
- The survival charts include a summary description section, as identified below:

ICDs and Pacemakers

US Regulatory Approval Date	Number of Normal Battery Depletions
Registered Number of US Implants	Number of Malfunctions (including returns related to advisories)
Estimated Number of Active US Implants	Number of Advisories
Estimated Longevity in years	Maximum Delivered Energy – in joules (ICDs only)

Leads

US Regulatory Approval Date	Polarity
Registered Number of US Implants	Steriod
Estimated Number of Active US Implants	Number of Advisories
Insulation Material	Observations, Complications, and Lead Malfunctions for the recently released models
Lead Type and/or Fixation	

Additional data summary tables for ICDs starting with the Photon™ Micro device and pacemakers starting with the Affinity® device can be found for Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (CRT) ICDs on [page 29](#), for CRT-Pacemakers on [page 39](#), for ICDs on [pages 75](#) and [96](#) and for Pacemakers on [pages 161](#) and [187](#).

For ICDs prior to the Photon™ Micro device and pacemakers prior to the Affinity® device, you will find analysis of the data collected through December 31, 2009, consistent with previous product performance reporting methods. These device models include:

ICDs	Pacemakers		
Contour™ MD V-175, V-175AC, V-175B, V-175C, V-175D	Trilogy™ DR+ 2360, 2364 Paragon™ III 2304, 2314, 2315 Synchrony™ III 2028, 2029 AddVent™ 2060	Microny® 2425T, 2525T, 2535K Regency® SC+ 2400L, 2402L Tempo™ V 1102 Tempo™ VR 1902	Trilogy™ SR+ 2260, 2264 Solus® II 2006, 2007 Solus® 2002, 2003 Phoenix™ II 2005, 2008, 2009

Older lead models for which survival charts are presented consistent with previous product performance reporting methods include:

Defibrillation Leads	Pacing Leads		
TVL™ ADX 1559 SPL® SP01, SP02, SP03, SP04 TVL™ RV RV01, RV02, RV03, RV06, RV07 TVL™ SVC SV01, SV02, SV03	Tendril® 1148, 1188T Tendril® DX 1388T/TC Passive Plus® 1136T, 1142T, 1146T, 1222T, 1226T, 1236T, 1242T, 1246T	Passive Plus® DX 1336T, 1342T, 1346T Permathane™ ACE 1036T, 1038T Tendril® 1188K Tendril® DX 1388K Fast-Pass® 1007	Passive Plus® 1135K, 1143K, 1145K, 1235K, 1243K, 1245K Passive Plus® DX 1343K, 1345K Permathane™ ACE 1035M AV Plus® 1368

We have also included a summary of the methods used for measuring product performance and a summary of the definitions for key terms used in preparing the report.

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

WHAT'S NEW IN THIS REPORT

Durata® SJ4 Leads Data:

Starting with this report, St. Jude Medical is pleased to present survival probability and associated performance data on Durata® SJ4 defibrillation leads. Durata SJ4 and its single, in-line, four pole connector was introduced to the U.S. market in January 2009 with over 6,000 U.S. registered implants through December 31, 2009. Features of the Durata SJ4 include a single terminal pin connection that eliminates the yoke, minimizes bulk, and decreases the chances of lead to port mismatch. This design also uses fewer setscrews, which lessens complexity and helps to streamline procedures.

Optim® Insulation Performance:

Now that Optim insulation has been on the market for more than 3 years, with over 250,000 leads implanted in the U.S., a thorough analysis of Optim insulation performance has been performed and is presented on p. 234 of this report. Optim insulation is a silicone-polyurethane co-polymer which consolidates the best characteristics of two established CRM lead insulation materials, polyurethane and silicone. The most noteworthy reliability benefit of Optim® lead insulation has been a statistically significant reduction in lead insulation abrasion as compared to silicone insulated leads.

SCORE Registry Data:

St. Jude Medical is pleased to again provide results from the SCORE (**St. Jude Medical Product Longevity and Performance**) Registry. SCORE is an active, ongoing source of reliability and performance information for St. Jude Medical market-released cardiac rhythm management products – including multiple product families of leads, ICD models and pacemaker models. SCORE Registry data complements the data collected from returned product analysis, further enhancing performance reporting from St. Jude Medical.

To ensure a sufficiently large and appropriately representative source of data, 45 clinical sites are participating in the SCORE Registry with approximately 5,800 patients enrolled as of December 31, 2009. Using a common protocol, these sites are individually monitoring and reporting on the performance of St. Jude Medical cardiac rhythm management products used at their site.

In order for a device model to be included in this report, a minimum of 100 devices are required to have been enrolled, with the latest interval to be reported having a minimum of 50 devices which have been followed for at least six months. Consistent with industry practice, lead complications are included in the survival calculations for events with implant duration greater than 30 days.

The registry will actively monitor indefinitely the performance of implanted St. Jude Medical products at participating sites and is thus designed to include new products as they become available. In this report, the following device models have data from the SCORE Registry included:

ICDs

Promote® RF (Model 3207-36)
Current® DR RF (Model 2207-36)
Current® VR RF (Model 1207-36)

Defibrillation Leads

Durata® (Models 7120/7121)
Durata® (Model 7122)
Riata® ST Optim® (Models 7020/7021)
Riata® ST (Models 7000/7001)
Riata® (Models 1580/1581)

Pacemakers

Zephyr® DR (Model 5820)
Zephyr® DR (Model 5826)
Zephyr® SR (Model 5626)
Victory® XL DR (Model 5816)

Pacing Leads

Tendril® ST Optim® (Model 1888)
Tendril® (Model 1788)
Tendril® SDX (Model 1688)
Tendril® SDX (Model 1488)
OptiSense® (Model 1699)
IsoFlex® S (Model 1646)

CRT Leads

QuickFlex® XL (Model 1158T)
QuickFlex® (Model 1156T)

Additional device models will be included in future reports once a sufficient sample size is reached.

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Lead Observation and Complication Reporting

St. Jude Medical continues to work with other cardiac device companies to develop a uniform approach to reporting clinical performance of devices and leads. Leads reporting for the recently released models has been enhanced to provide detail on specific chronic complications (more than 30 days implant), as well as acute observations (post implant to 30 days), that are reported to St. Jude Medical as complaints. In an effort to provide comprehensive performance information, the number of acute observations and chronic complications are tallied irrespective of whether the lead has been returned for analysis. The categories for reporting of chronic complications and acute observations are summarized below:

Cardiac Perforation: Penetration of the lead tip through the myocardium, clinically suspected and confirmed by chest x-ray, fluoroscopy, echocardiogram, or visual observation, which results in clinical symptoms, typically degradation of pacing/ICD lead electrical performance (high thresholds), chest pain, and tamponade.

Conductor Fracture: A mechanical break within a lead conductor (includes connectors, coils, cables and/or electrodes) observed visually, electrically, or radiographically.

Lead Dislodgement: Radiographic, electrical or electrocardiographic evidence of electrode displacement from the original implant site or electrode displacement that adversely affects pacing and/or lead performance.

Failure to Capture: Intermittent or complete failure to achieve cardiac stimulation (atrial or ventricular) at programmed output delivered outside of the cardiac refractory period. A sudden and significant increase in the pacing threshold value (elevated thresholds compared to previous measured value) at which 2:1 safety margin can no longer be achieved.

Oversensing: Misinterpretation of cardiac or non-cardiac events as cardiac depolarization, e.g. T-waves, skeletal muscle potentials, and extra cardiac electromagnetic interference (EMI).

Failure to Sense (undersensing): Intermittent or complete loss of sensing or failure to detect intended intrinsic cardiac signals (atrial or ventricular) during non-refractory periods at programmed sensitivity settings.

Insulation Breach: A disruption or break in lead insulation observed visually, electrically, or radiographically.

Abnormal Pacing Impedance: Pacing impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is $< 200 \Omega$ or $> 2000 \Omega$ (based on lead model and measurement range of the device).

Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance: Defibrillation impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is $< 20 \Omega$ or $> 200 \Omega$ (based on lead model and measurement range of the device).

Extracardiac Stimulation: Clinical observation of inadvertent nerve/muscle stimulation other than cardiac muscle.

Other: Specific proprietary attributes of a lead such as sensors which affect a lead's ability to perform as designed or remain in service, as well as other complications not included above.

Lead Malfunction Reporting

Also in accordance with AdvaMed guidelines, laboratory analysis results of returned leads are now categorized into one of the following five categories of malfunctions:

Conductor Fracture: Conductor break with complete or intermittent loss of continuity that could interrupt current flow (e.g. fractured conductors). This type of malfunction includes any conductor fracture such as those associated with flex-fatigue or clavicular crush damage.

Insulation Breach: Any lead insulation breach. Examples include: 1) proximal abrasions associated with lead-on-lead or lead-on-PG contact in the pocket, 2) mid-lead insulation damage caused by clavicular crush or insulation wear in the region of vein insertion, and 3) distal region wear due to lead-on-lead (intracardiac), lead-on-heart valve or lead-on-other anatomy contact.

Crimps, Welds, and Bonds: Any interruption in the conductor or lead body associated with a point of connection. Typically demonstrated by high or low shocking/pacing impedance, undersensing or oversensing.

Other: Includes specific proprietary lead mechanical attributes, such as lead incorporated sensors, connectors, and seal rings, as well as other analysis results not included in the alternate categories. (Note that this AdvaMed definition of “Other” confirmed malfunctions is not identical to the “Other” category of lab analysis previously reported in St. Jude Medical performance reports.)

Extrinsic Factors: Lead complication where the identified lead was removed from service and returned for analysis, where analysis was inconclusive because only portions of the lead were available or the returned lead was damaged by the explantation process, or where lab analysis could not determine an out of specification condition (typically including complications such as dislodgements, perforations, or failure to capture). For this particular category, malfunctions will only be included in survival probability for leads implanted greater than 30 days.

Industry Standards

The industry standard method of evaluating product performance is survival analysis, which estimates the probability that a device will not malfunction during a specified period of time. This statistical method best represents device performance in general over a specified period of time.

How St. Jude Medical measures product performance

For cardiac monitors, ICDs, pacemakers and leads, we compile cumulative survival data based on the actuarial (or life-table) method of survival analysis, consistent with ISO 5841-2:2000(E) “Reporting of Clinical Performance of Populations of Pulse Generators and Leads.” Product performance is plotted over a maximum range of 20 years, with a minimum of 500 registered implants required for inclusion in the report, and a minimum sample size for each time period of 200 devices. The data used for the analysis includes up-to-date device information and complaints for all registered implants in the United States, and the laboratory analysis of all domestically implanted devices returned to St. Jude Medical. The analysis measures device performance to specification, and does not reflect medical complications such as infection, erosion, muscle stimulation or inhibition, or units implanted for fewer than 24 hours.

“Survival” refers to the proper function of the device, not the survival of the patient, and is intended to illustrate the calculated probability of device survival at a given point in time. A survival probability of 99% at five years, for example, indicates that at five years after implant, the system has a 1% risk of incurring a malfunction and/or normal battery depletion. All devices within each model family are included in the calculations.

Because of the large size of the U.S. data pool, and because, in general, the same products are used both in the U.S. and internationally, we consider the U.S.-derived data in this report to accurately represent the performance of each device, regardless of where in the world it was implanted.

St. Jude Medical lead survival analysis includes all leads returned to the company, as well as those registered as complaints but not returned. This method is used to ensure a conservative failure estimate for lead performance. The method to calculate leads survival includes lead complications (returns and complaints not returned) with implant duration greater than 30 days. Lead complications under 30 days are considered to be related to factors other than lead malfunction, such as patient specific characteristics or implant technique, and are therefore excluded from the survival calculations, consistent with industry practice. If a lead is known to have been implanted for more than 30 days, it is subject to evaluation for survival characteristics. If there is laboratory data that determines the lead to have exhibited an electrical malfunction, the lead is counted as a non-survivor. If a lead was not returned for analysis, the status of the lead is examined. If the lead is identified as a complaint, is no longer in service as a result of the complaint, and was implanted for more than 30 days, then the lead is counted as a non-survivor. This condition is also followed for partial lead returns. Complaints commonly associated with non-returned leads and partial lead returns include, but are not limited to, reports of sensing, pacing, and capture anomalies, perforation, and dislodgement.

Implanted cardiac leads are subjected to constant, complex flexural and torsional forces, interactions with other leads and/or the pulse generator device, plus other forces associated with cardiac contractions, patient physical activity, posture, and anatomical influences. Therefore, the functional lifetime of cardiac leads is limited and can not be predicted with a high degree of confidence. As a supplement to the survival estimates, the categorization of lead malfunctions emphasize the root cause of malfunction rather than functional longevity prediction.

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Medical Advisory Board Review

St. Jude Medical has established separate and independent device and leads Medical Advisory Boards (MABs) to review the performance data contained in this report prior to its release and publication on a semi-annual basis. MAB members and their location of practice include:

Devices

Dr. Steven Bailin, Des Moines, Iowa
Dr. Jim Baker, Nashville, Tennessee
Dr. Anne Curtis, Tampa, Florida
Dr. Steve Greenberg, Roslyn, New York
Dr. Thomas Mattioni, Phoenix, Arizona
Dr. Gery Tomassoni, Lexington, Kentucky

Leads

Dr. Roger Freedman, Salt Lake City, Utah
Dr. David Hayes, Rochester, Minnesota
Dr. Steven Kalbfleisch, Columbus, Ohio
Dr. Steven Kutalek, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Dr. Raymond Schaerf, Burbank, California
Dr. Bruce Wilkoff, Cleveland, Ohio

Returning Devices to St. Jude Medical

To maintain the continued accuracy of our performance reporting, we encourage physicians to notify our Patient Records department each time a device is removed from service for any reason. Our Patient Records department can be reached at 888-SJM-CRMD or 818-362-6822.

St. Jude Medical encourages all explanted products to be returned for evaluation. St. Jude Medical will provide upon request a Returned Products Kit comprised of a postage paid explant box with a shipping address label, a Removed Device Information (RDI) form, a biohazard bag, and biohazard labels to seal the explant box. This kit, order #N0004, can be ordered at no charge through St. Jude Medical Customer Service by any of the following means:

Call St. Jude Medical Cardiac Rhythm Management Customer Service at 800-681-9293

Fax St. Jude Medical Cardiac Rhythm Management Customer Service at 800-918-8111

In addition, we are always ready to respond to questions, comments or suggestions. You can reach us by phone at 888-SJM-CRMD, or on the web at www.SJMprofessional.com.

Definitions

The following definitions have been used in preparing this report. Where applicable, the asterisk denotes definitions taken verbatim or based on AdvaMed guidance definitions.

Estimated Active Implants - The total number of registered implants of a device, adjusted to reduce the bias attributable to the potential under reporting of:

- Devices removed from service due to malfunction;
- Devices removed from service while in specification, such as devices removed due to changes in patient condition;
- Devices removed from service due to patient death; and
- Devices removed from service due to normal battery depletion.

Estimated Longevity - The estimated number of years in which a device is expected to reach its Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI), as stated in the product user's manual. The estimate is based on battery life approximations, and is affected by many factors such as programmed parameters, percentage of time paced, internal impedance, use of AutoCapture™ Pacing System, etc. For example, the estimated longevity for Victory® and Zephyr® pacemakers is based on the mean longevity (or 50%) value in our manuals corresponding to a pacing output setting of 2.5 V, 500 ohm lead impedance, 100% DDD pacing, AutoCapture™ Off, and Stored EGMs Off (e.g. estimated longevity of 11.7 years for Zephyr® XL DR pacemaker model 5826). However, actual performance would vary considerably, depending on the actual programmed settings and operations.

Malfunction - Having characteristics that are outside the performance limits established by the manufacturer while implanted and in service, as confirmed by laboratory analysis, except changes to characteristics due to normal battery depletion or induced malfunction. Device damage caused after or during explant is not considered a malfunction.*

*["Industry Guidance for Uniformed Reporting of Clinical Performance of Cardiac Rhythm Management Pulse Generators and Leads", AdvaMed 2009.](#)

Malfunction with Compromised Therapy - The condition when a device is found to have “malfunctioned,” as defined above, in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service. Therapy is considered to have been compromised if no therapy is available or critical patient-protective pacing or defibrillation therapy is not available.* (A malfunction with compromised therapy does not imply that a patient has actually experienced a serious complication or death as a result of the malfunction although it does imply that the potential for a serious complication or death did exist during the period of the malfunction.)

Malfunction without Compromised Therapy - The condition when a device is found to have “malfunctioned,” as defined above, in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service, as confirmed by laboratory analysis. Therapy is not compromised as long as the critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies are available. Changes in device setting that occur as intended by the design (for example, reversion to a designed Safe Mode) that do not result in loss of critical patient protective therapies but are the reported reasons for explant shall be categorized as a Malfunction without Compromised Therapy.*

Normal Battery Depletion - The condition where a returned device met its electrical specification and reached its elective replacement indicator voltage:

- with implant duration meeting or exceeding the nominal predicted longevity at default shipped settings,*
or
- with an implant duration exceeding 75% of its estimated longevity, based on the longevity calculation tool using information from device usage and the actual device settings.* A device that does not exceed 75% of its estimated longevity would be considered a premature battery depletion malfunction (either with or without compromised therapy), provided that actual device setting information is available.

The quantity of normal battery depletions reported is determined directly from laboratory analysis and does not represent any adjustment to account for under reporting.

*[“Industry Guidance for Uniformed Reporting of Clinical Performance of Cardiac Rhythm Management Pulse Generators and Leads”, AdvaMed 2009.](#)

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

CRT ICDs



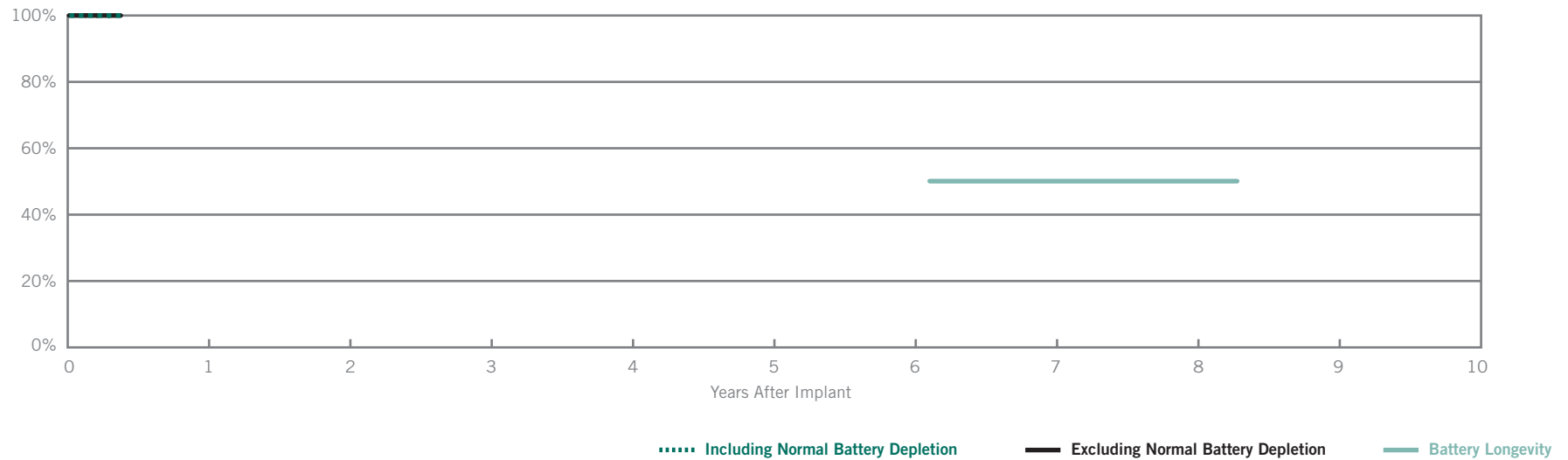
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CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Promote® + CRT-D (Model CD3211-36Q)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	2,298	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	2,239	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 5 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

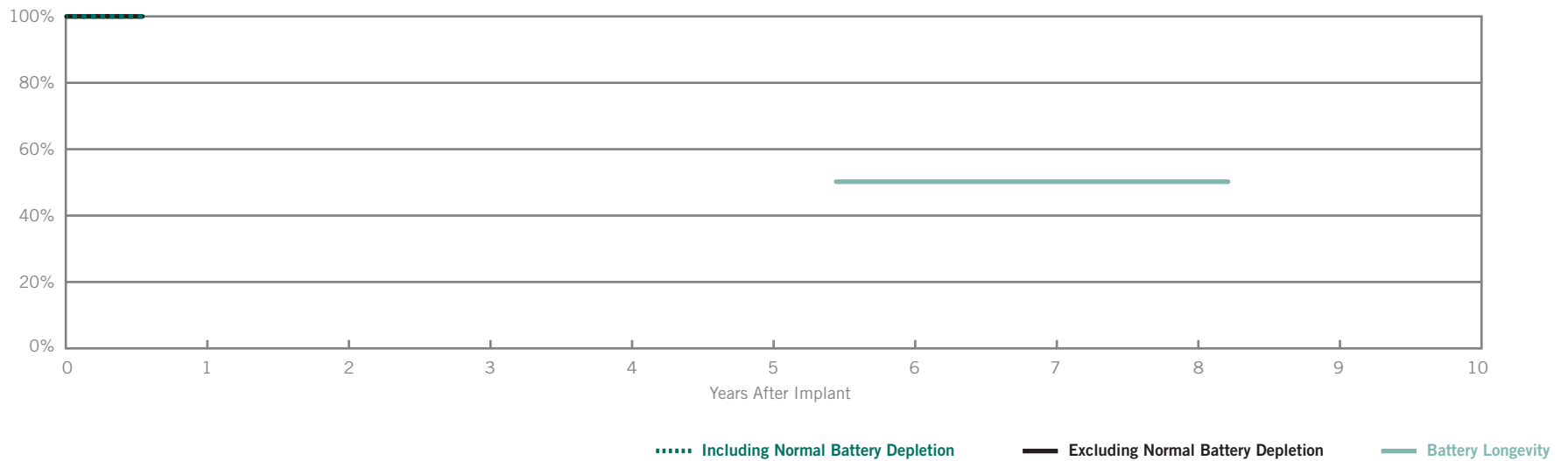
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 5 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

Promote® + CRT-D (Model CD3211-36)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	4,038	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	3,874	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 7 month									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	600									

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

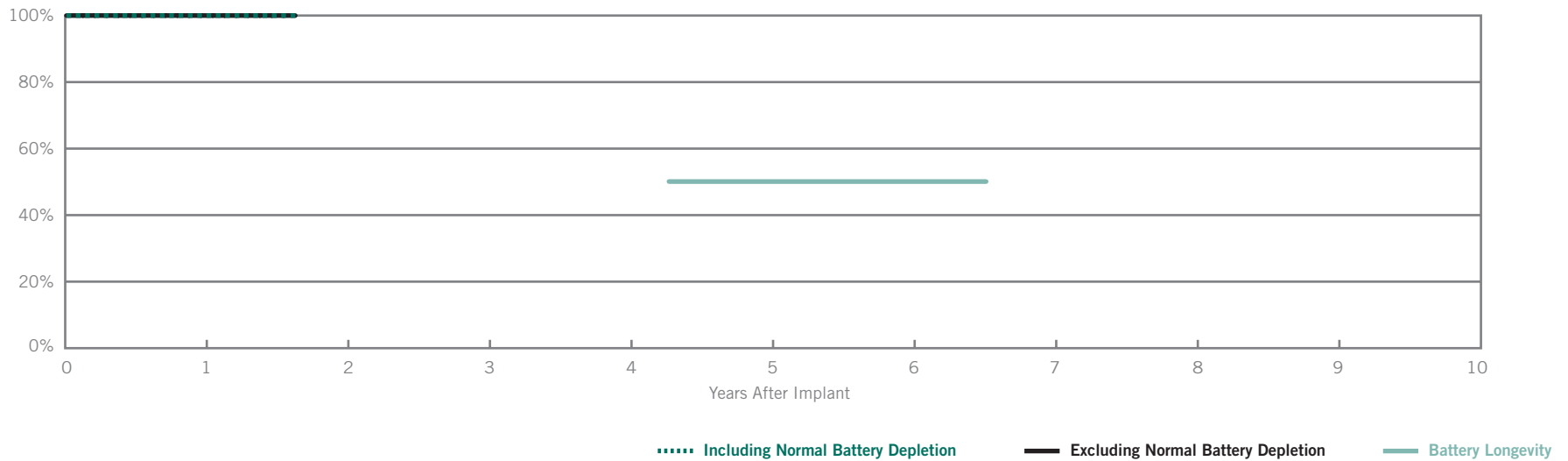
Year	at 7 month									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Promote® RF (Model 3207-30)

US Regulatory Approval	September 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,212	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,043	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	900	200								

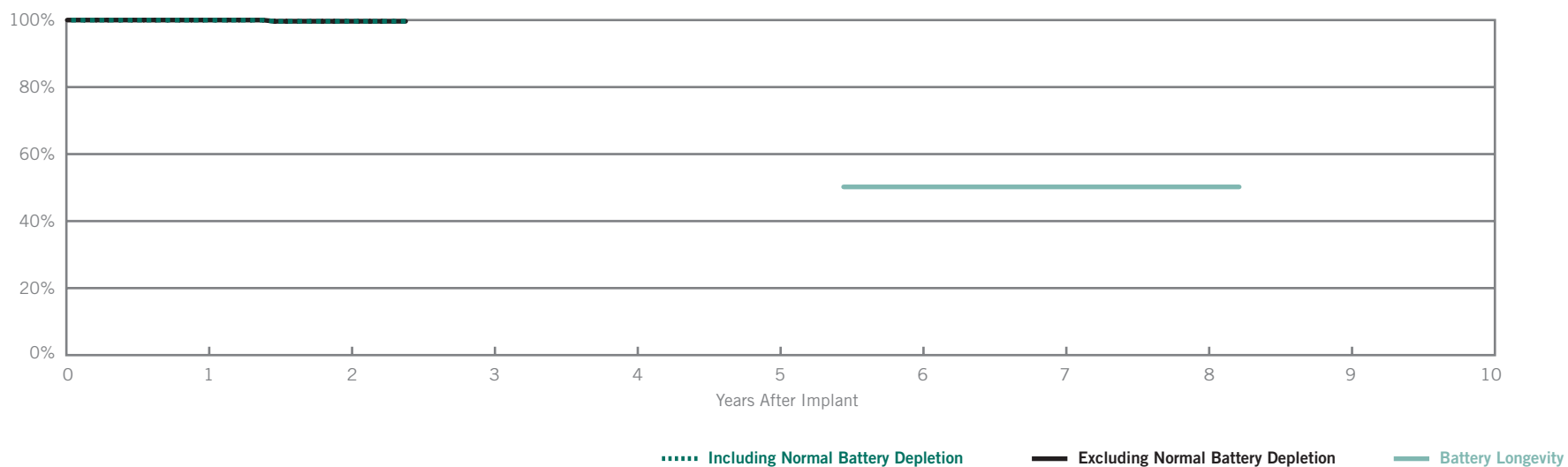
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								

Promote® (Model 3107-36)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	713	Total Malfunctions	1
Estimated Active US Implants	516	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 29 months						
Survival Probability	100.00%	99.63%	99.63%						
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.26%	0.26%						
Sample Size	700	500	300						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

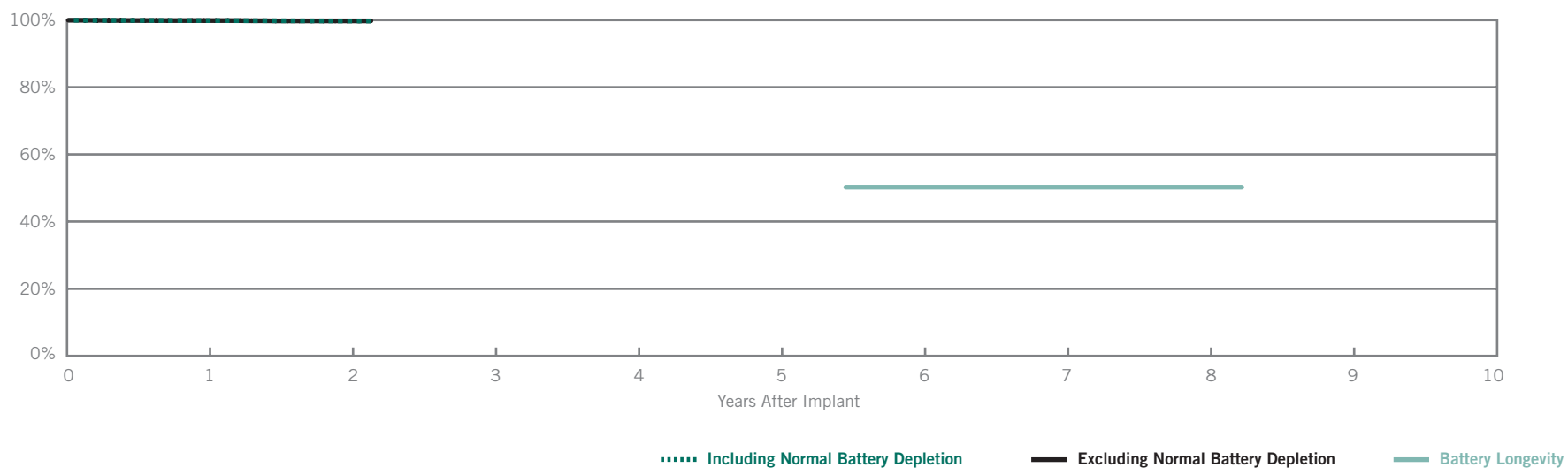
Year	1	2	at 29 months						
Survival Probability	100.00%	99.63%	99.63%						
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.26%	0.26%						

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Promote® RF (Model 3207-36)

US Regulatory Approval	September 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	2
Registered US Implants	22,138	Total Malfunctions	20
Estimated Active US Implants	19,009	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	7
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	13
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 26 months						
Survival Probability	99.83%	99.74%	99.74%						
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%						
Sample Size	17600	5900	300						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

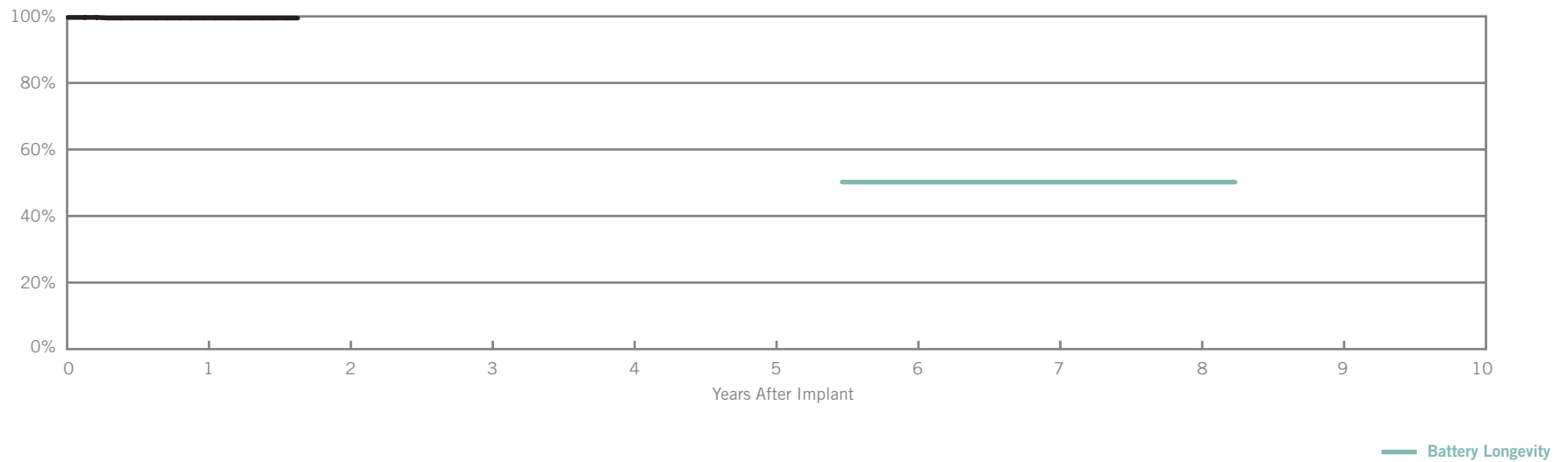
Year	1	2	at 26 months						
Survival Probability	99.86%	99.77%	99.77%						
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%						

Promote® RF (Model 3207-36)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	621
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	7,406

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Backup Operation	2	0.32%

Survival from SCORE Registry



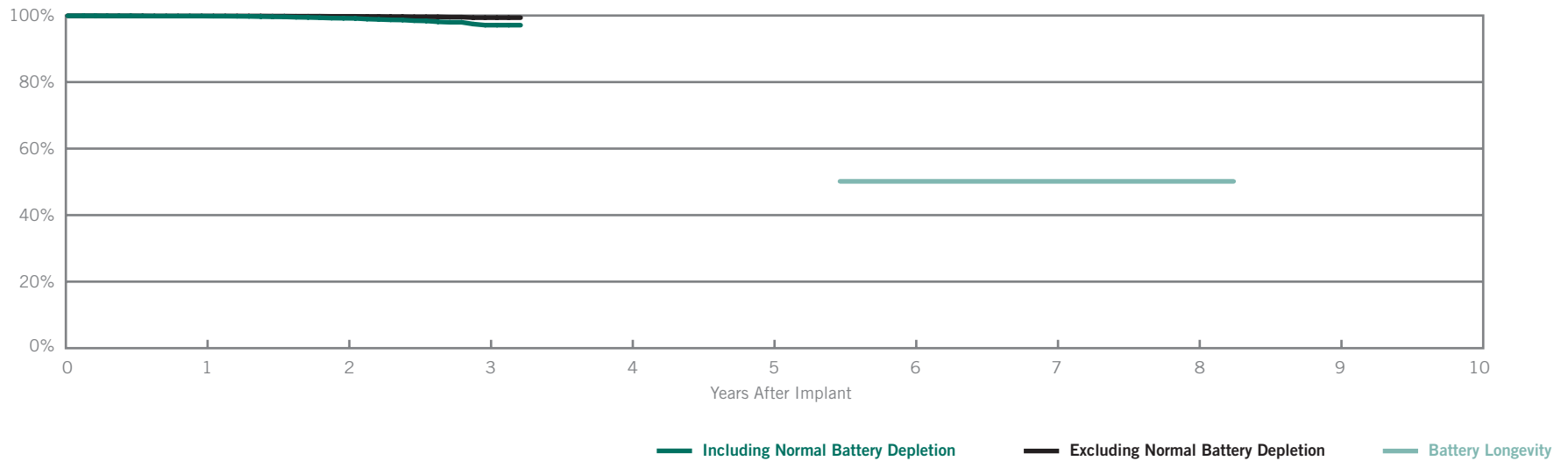
Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	99.50%	99.50%								
± 1 standard error	0.29%	0.29%								
Sample Size	320	53								

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Atlas® II HF (Model V-365)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	47
Registered US Implants	8,377	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	14
Estimated Active US Implants	5,662	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	10
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	4
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 39 months						
Survival Probability	99.84%	99.19%	97.11%	97.11%						
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.11%	0.30%	0.36%						
Sample Size	8400	6700	3300	200						

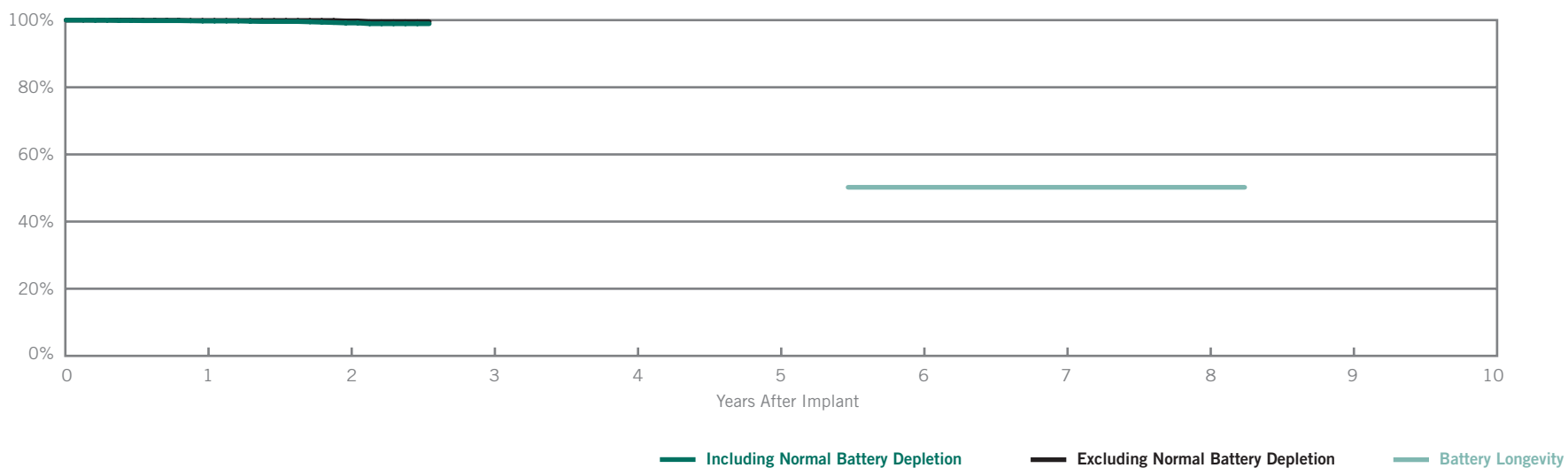
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 39 months						
Survival Probability	99.86%	99.76%	99.36%	99.36%						
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.06%	0.15%	0.15%						

Atlas® II + HF (Model V-366)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	9
Registered US Implants	4,756	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	5
Estimated Active US Implants	3,640	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	2
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	3
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 31 months						
Survival Probability	99.72%	99.14%	98.92%						
± 1 standard error	0.08%	0.17%	0.23%						
Sample Size	4300	2600	300						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

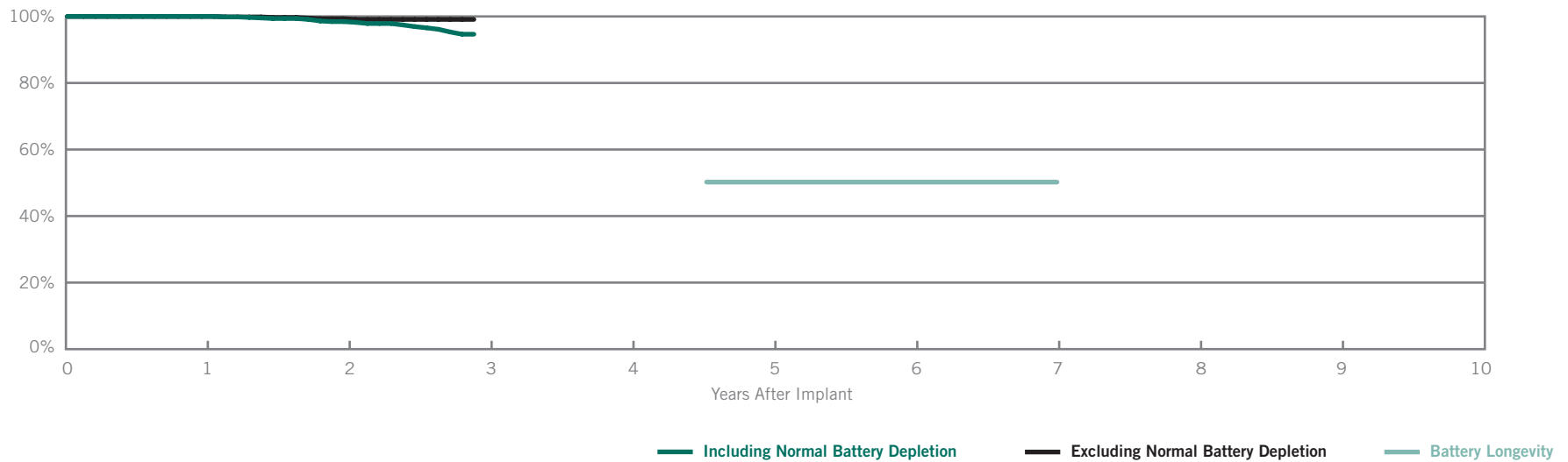
Year	1	2	at 31 months						
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.77%	99.54%						
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.05%	0.17%						

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Epic® II HF (Model V-355)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	21
Registered US Implants	1,704	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	5
Estimated Active US Implants	1,063	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	2
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	3
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 35 months						
Survival Probability	100.00%	98.44%	94.65%						
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.37%	0.96%						
Sample Size	1700	1300	200						

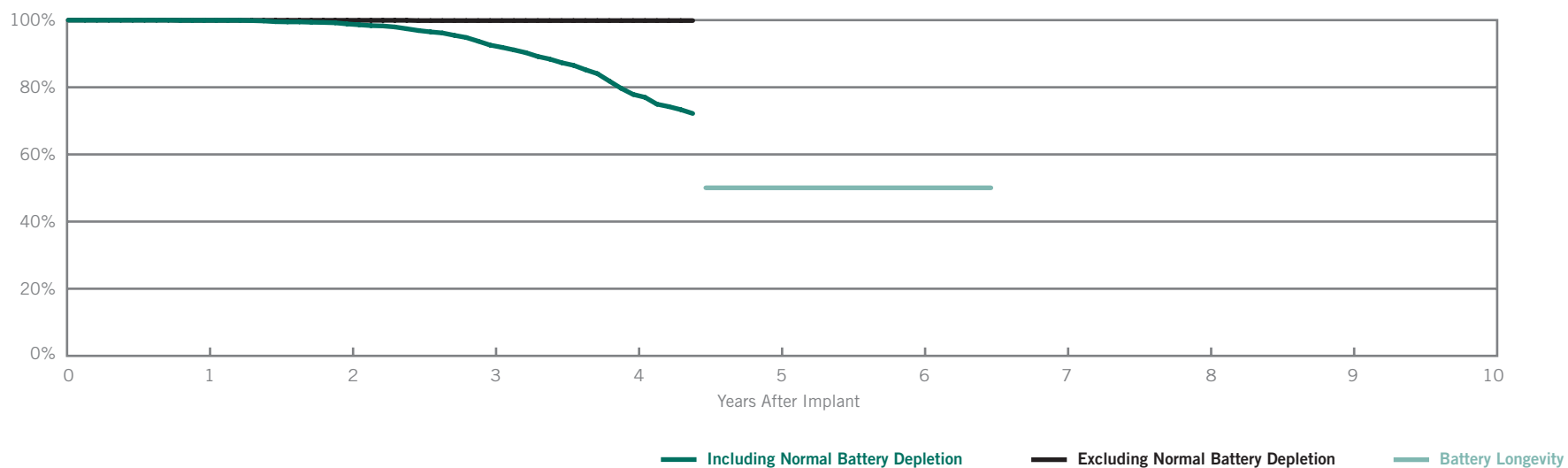
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 35 months						
Survival Probability	100.00%	99.32%	99.10%						
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.24%	0.29%						

Epic® HF (Model V-337)

US Regulatory Approval	November 2004	Normal Battery Depletion	231
Registered US Implants	3,966	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	2
Estimated Active US Implants	1,460	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 53 months					
Survival Probability	99.94%	98.86%	92.56%	77.87%	72.19%					
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.16%	0.48%	1.10%	1.49%					
Sample Size	4000	3300	2700	1500	200					

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

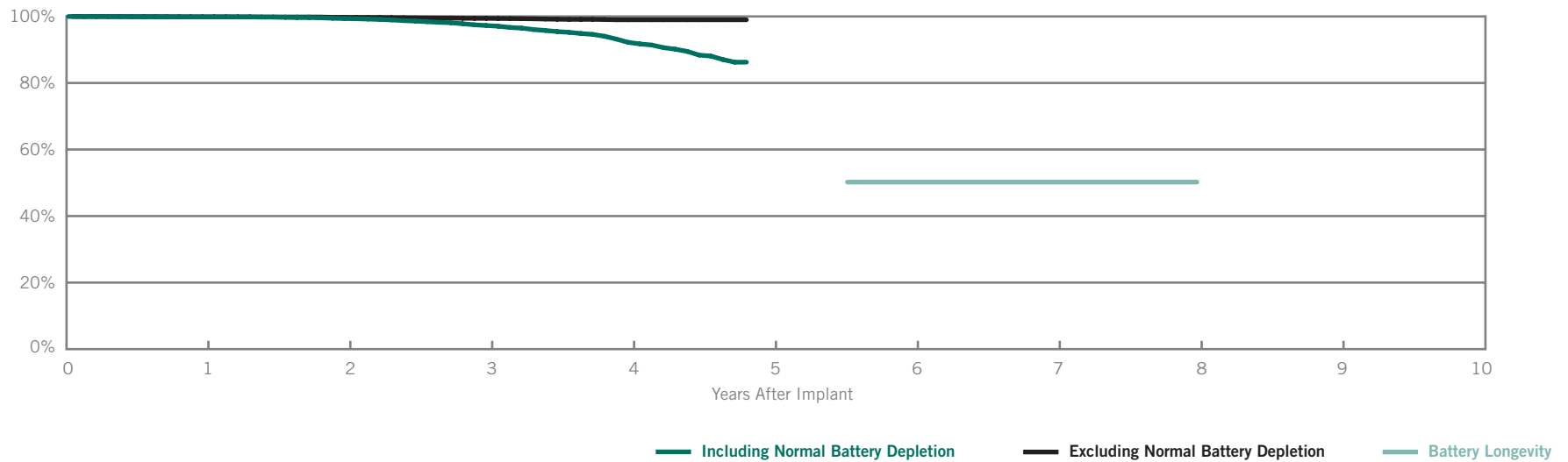
Year	1	2	3	4	at 53 months					
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.94%	99.86%	99.86%	99.86%					
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.04%	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%					

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Atlas® + HF (Model V-343)

US Regulatory Approval	November 2004	Normal Battery Depletion	324
Registered US Implants	18,615	Total Malfunctions (1 related to Advisory)	59
Estimated Active US Implants	9,666	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (1 related to Advisory)	42
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	17
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 58 months					
Survival Probability	99.85%	99.35%	97.27%	92.20%	86.25%					
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.06%	0.14%	0.31%	0.91%					
Sample Size	18600	15600	12200	6500	300					

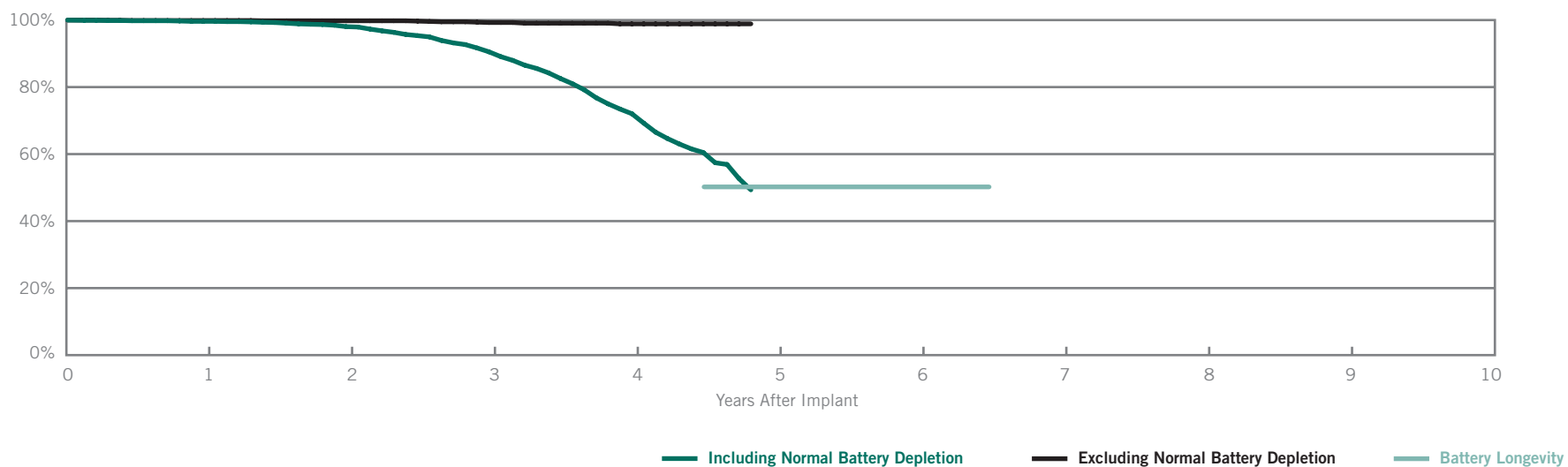
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 58 months					
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.73%	99.42%	99.00%	99.00%					
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.04%	0.07%	0.11%	0.11%					

Epic® HF (Model V-338)

US Regulatory Approval	June 2004	Normal Battery Depletion	381
Registered US Implants	3,101	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	11
Estimated Active US Implants	337	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	3
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	8
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 58 months					
Survival Probability	99.62%	98.04%	90.52%	72.05%	49.32%					
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.24%	0.59%	1.08%	1.64%					
Sample Size	3100	2700	2300	1700	200					

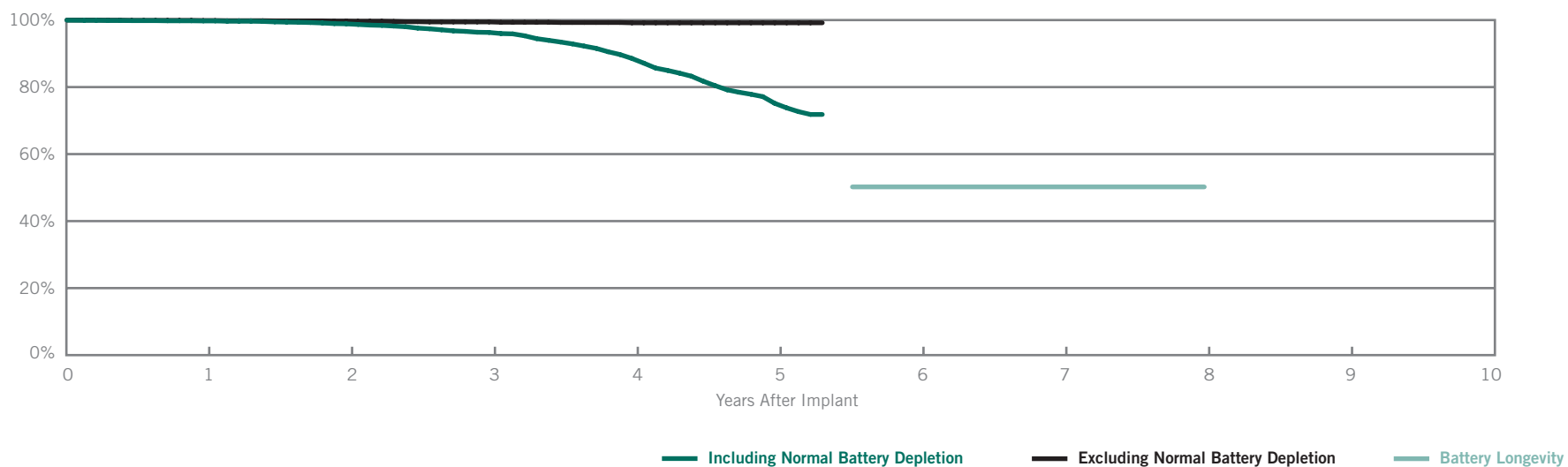
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 58 months					
Survival Probability	99.86%	99.79%	99.27%	98.87%	98.87%					
± 1 standard error	0.07%	0.09%	0.17%	0.26%	0.26%					

Atlas® + HF (Model V-340)

US Regulatory Approval	June 2004	Normal Battery Depletion	300
Registered US Implants	4,923	Total Malfunctions (1 related to Advisory)	15
Estimated Active US Implants	1,248	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (1 related to Advisory)	9
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 28)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	6
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 64 months				
Survival Probability	99.74%	98.88%	96.31%	88.55%	75.15%	71.83%				
± 1 standard error	0.07%	0.16%	0.31%	0.57%	1.01%	1.38%				
Sample Size	4900	4200	3600	3000	1600	200				

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 64 months				
Survival Probability	99.87%	99.71%	99.45%	99.18%	99.18%	99.18%				
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.08%	0.12%	0.14%	0.16%	0.16%				

SUMMARY & LONGEVITY INFORMATION
CRT ICDs



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CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Battery Longevity		Approximate Duration (years)*			
Models	Family	No Pacing	25% Pacing	50% Pacing	100% Pacing
CD3211-36Q	Promote® + CRT-D	8.2	7.2	6.5	5.4
CD3211-36	Promote® + CRT-D	8.2	7.2	6.5	5.4
3207-30	Promote® RF	6.5	5.7	5.1	4.2
3107-36	Promote®	8.2	7.2	6.5	5.4
3207-36	Promote® RF	8.2	7.2	6.5	5.4
V-365	Atlas® II HF	8.2	7.2	6.5	5.4
V-366	Atlas® II + HF	8.2	7.2	6.5	5.4
V-355	Epic® II HF	7.0	6.1	5.5	4.5
V-337, V-338	Epic® HF, Serial Numbers <13000	6.4	5.7	5.2	4.4
V-337, V-338	Epic® HF, Serial Numbers >13000	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.4
V-343	Atlas® + HF	7.9	7.1	6.4	5.4
V-340	Atlas® + HF	7.9	7.1	6.4	5.4

*Battery longevity calculated with one EGM storage.

Pacing parameters: DDD-BIV, RV 2.5V, LV 2.5V, A 2.5V, 0.5 ms, 60 ppm, 500 ohms

Battery Voltage Range: 3.20 – 2.45; Battery condition: Normal

Four maximum charges per year as well as monthly charging during the battery's mid-life voltage range.

Malfunction and Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (under advisory)	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Total Malfunctions	Total Normal Battery Depletion
CD3211-36Q	Promote® + CRT-D	Feb-09	2298	2239	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CD3211-36	Promote® + CRT-D	Feb-09	4038	3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3207-30	Promote® RF	Sep-07	1212	1043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3107-36	Promote®	May-07	713	516	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
3207-36	Promote® RF	Sep-07	22138	19009	6	0	1	10	3	20	2
V-365	Atlas® II HF	Jul-06	8377	5662	5	0	5	2	2	14	47
V-366	Atlas® II + HF	Feb-07	4756	3640	0	0	2	1	2	5	9
V-355	Epic® II HF	Mar-06	1704	1063	1	0	1	1	2	5	21
V-337	Epic® HF	Nov-04	3966	1460	0	0	1	1	0	2	231
V-343	Atlas® + HF	Nov-04	18615	9666	2	1	39	6	11	59	324
V-338	Epic® HF	Jun-04	3101	337	2	0	1	1	7	11	381
V-340	Atlas® + HF	Jun-04	4923	1248	3	1	5	0	6	15	300

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Including Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
CD3211-36Q	Promote® + CRT-D*										
CD3211-36	Promote® + CRT-D*										
3207-30	Promote® RF	100.00%									
3107-36	Promote®	100.00%	99.63%								
3207-36	Promote® RF	99.83%	99.74%								
V-365	Atlas® II HF	99.84%	99.19%	97.11%							
V-366	Atlas® II + HF	99.72%	99.14%								
V-355	Epic® II HF	100.00%	98.44%								
V-337	Epic® HF	99.94%	98.86%	92.56%	77.87%						
V-343	Atlas® + HF	99.85%	99.35%	97.27%	92.20%						
V-338	Epic® HF	99.62%	98.04%	90.52%	72.05%						
V-340	Atlas® + HF	99.74%	98.88%	96.31%	88.55%	75.15%					

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

**Excluding Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
CD3211-36Q	Promote® + CRT-D*										
CD3211-36	Promote® + CRT-D*										
3207-30	Promote® RF	100.00%									
3107-36	Promote®	100.00%	99.63%								
3207-36	Promote® RF	99.86%	99.77%								
V-365	Atlas® II HF	99.86%	99.76%	99.36%							
V-366	Atlas® II + HF	99.89%	99.77%								
V-355	Epic® II HF	100.00%	99.32%								
V-337	Epic® HF	99.94%	99.94%	99.86%	99.86%						
V-343	Atlas® + HF	99.89%	99.73%	99.42%	99.00%						
V-338	Epic® HF	99.86%	99.79%	99.27%	98.87%						
V-340	Atlas® + HF	99.87%	99.71%	99.45%	99.18%	99.18%					

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

CRT Pacemakers



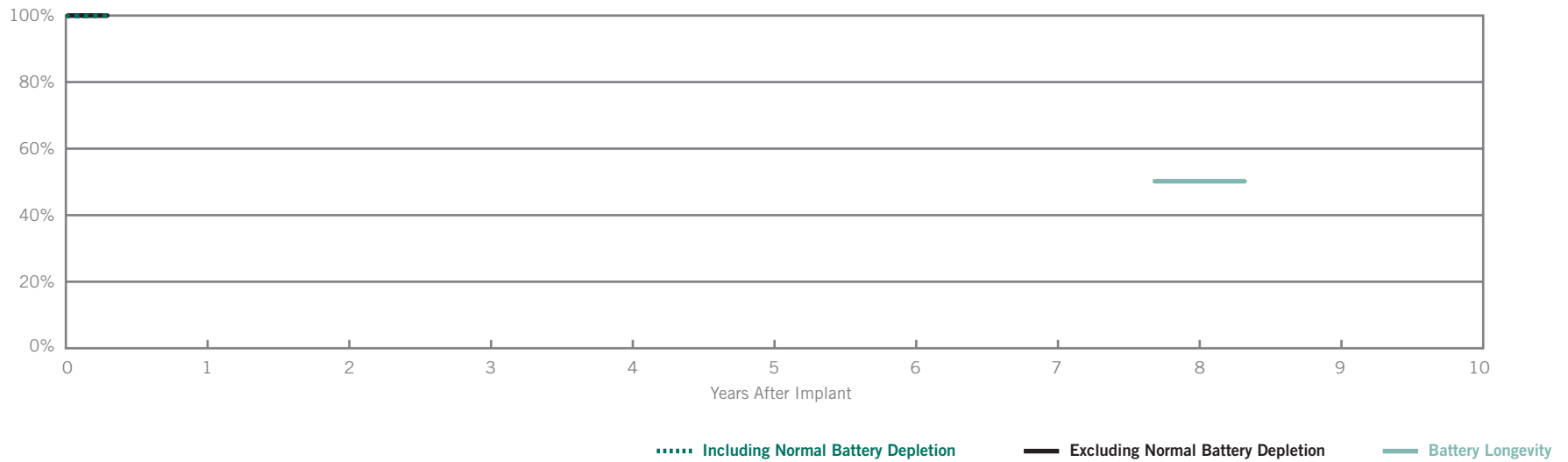
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CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Anthem® RF (Model PM3210)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	756	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	731	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 4 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

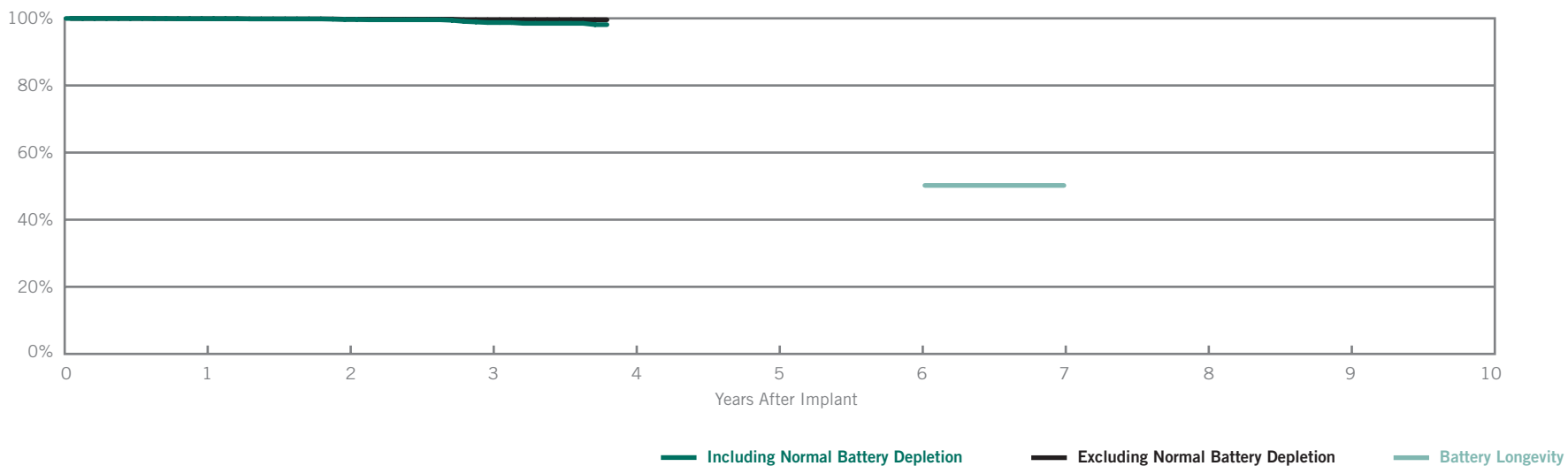
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 4 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

Frontier® II (Model 5586)

US Regulatory Approval	August 2004	Normal Battery Depletion	8
Registered US Implants	6,549	Total Malfunctions	6
Estimated Active US Implants	4,518	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	6.5 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	5
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 46 months						
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.66%	98.74%	98.12%						
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.08%	0.26%	0.43%						
Sample Size	5900	3400	1800	200						

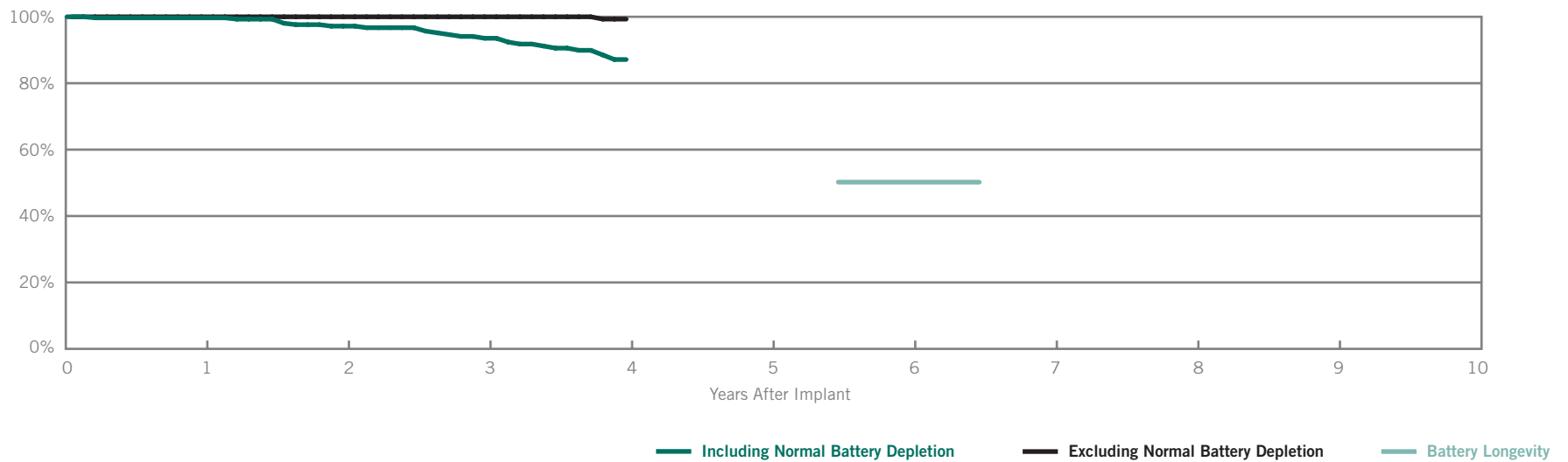
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 46 months						
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.74%	99.58%	99.58%						
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.06%	0.14%	0.14%						

Frontier® (Model 5508)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2004	Normal Battery Depletion	40
Registered US Implants	671	Total Malfunctions	2
Estimated Active US Implants	128	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	5.9 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	2
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4						
Survival Probability	99.68%	97.18%	93.53%	87.13%						
± 1 standard error	0.23%	0.75%	1.14%	1.78%						
Sample Size	700	500	400	300						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4						
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.30%						
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.49%						

SUMMARY & LONGEVITY INFORMATION
CRT Pacemakers



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Malfunction and Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (under advisory)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Total Malfunctions	Total Normal Battery Depletion
PM3210	Anthem® RF	July-09	756	731	0	0	0	0	0	0
5586	Frontier® II	Aug-04	6549	4518	1	5	0	0	6	8
5508	Frontier®	May-04	671	128	0	1	0	1	2	40

CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

Including Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability							
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year
PM3210	Anthem® RF*								
5586	Frontier® II	99.89%	99.66%	98.74%					
5508	Frontier®	100.00%	97.54%	94.02%	87.97%				

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

**Excluding Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	Survival Probability							
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year
PM3210	Anthem® RF*								
5586	Frontier® II	99.89%	99.74%	99.58%					
5508	Frontier®	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.30%				

**No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.*

LEFT-HEART LEADS



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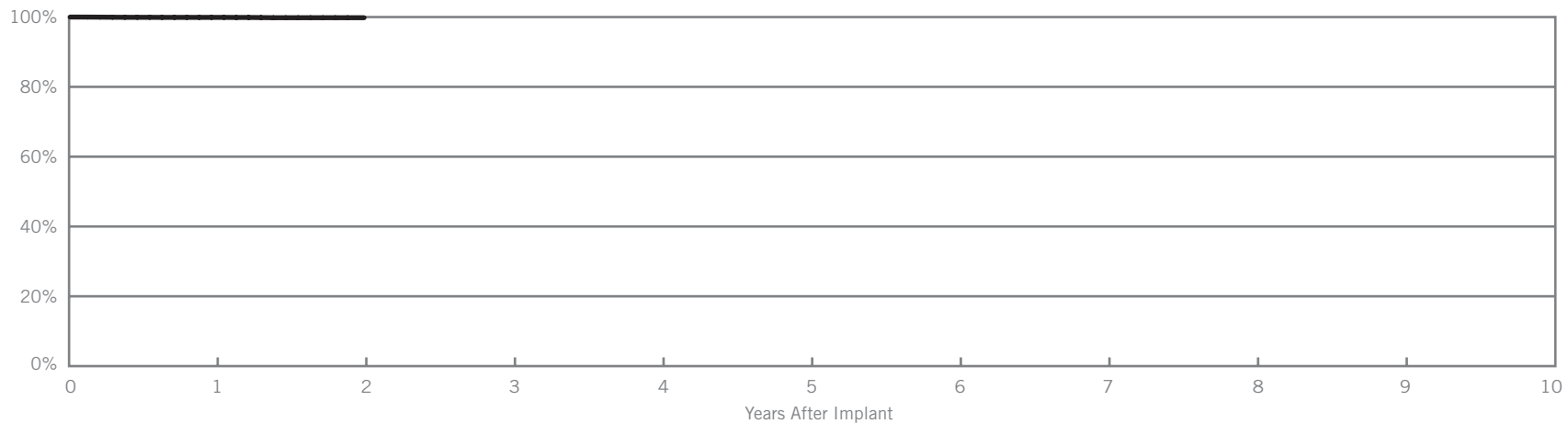
LEFT-HEART LEADS

QuickFlex® (Model 1156T)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2007
Registered US Implants	16,057
Estimated Active US Implants	13,713
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	12	0.07%	18	0.11%
Failure to Capture	4	0.02%	4	0.02%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	2	0.01%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	2	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	16	0.10%	13	0.08%
Other	7	0.04%	2	0.01%
Total	39	0.24%	41	0.26%
Total Returned for Analysis	7		13	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.01%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	0.01%
Other	1	0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	10	0.06%
Total	13	0.08%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



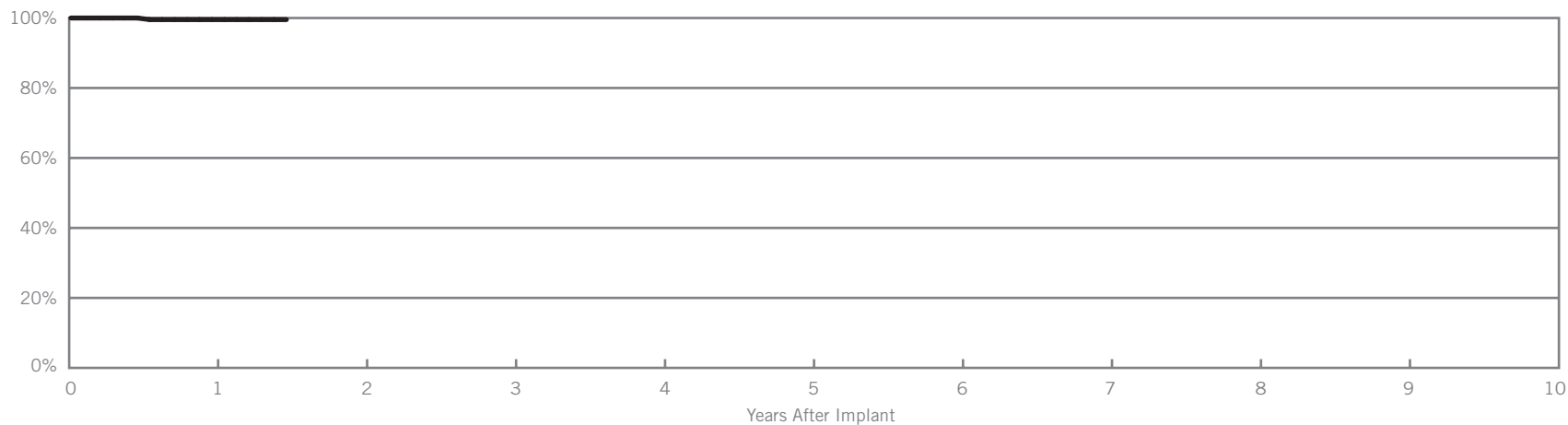
Year	1	2							
Survival Probability	99.90%	99.81%							
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.06%							
Sample Size	11300	2900							

QuickFlex® (Model 1156T)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2007
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	319
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	3,423

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.31%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 18 months								
Survival Probability	99.54%	99.54%								
± 1 standard error	0.46%	0.46%								
Sample Size	139	61								

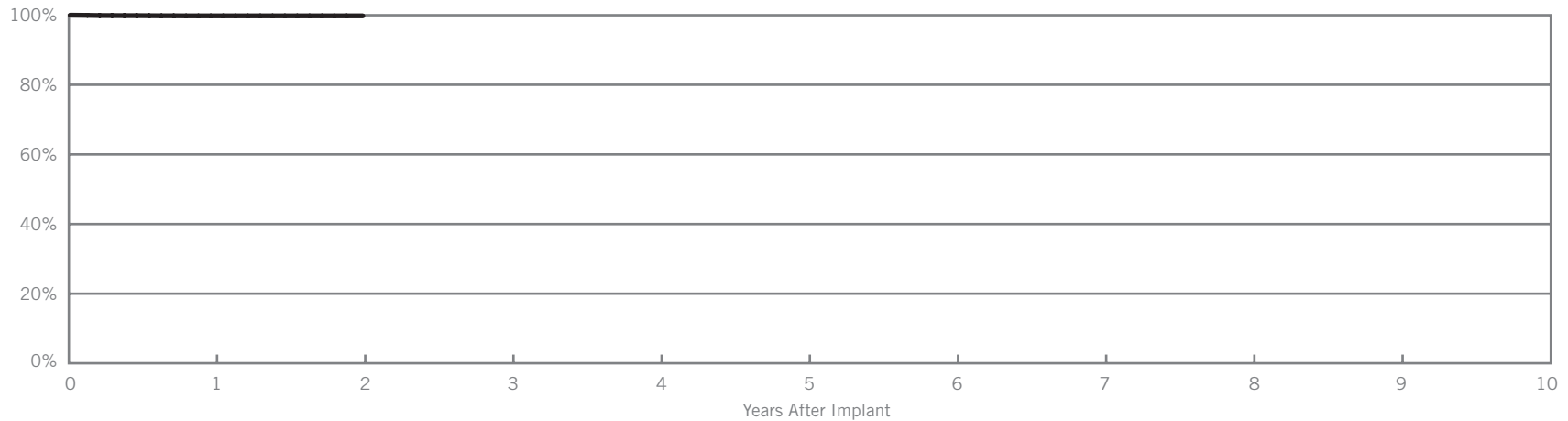
LEFT-HEART LEADS

QuickFlex® XL (Model 1158T)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2007
Registered US Implants	8,483
Estimated Active US Implants	7,210
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	8	0.09%	9	0.11%
Failure to Capture	2	0.02%	4	0.05%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2	0.02%	2	0.02%
Extracardiac Stimulation	5	0.06%	6	0.07%
Other	6	0.07%	0	0.00%
Total	23	0.27%	21	0.25%
Total Returned for Analysis	9		7	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.01%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	0.01%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	5	0.06%
Total	7	0.08%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



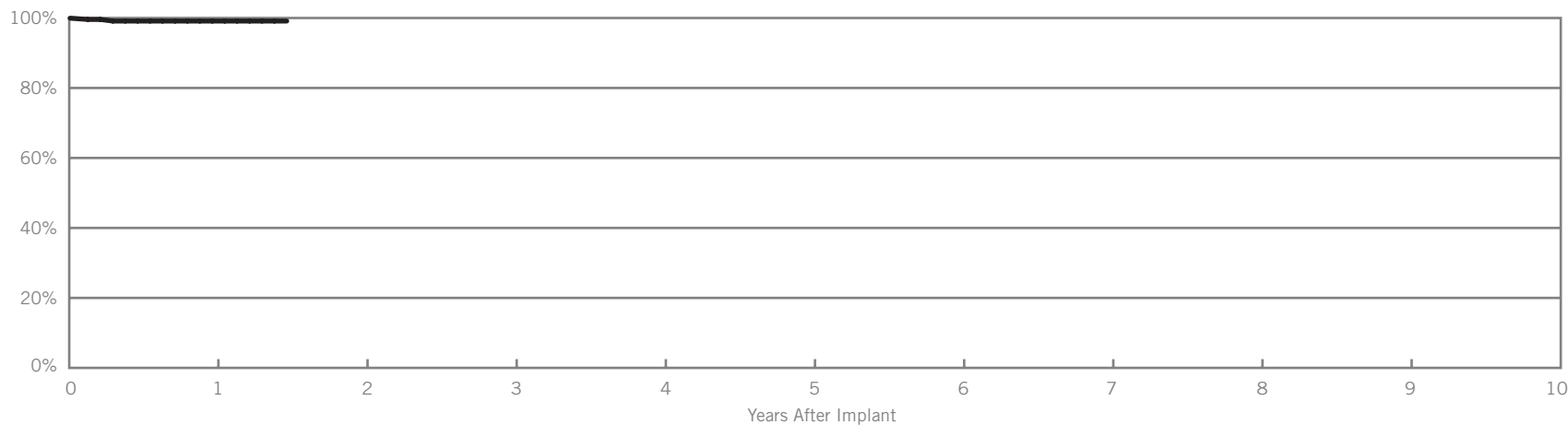
Year	1	2							
Survival Probability	99.81%	99.81%							
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.06%							
Sample Size	6100	1700							

QuickFlex® XL (Model 1158T)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2007
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	250
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	2,929

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.40%
Failure to Capture	1	0.40%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 18 months								
Survival Probability	99.13%	99.13%								
± 1 standard error	0.62%	0.62%								
Sample Size	127	61								

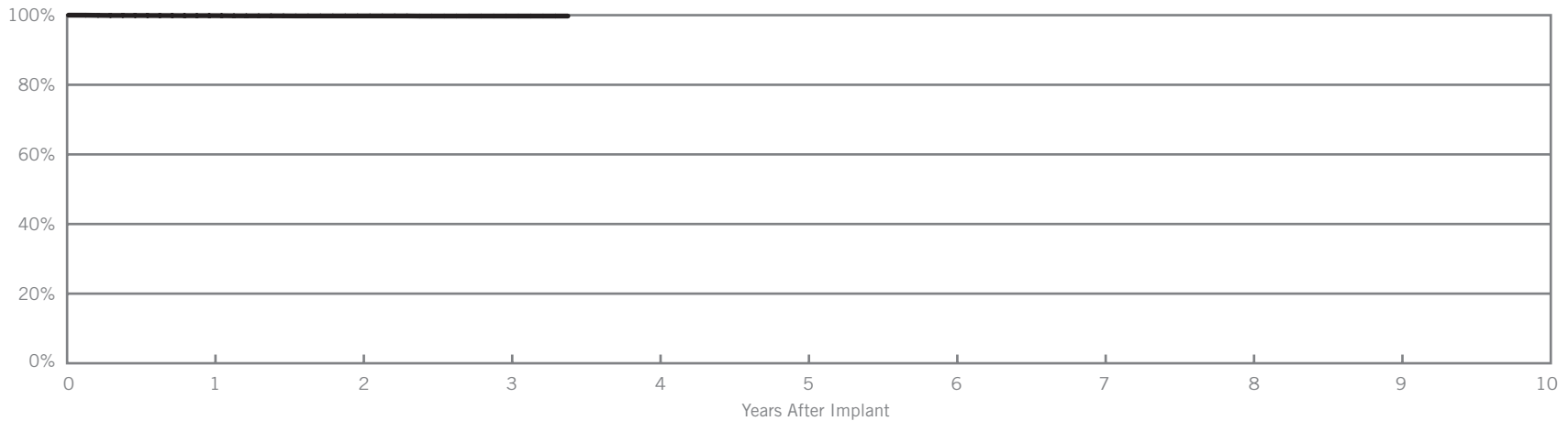
LEFT-HEART LEADS

QuickSite® XL (Model 1058T)	
US Regulatory Approval	February 2006
Registered US Implants	10,071
Estimated Active US Implants	7,155
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	1	0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	8	0.08%	9	0.09%
Failure to Capture	3	0.03%	11	0.11%
Oversensing	1	0.01%	1	0.01%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2	0.02%	1	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	9	0.09%	4	0.04%
Other	2	0.02%	1	0.01%
Total	25	0.25%	28	0.28%
Total Returned for Analysis	9		7	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	3	0.03%
Extrinsic Factors	7	0.07%
Total	10	0.10%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



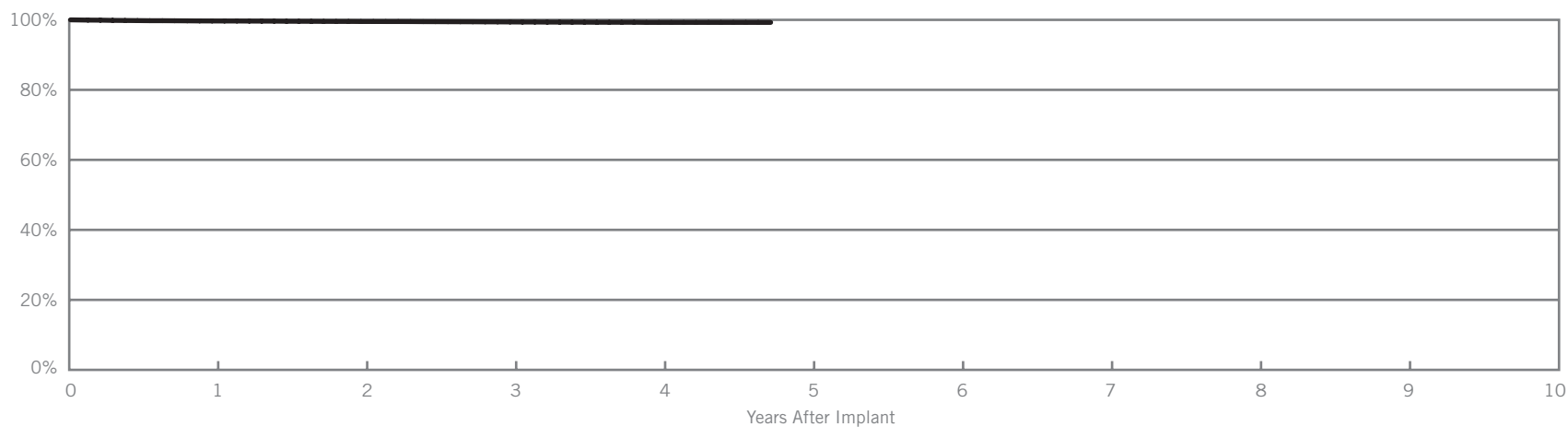
Year	1	2	3	at 41 months					
Survival Probability	99.86%	99.78%	99.75%	99.75%					
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.05%	0.06%	0.06%					
Sample Size	9300	6900	3400	300					

QuickSite® (Model 1056T)	
US Regulatory Approval	April 2005
Registered US Implants	33,422
Estimated Active US Implants	20,888
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	2	0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	27	0.08%	69	0.21%
Failure to Capture	14	0.04%	61	0.18%
Oversensing	1	<0.01%	3	0.01%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	3	0.01%	3	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	23	0.07%	42	0.13%
Other	9	0.03%	7	0.02%
Total	78	0.23%	188	0.56%
Total Returned for Analysis	30		71	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	3	0.01%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	<0.01%
Other	1	<0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	65	0.19%
Total	71	0.21%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	at 57 months					
Survival Probability	99.68%	99.53%	99.40%	99.27%	99.27%					
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.07%	0.07%					
Sample Size	30500	24200	17100	8700	200					

LEFT-HEART LEADS

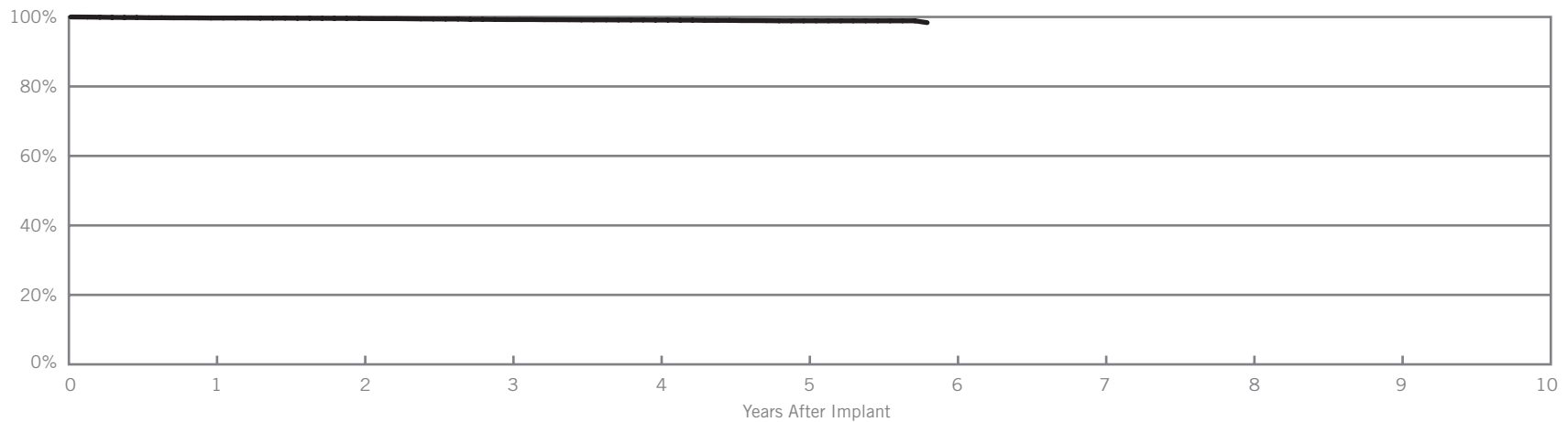
UNIPOLAR

QuickSite® (Model 1056K)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2004
Registered US Implants	8,759
Estimated Active US Implants	3,925
Insulation	Polyurethane/Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	S-Curve
Polarity	Unipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	10	0.11%	25	0.29%
Failure to Capture	3	0.03%	25	0.29%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	2	0.02%
Extracardiac Stimulation	10	0.11%	11	0.13%
Other	2	0.02%	8	0.09%
Total	25	0.29%	71	0.81%
Total Returned for Analysis	24		37	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	2	0.02%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	2	0.02%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	24	0.27%
Total	28	0.32%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 70 months			
Survival Probability	99.70%	99.57%	99.25%	99.11%	98.89%	98.37%			
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.08%	0.11%	0.12%	0.15%	0.15%			
Sample Size	7700	6500	5400	4400	3000	200			

OBSERVATIONS, COMPLICATIONS, AND MALFUNCTIONS

Left-Heart Leads



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LEFT-HEART LEADS

Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)

Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Cardiac Perforation		Conductor Fracture		Lead Dislodgement		Failure to Capture		Oversensing		Failure to Sense		Insulation Breach		Abnormal Pacing Impedance		Extracardiac Stimulation		Other		Total		Total Returned for Analysis
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	
1156T	Jul-07	16057	13713	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	12	0.07%	4	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	16	0.10%	7	0.04%	39	0.24%	7
1158T	Jul-07	8483	7210	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	8	0.09%	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	5	0.06%	6	0.07%	23	0.27%	9
1058T	Feb-06	10071	7155	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	8	0.08%	3	0.03%	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	9	0.09%	2	0.02%	25	0.25%	9
1056T	Apr-05	33422	20888	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	27	0.08%	14	0.04%	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%	3	0.01%	23	0.07%	9	0.03%	78	0.23%	30
1056K	Jun-04	8759	3925	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	10	0.11%	3	0.03%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	10	0.11%	2	0.02%	25	0.29%	24

Chronic Complications (>30 days)

Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Cardiac Perforation		Conductor Fracture		Lead Dislodgement		Failure to Capture		Oversensing		Failure to Sense		Insulation Breach		Abnormal Pacing Impedance		Extracardiac Stimulation		Other		Total		Total Returned for Analysis
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	
1156T	Jul-07	16057	13713	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	18	0.11%	4	0.02%	2	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.01%	13	0.08%	2	0.01%	41	0.26%	13
1158T	Jul-07	8483	7210	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	9	0.11%	4	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	6	0.07%	0	0.00%	21	0.25%	7
1058T	Feb-06	10071	7155	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	9	0.09%	11	0.11%	1	0.01%	0	0.01%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	4	0.04%	1	0.01%	28	0.28%	7
1056T	Apr-05	33422	20888	0	0.00%	2	0.01%	69	0.21%	61	0.18%	3	0.01%	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%	3	0.01%	42	0.13%	7	0.02%	188	0.56%	71
1056K	Jun-04	8759	3925	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	25	0.29%	25	0.29%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	11	0.13%	8	0.09%	71	0.81%	37

Definitions of observations and complications can be found on [pages 6 and 7](#).

Lead Malfunctions				Conductor Fracture		Insulation Breach		Crimps, Welds & Bonds		Other		Extrinsic Factors		Total	
Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
1156T	Jul-07	16057	13713	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	1	0.01%	10	0.06%	13	0.08%
1158T	Jul-07	8483	7210	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	5	0.06%	7	0.08%
1058T	Feb-06	10071	7155	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	3	0.03%	7	0.07%	10	0.10%
1056T	Apr-05	33422	20888	1	<0.01%	3	0.01%	1	<0.01%	1	<0.01%	65	0.19%	71	0.21%
1056K	Jun-04	8759	3925	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	24	0.27%	28	0.32%

Definitions of malfunction categories can be found on [pages 7 and 8](#).

ICDs

Dual-Chamber



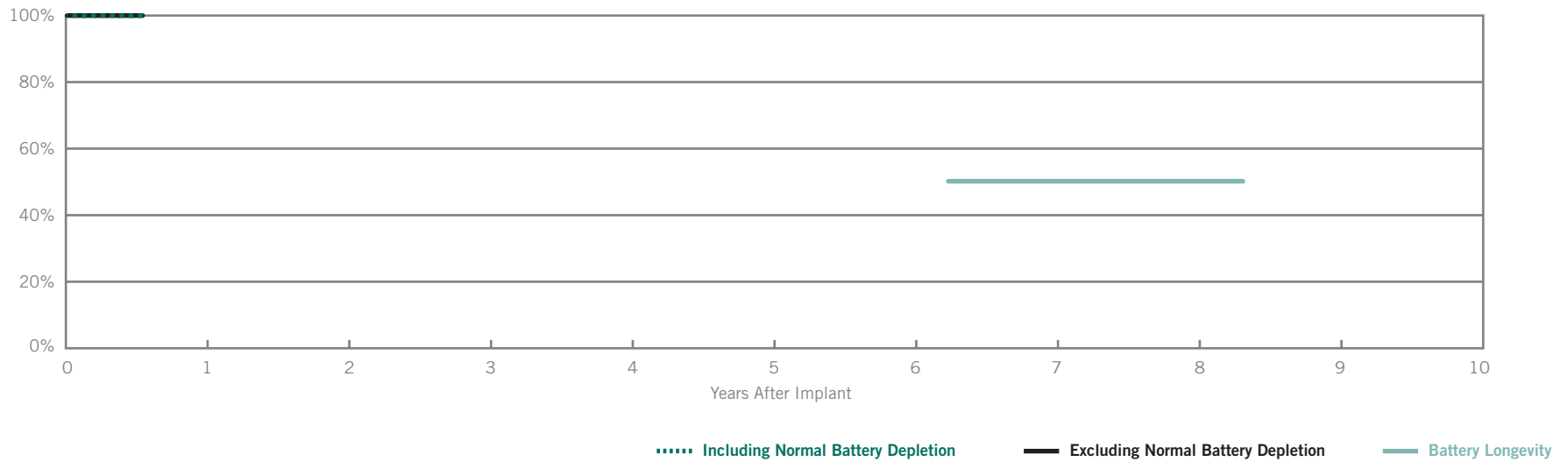
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ICDs

Current® + DR (Model CD2211-36)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	2,928	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	2,834	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 7 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	500									

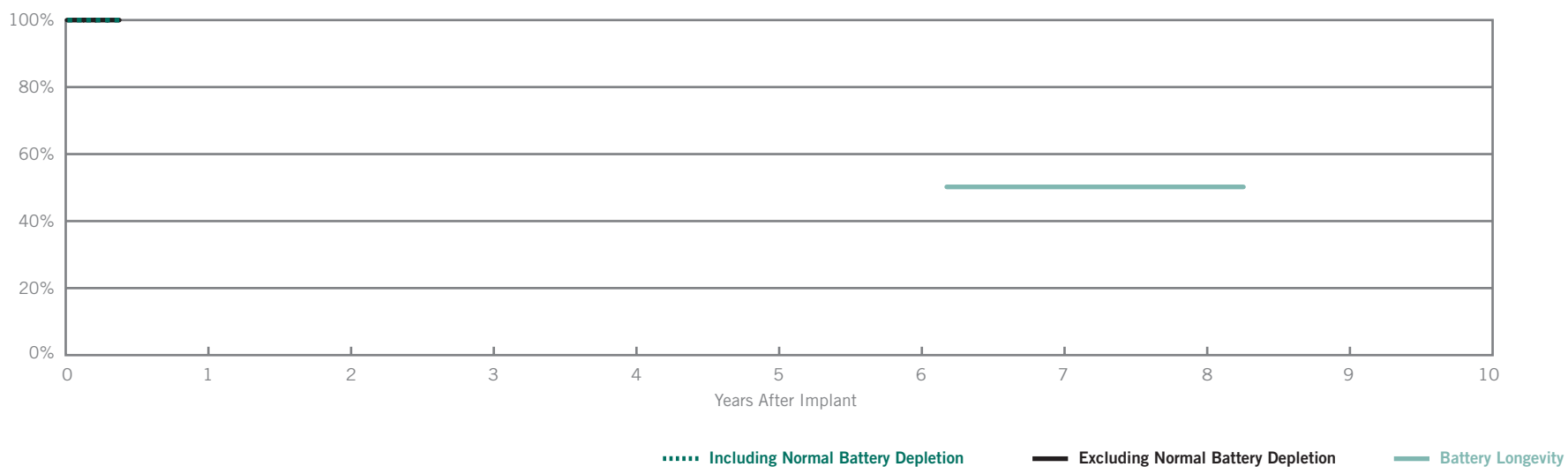
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 7 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

Current® + DR (Model CD2211-36Q)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	2,612	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	2,583	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 5 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

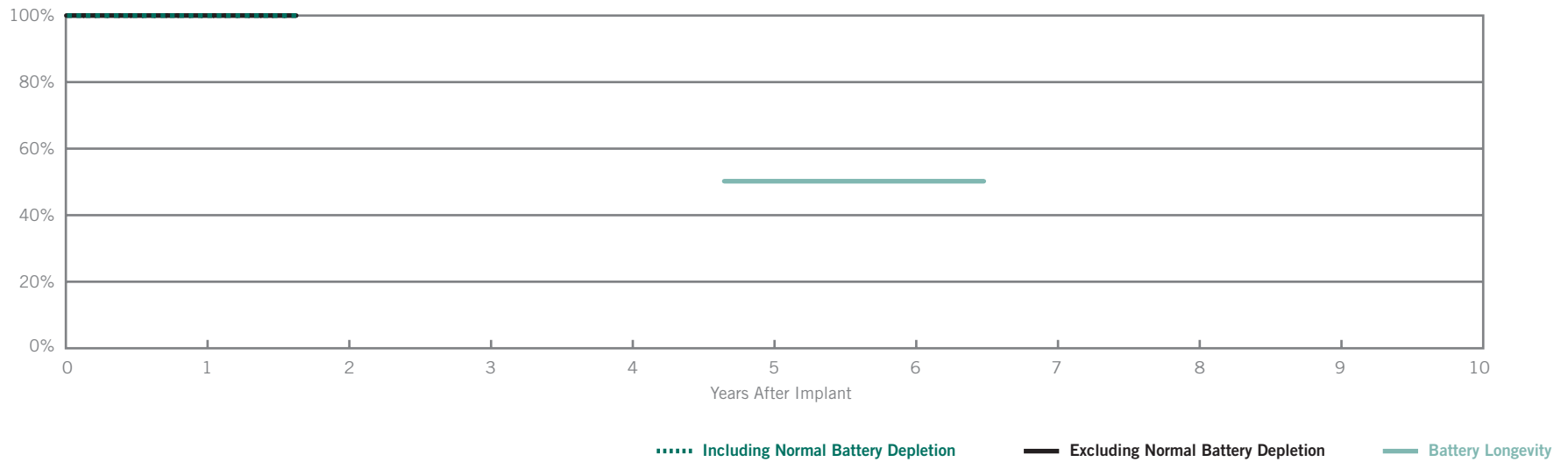
Year	at 5 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

ICDs

Current® DR RF (Model 2207-30)

US Regulatory Approval	September 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,434	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,274	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	1100	200								

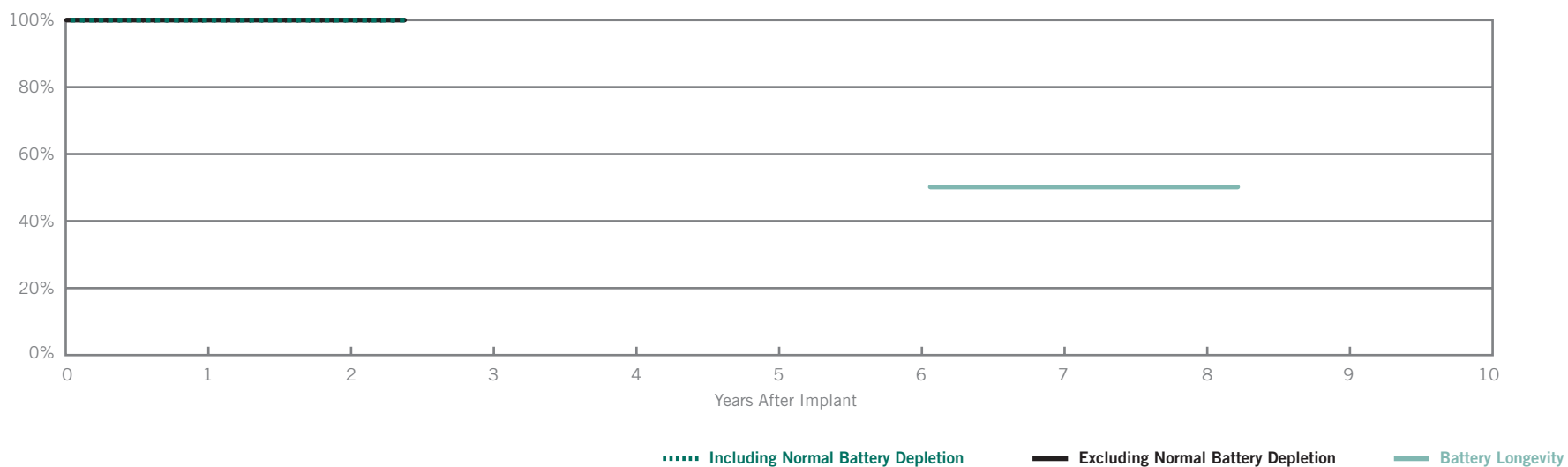
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								

Current® DR (Model 2107-36)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	651	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	516	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 29 months							
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
Sample Size	600	500	300							

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

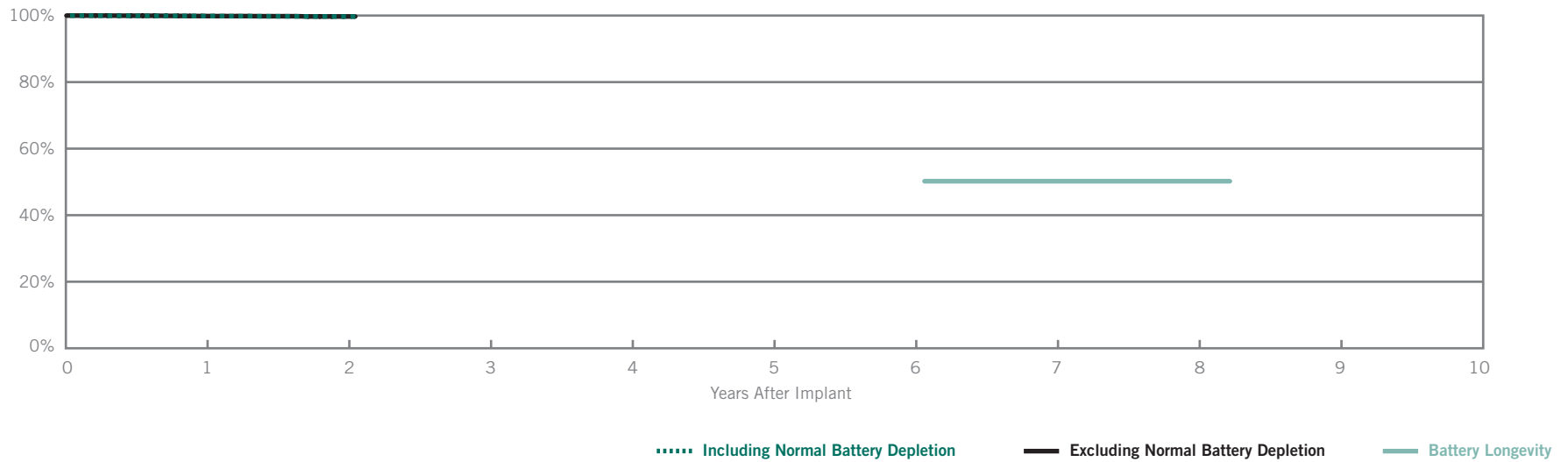
Year	1	2	at 29 months							
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							

ICDs

Current® DR RF (Model 2207-36)

US Regulatory Approval	September 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	1
Registered US Implants	20,869	Total Malfunctions	16
Estimated Active US Implants	18,666	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	6
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	10
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 25 months							
Survival Probability	99.84%	99.71%	99.71%							
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.07%	0.07%							
Sample Size	16500	5600	600							

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

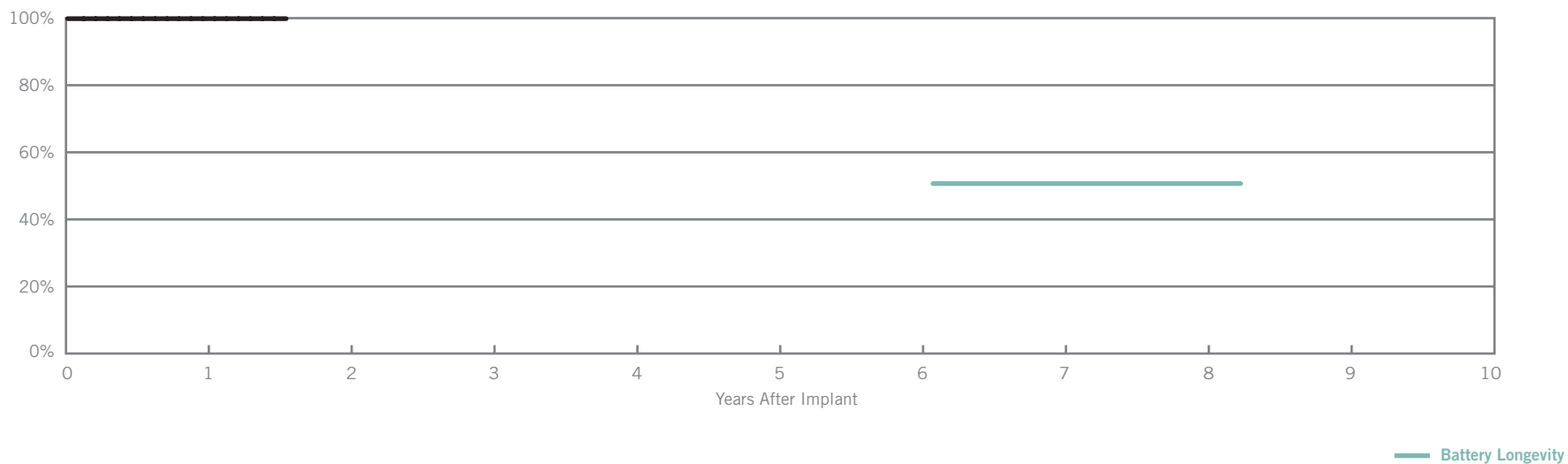
Year	1	2	at 25 months							
Survival Probability	99.85%	99.72%	99.72%							
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.07%	0.07%							

Current® DR RF (Model 2207-36)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	620
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	7,418

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Failure to Sense	1	0.16%

Survival from SCORE Registry

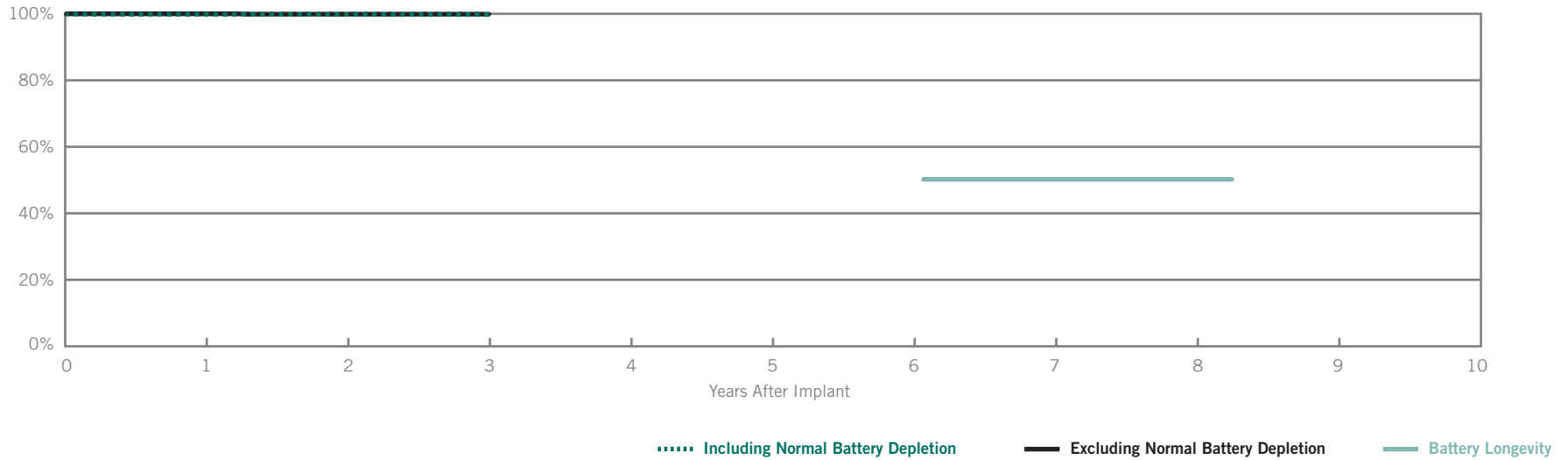


Year	1	at 19 months								
Survival Probability	99.84%	99.84%								
± 1 standard error	0.16%	0.16%								
Sample Size	322	66								

Atlas® II DR (Model V-265)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,878	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Active US Implants	1,432	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3							
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.77%	99.77%							
± 1 standard error	0.08%	0.12%	0.12%							
Sample Size	1900	1500	700							

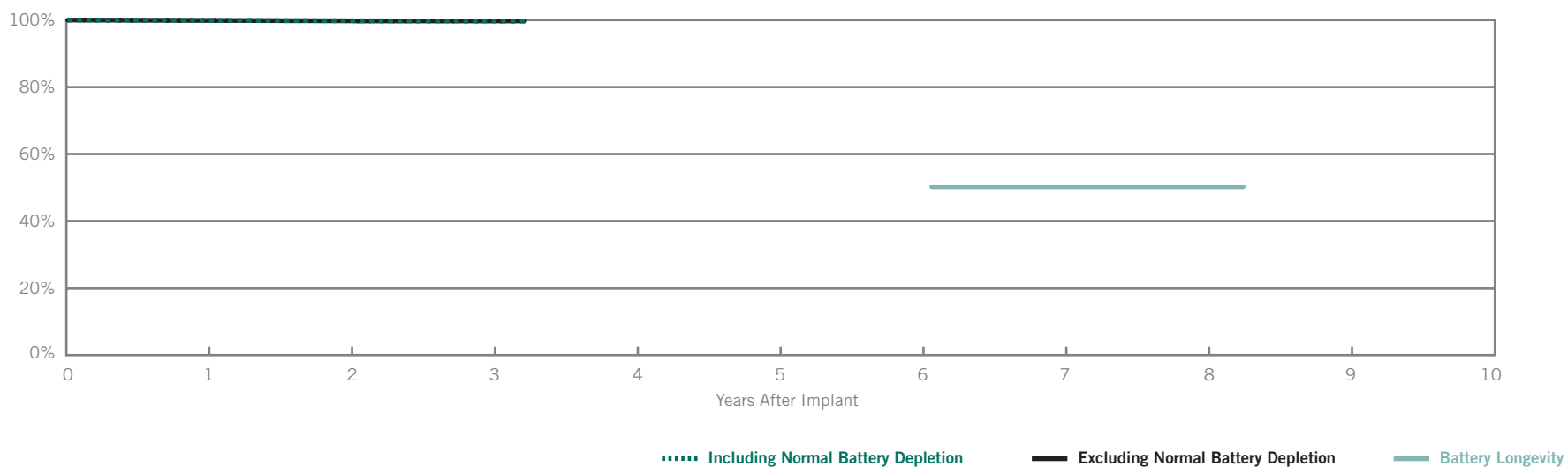
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3							
Survival Probability	100.00%	99.88%	99.88%							
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.09%	0.09%							

Atlas® II + DR (Model V-268)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	3
Registered US Implants	14,458	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	16
Estimated Active US Implants	11,416	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	10
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	6
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 39 months						
Survival Probability	99.88%	99.74%	99.70%	99.70%						
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%						
Sample Size	13900	9900	4200	300						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

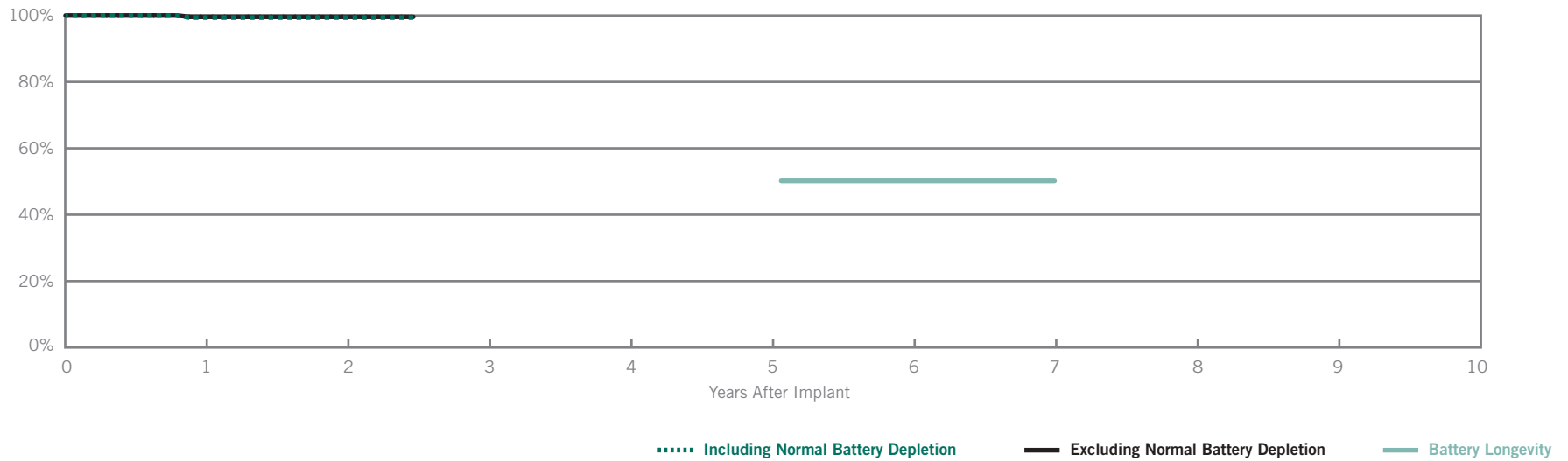
Year	1	2	3	at 39 months						
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.78%	99.74%	99.74%						
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%						

ICDS

Epic® II DR (Model V-255)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	1
Registered US Implants	544	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Active US Implants	396	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 30 months						
Survival Probability	99.38%	99.38%	99.38%						
± 1 standard error	0.36%	0.36%	0.36%						
Sample Size	500	400	200						

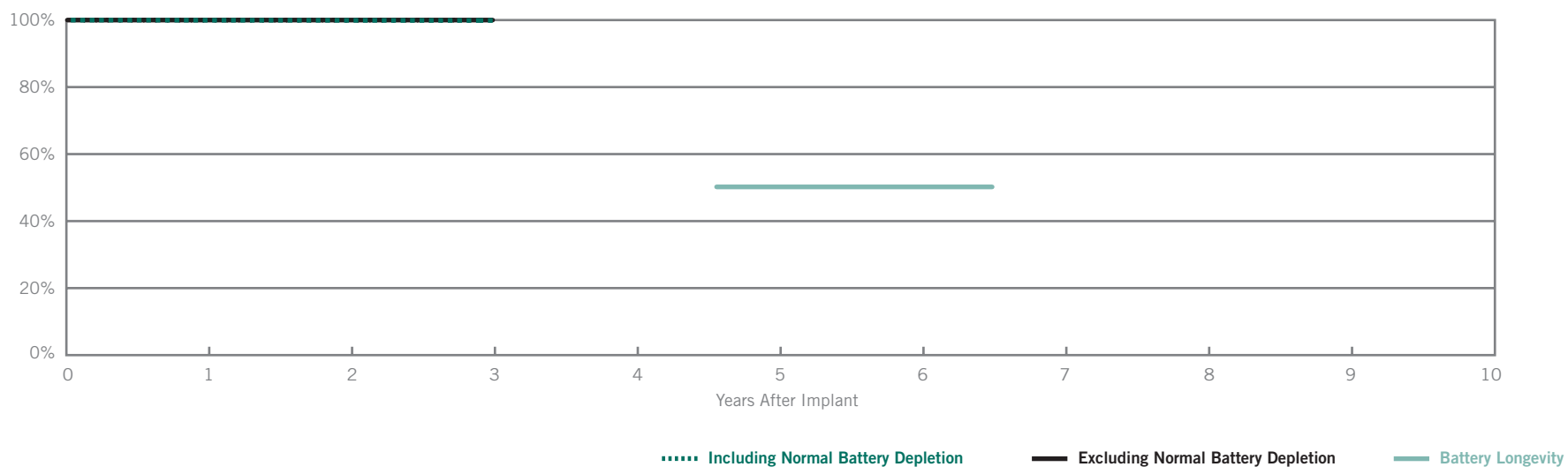
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 30 months						
Survival Probability	99.59%	99.59%	99.59%						
± 1 standard error	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%						

Epic® II + DR (Model V-258)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	1
Registered US Implants	2,038	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,544	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3							
Survival Probability	99.88%	99.88%	99.88%							
± 1 standard error	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%							
Sample Size	2000	1500	700							

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

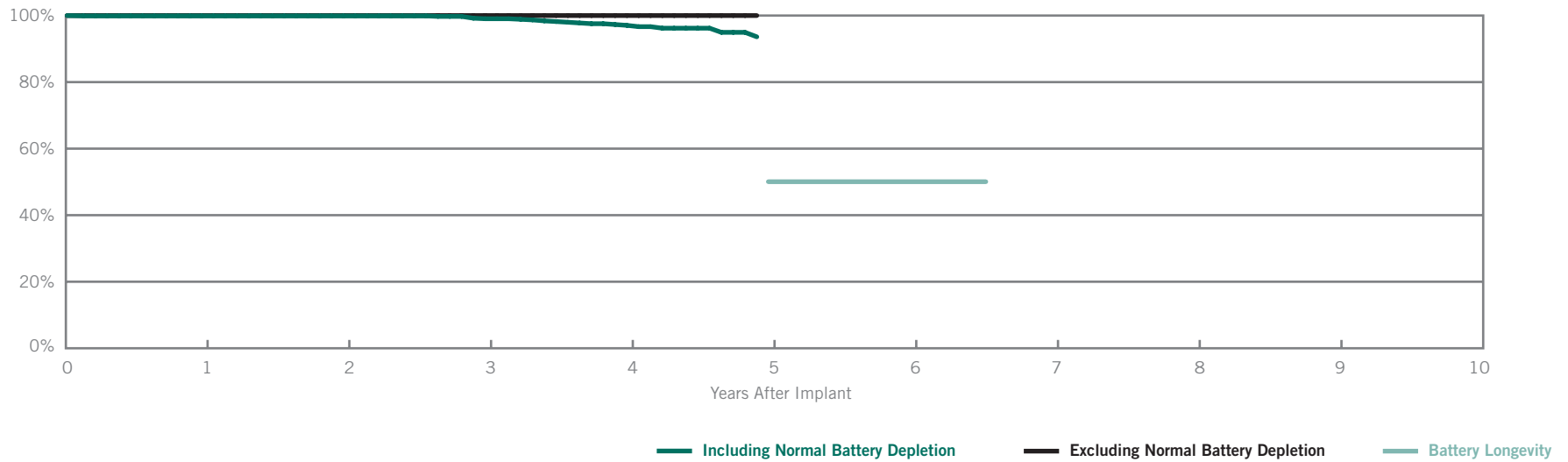
Year	1	2	3							
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							

ICDS

Epic® DR (Model V-233)

US Regulatory Approval	October 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	27
Registered US Implants	1,825	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	963	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 59 months					
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.89%	99.04%	97.05%	96.20%					
± 1 standard error	0.08%	0.08%	0.24%	0.50%	0.62%					
Sample Size	1800	1600	1400	1100	200					

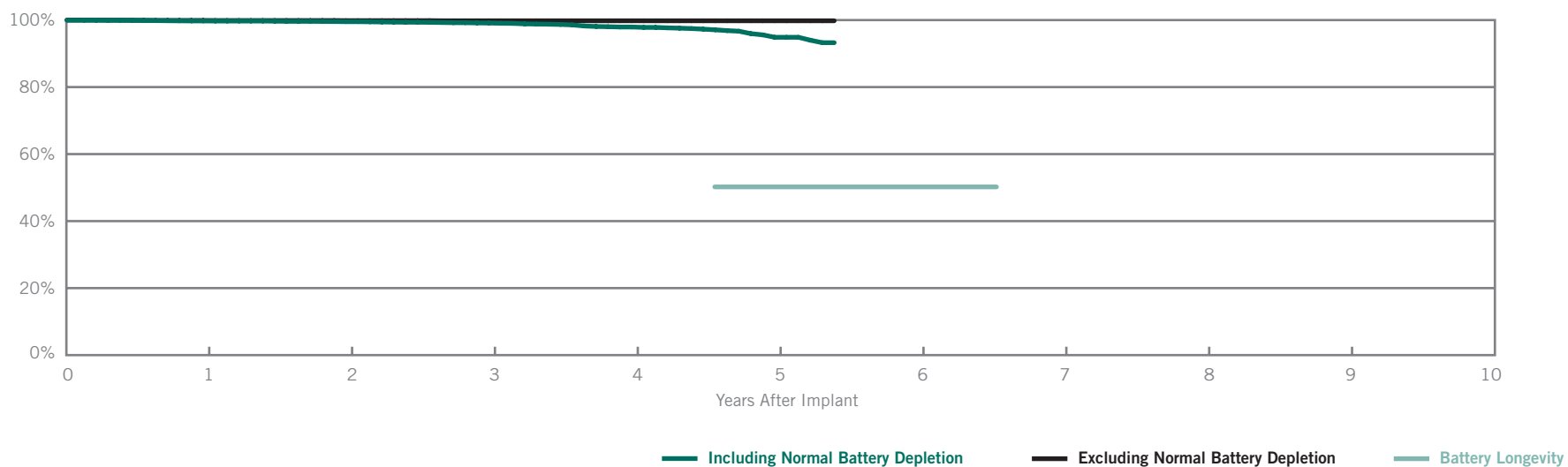
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 59 months					
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%					
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					

Epic® + DR (Model V-239)

US Regulatory Approval	October 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	73
Registered US Implants	7,831	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	7
Estimated Active US Implants	4,275	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	5
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	2
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 65 months				
Survival Probability	99.74%	99.52%	99.11%	97.93%	94.86%	93.25%				
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.08%	0.12%	0.21%	0.49%	0.92%				
Sample Size	7800	6900	6000	4100	1900	200				

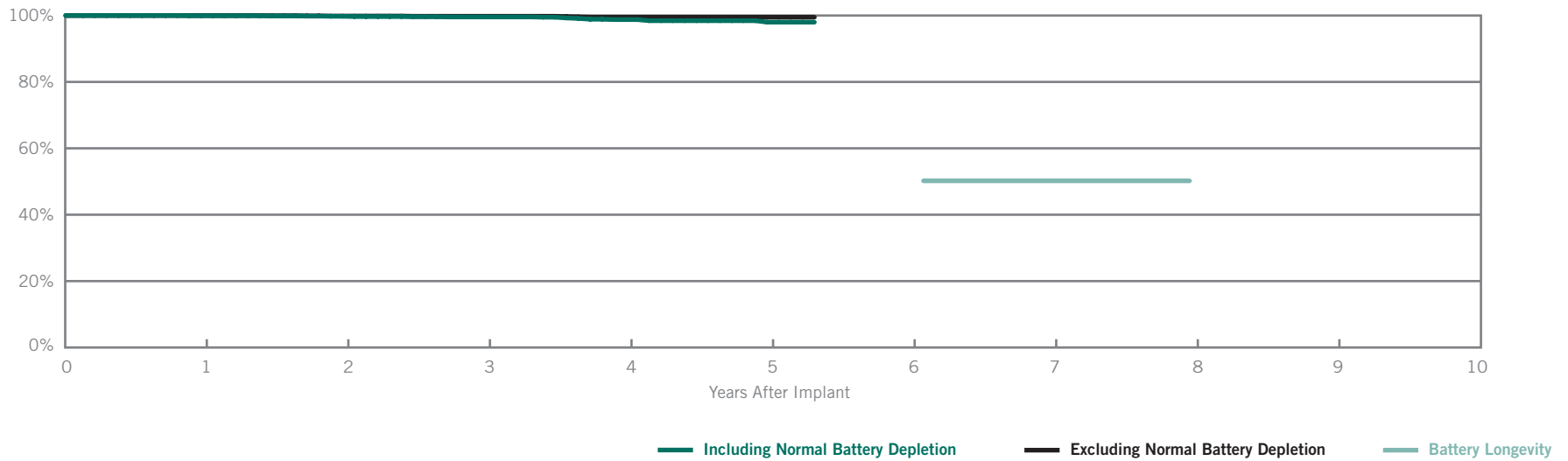
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 65 months				
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.83%	99.79%	99.79%	99.79%	99.79%				
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.04%	0.06%	0.06%	0.06%	0.06%				

Atlas® DR (Model V-242)

US Regulatory Approval	October 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	15
Registered US Implants	4,643	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	7
Estimated Active US Implants	2,764	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	6
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 64 months				
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.77%	99.57%	98.77%	98.00%	98.00%				
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.08%	0.11%	0.22%	0.27%	0.41%				
Sample Size	4600	4100	3500	2500	1100	200				

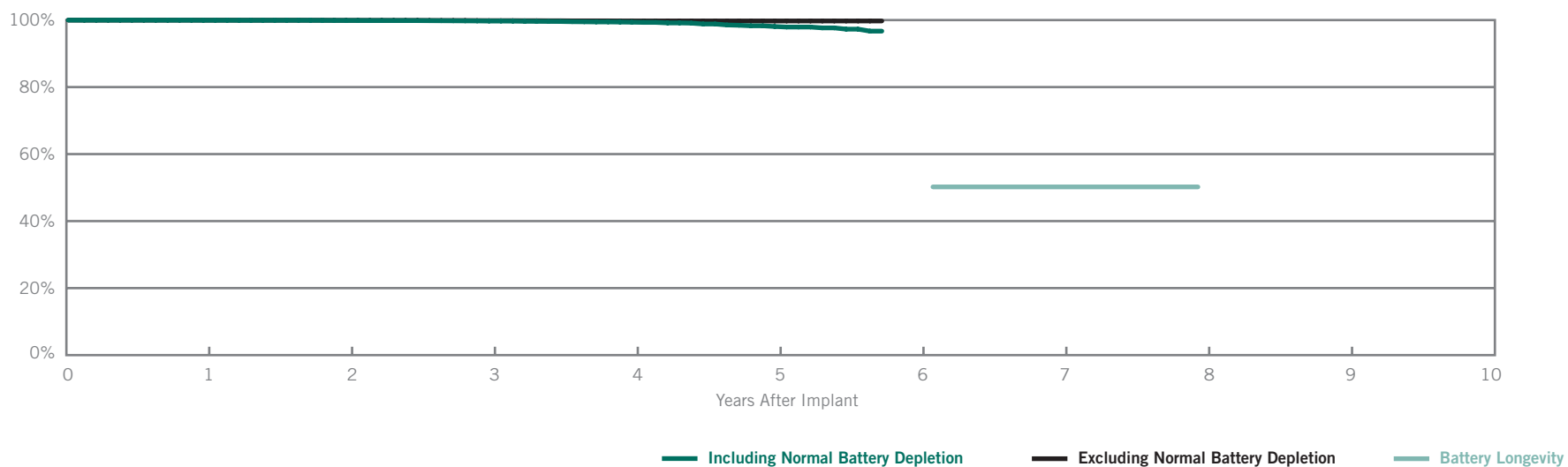
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 64 months				
Survival Probability	100.00%	99.84%	99.78%	99.50%	99.50%	99.50%				
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.06%	0.08%	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%				

Atlas® + DR (Model V-243)

US Regulatory Approval	October 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	49
Registered US Implants	20,946	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	18
Estimated Active US Implants	12,807	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	14
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	4
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 69 months				
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.88%	99.71%	99.37%	98.08%	96.70%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.04%	0.07%	0.21%	0.59%				
Sample Size	20900	18300	14900	9400	3600	300				

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

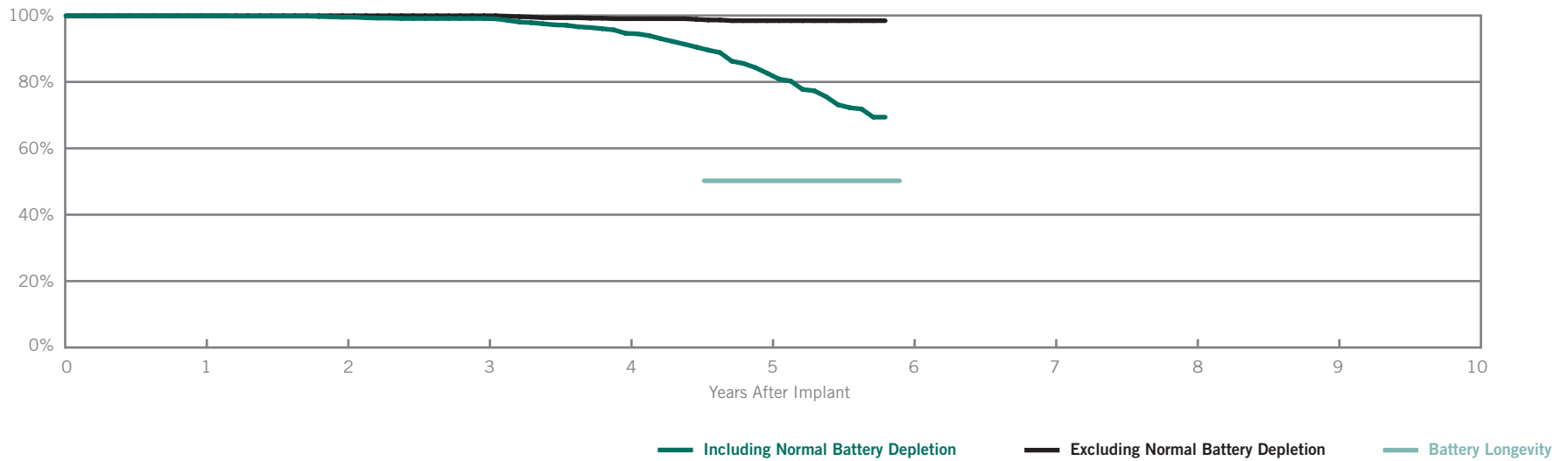
Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 69 months				
Survival Probability	99.97%	99.92%	99.83%	99.73%	99.73%	99.73%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%				

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Epic® + DR (Model V-236)

US Regulatory Approval	April 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	168
Registered US Implants	2,346	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	11
Estimated Active US Implants	314	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	10
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 70 months				
Survival Probability	99.91%	99.50%	99.11%	94.63%	82.63%	69.38%				
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.14%	0.22%	0.51%	1.05%	1.66%				
Sample Size	2300	2100	1800	1600	1300	300				

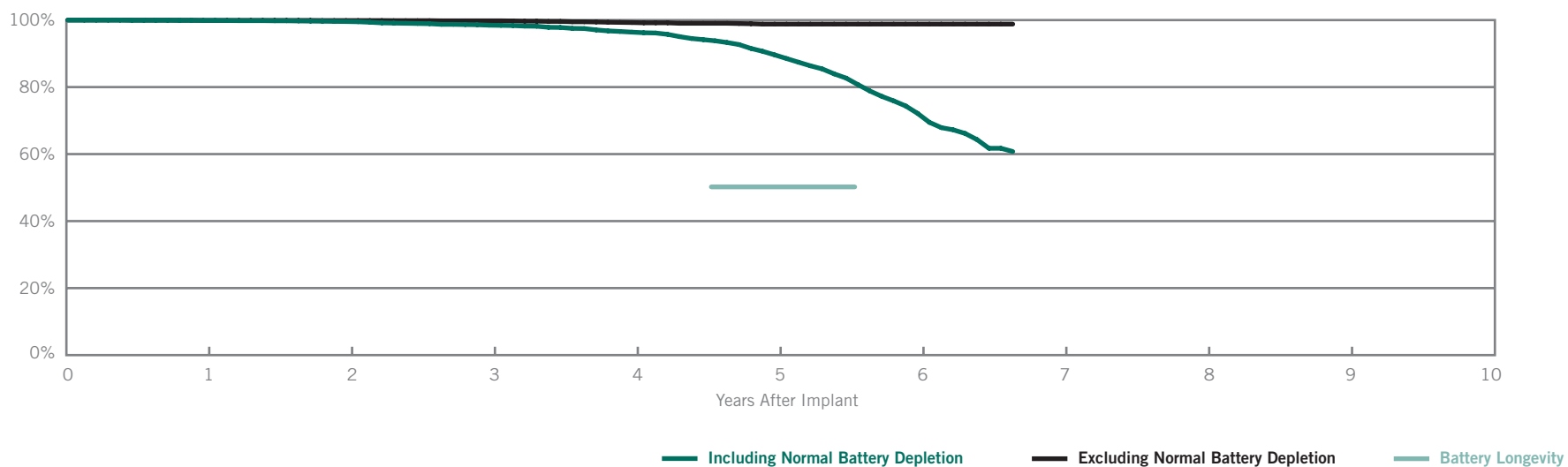
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 70 months				
Survival Probability	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.04%	98.44%	98.44%				
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.06%	0.06%	0.25%	0.35%	0.35%				

Epic® DR (Model V-235)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2002	Normal Battery Depletion	418
Registered US Implants	6,598	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	28
Estimated Active US Implants	1,009	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	4
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	24
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 80 months			
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.56%	98.47%	96.40%	89.61%	72.16%	60.77%			
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.08%	0.16%	0.27%	0.48%	0.94%	1.46%			
Sample Size	6600	5900	5300	4600	3800	2400	200			

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

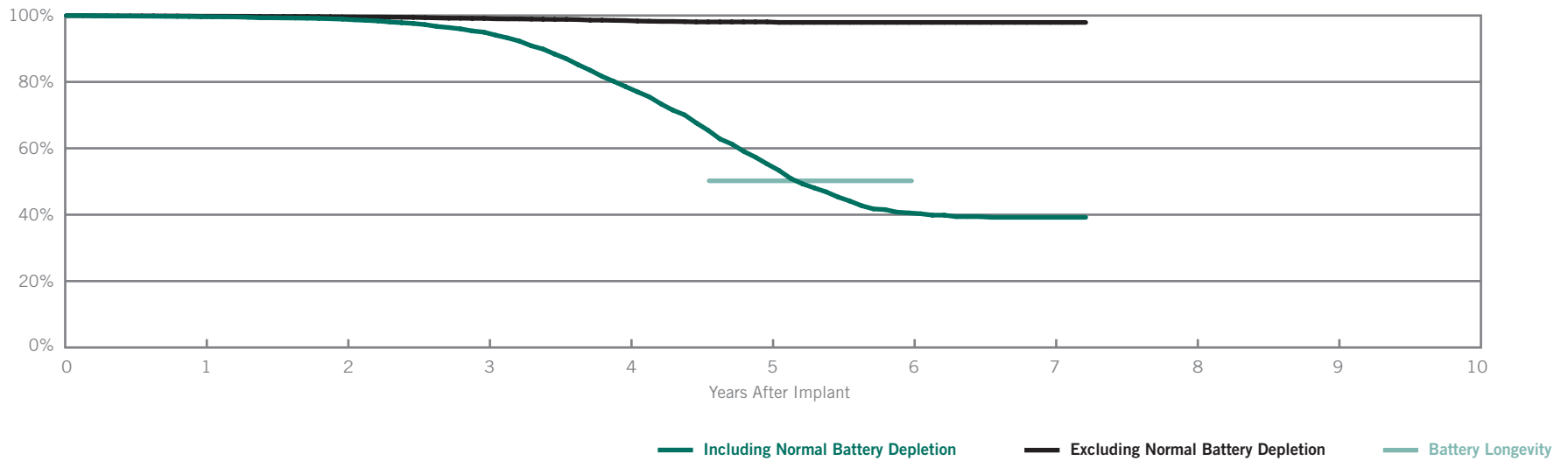
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 80 months			
Survival Probability	99.90%	99.86%	99.78%	99.26%	98.80%	98.80%	98.80%			
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.05%	0.06%	0.12%	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%			

ICDS

Atlas® DR (Model V-240)

US Regulatory Approval	December 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	1053
Registered US Implants	8,850	Total Malfunctions (21 related to Advisory)	60
Estimated Active US Implants	478	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (21 related to Advisory)	31
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 74)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	29
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.63%	98.91%	94.98%	78.58%	55.28%	40.54%	39.21%	39.21%		
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.11%	0.26%	0.54%	0.78%	0.98%	1.01%	1.01%		
Sample Size	8800	7700	6700	5500	3600	1300	400	200		

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.79%	99.60%	99.14%	98.48%	98.07%	97.92%	97.92%	97.92%		
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.07%	0.11%	0.16%	0.20%	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%		

SUMMARY & LONGEVITY INFORMATION

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Battery Longevity

Models	Family	Approximate Duration (years)*			
		No Pacing	25% Pacing	50% Pacing	100% Pacing
CD2211-36	Current® + DR	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.1
CD2211-36Q	Current® + DR	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.1
2207-30	Current® DR RF	6.5	5.9	5.4	4.6
2107-36	Current® DR	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.1
2207-36	Current® DR RF	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.1
V-265	Atlas® II DR	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.1
V-268	Atlas® II + DR	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.1
V-255	Epic® II DR	7.0	6.4	5.9	5.1
V-258	Epic® II + DR	6.5	5.9	5.4	4.6
V-233	Epic® DR	6.4	6.0	5.6	4.9
V-239	Epic® + DR	6.4	6.0	5.6	4.5
V-242	Atlas® DR	7.9	7.3	6.9	6.1
V-243	Atlas® + DR	7.9	7.3	6.9	6.1
V-236	Epic® + DR	5.8	5.4	5.1	4.5
V-235	Epic® DR	5.6	5.3	4.9	4.4
V-240	Atlas® DR	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.6

*Battery longevity calculated with one EGM storage.

Pacing parameters: DDD, 2.5V, 0.5 ms, 60 ppm, 500 ohms

Battery Voltage Range: 3.20 – 2.45; Battery condition: Normal

Four maximum charges per year as well as monthly charging during the batteries mid-life voltage range.

(Four maximum charges per year for model V-240).

Malfunction and Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (under advisory)	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Total Malfunctions	Total Normal Battery Depletion
CD2211-36	Current® + DR	Feb-09	2928	2834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CD2211-36Q	Current® + DR	Feb-09	2612	2583	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2207-30	Current® DR RF	Sep-07	1434	1274	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2107-36	Current® DR	May-07	651	516	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2207-36	Current® DR RF	Sep-07	20869	18666	2	0	4	7	3	16	1
V-265	Atlas® II DR	Jul-06	1878	1432	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
V-268	Atlas® II + DR	Jul-06	14458	11416	4	0	6	1	5	16	3
V-255	Epic® II DR	Mar-06	544	396	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
V-258	Epic® II + DR	Mar-06	2038	1544	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
V-233	Epic® DR	Oct-03	1825	963	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
V-239	Epic® + DR	Oct-03	7831	4275	5	0	0	2	0	7	73
V-242	Atlas® DR	Oct-03	4643	2764	3	0	3	1	0	7	15
V-243	Atlas® + DR	Oct-03	20946	12807	2	0	12	3	1	18	49
V-236	Epic® + DR	Apr-03	2346	314	0	0	1	8	2	11	168
V-235	Epic® DR	Jul-02	6598	1009	2	0	2	22	2	28	418
V-240	Atlas® DR	Dec-01	8850	478	5	21	5	12	17	60	1053

Including Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
CD2211-36	Current® + DR*										
CD2211-36Q	Current® + DR*										
2207-30	Current® DR RF	100.00%	100.00%								
2107-36	Current® DR	100.00%	100.00%								
2207-36	Current® DR RF	99.84%	99.71%								
V-265	Atlas® II DR	99.89%	99.77%	99.77%							
V-268	Atlas® II + DR	99.88%	99.74%	99.70%							
V-255	Epic® II DR	99.38%	99.38%								
V-258	Epic® II + DR	99.88%	99.88%	99.88%							
V-233	Epic® DR	99.89%	99.89%	99.04%	97.05%						
V-239	Epic® + DR	99.74%	99.52%	99.11%	97.93%	94.86%					
V-242	Atlas® DR	99.93%	99.77%	99.57%	98.77%	98.00%					
V-243	Atlas® + DR	99.95%	99.88%	99.71%	99.37%	98.08%					
V-236	Epic® + DR	99.91%	99.50%	99.11%	94.63%	82.63%					
V-235	Epic® DR	99.89%	99.56%	98.47%	96.40%	89.61%	72.16%				
V-240	Atlas® DR	99.63%	98.91%	94.98%	78.58%	55.28%	40.54%	39.21%			

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

**Excluding Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
CD2211-36	Current® + DR*										
CD2211-36Q	Current® + DR*										
2207-30	Current® DR RF	100.00%	100.00%								
2107-36	Current® DR	100.00%	100.00%								
2207-36	Current® DR RF	99.85%	99.72%								
V-265	Atlas® II DR	100.00%	99.88%	99.88%							
V-268	Atlas® II + DR	99.89%	99.78%	99.74%							
V-255	Epic® II DR	99.59%	99.59%								
V-258	Epic® II + DR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
V-233	Epic® DR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%						
V-239	Epic® + DR	99.89%	99.83%	99.79%	99.79%	99.79%					
V-242	Atlas® DR	100.00%	99.84%	99.78%	99.50%	99.50%					
V-243	Atlas® + DR	99.97%	99.92%	99.83%	99.73%	99.73%					
V-236	Epic® + DR	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.04%	98.44%					
V-235	Epic® DR	99.90%	99.86%	99.78%	99.26%	98.80%	98.80%				
V-240	Atlas® DR	99.79%	99.60%	99.14%	98.48%	98.07%	97.92%	97.92%			

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

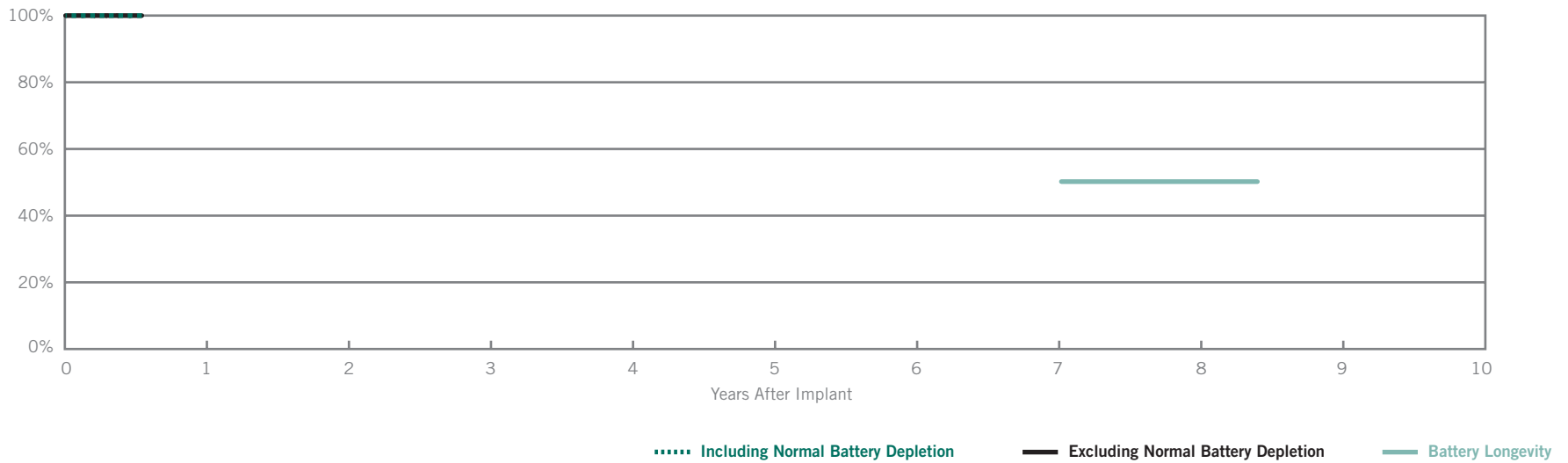
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Current® + VR (Model CD1211-36)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,575	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,526	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 7 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

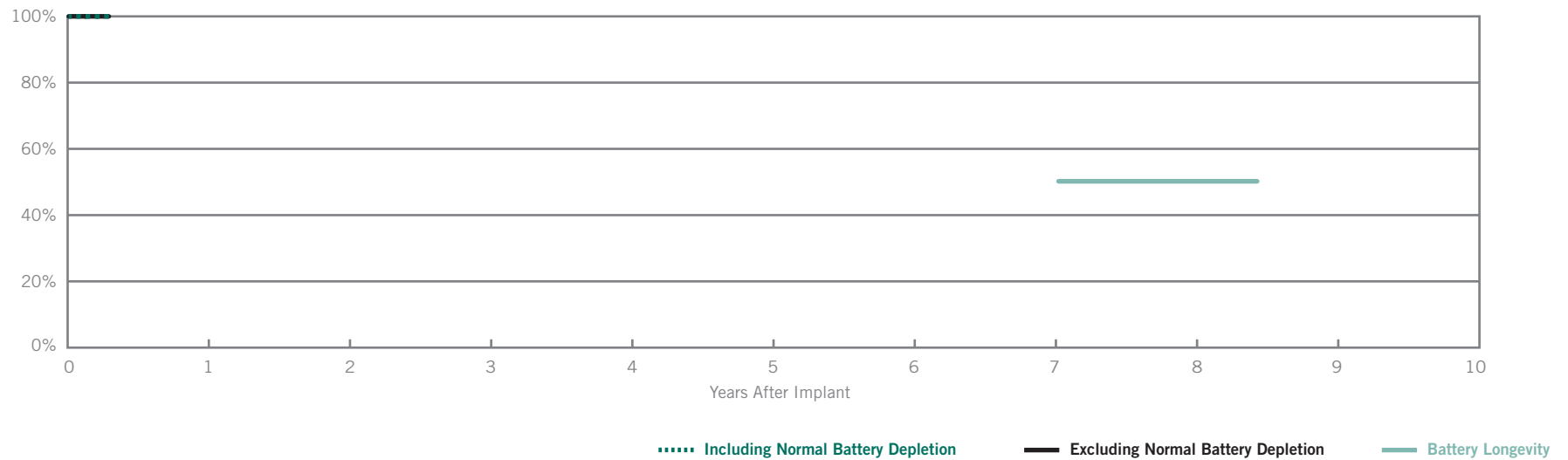
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 7 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

Current® + VR (Model CD1211-36Q)

US Regulatory Approval	February 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,284	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,264	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 4 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	300									

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

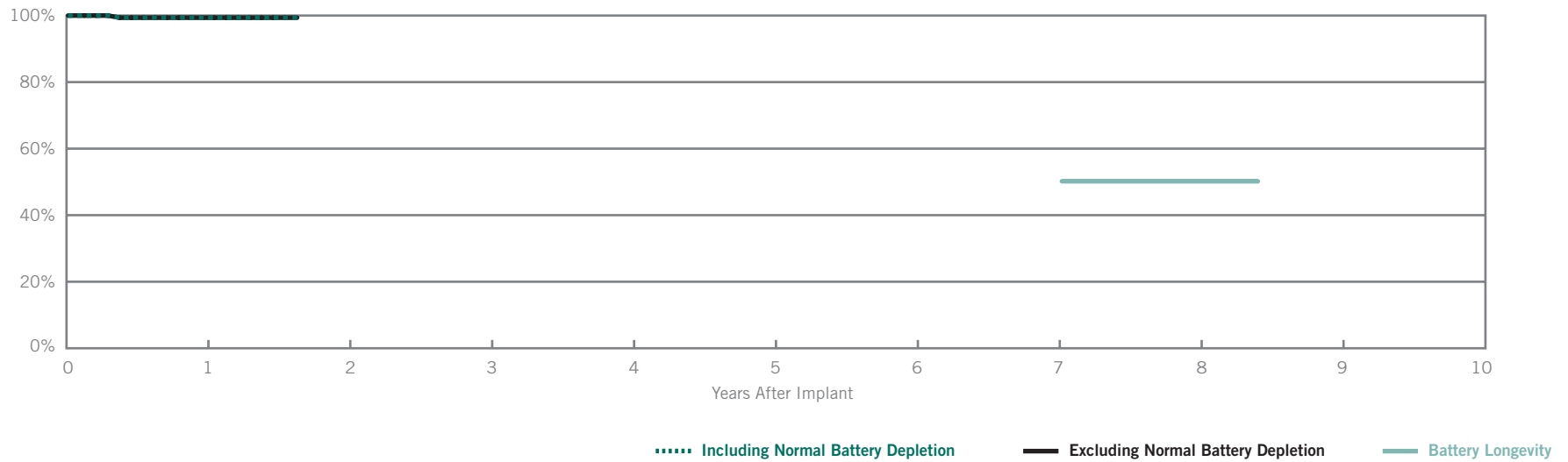
Year	at 4 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

ICDS

Current® VR (Model 1107-36)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	339	Total Malfunctions	1
Estimated Active US Implants	266	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	99.36%	99.36%								
± 1 standard error	0.45%	0.45%								
Sample Size	300	200								

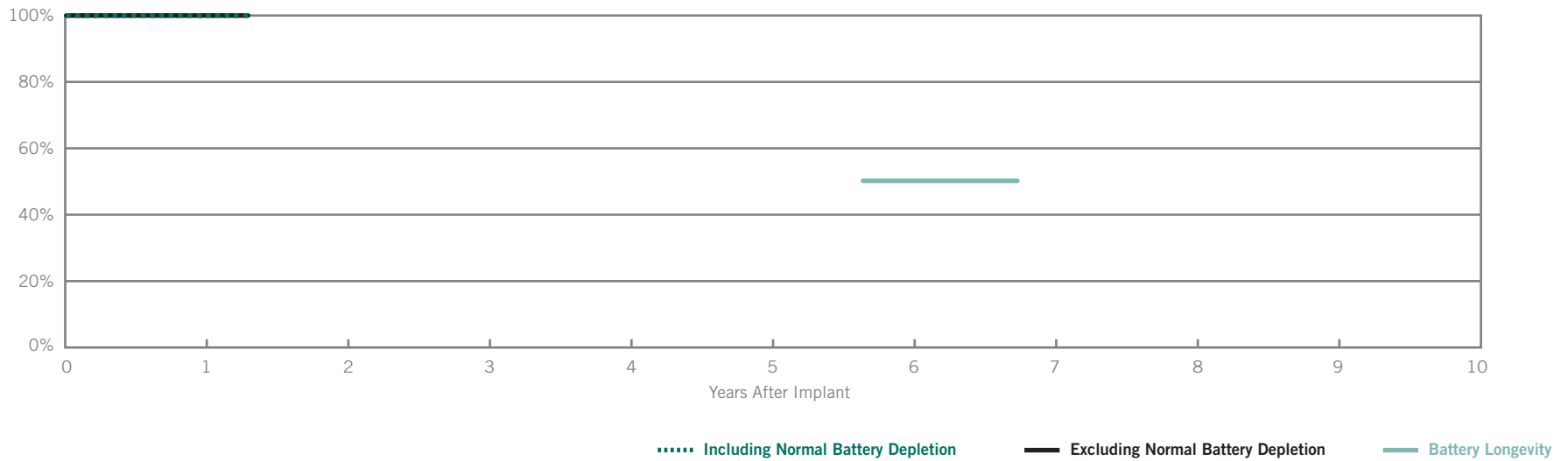
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 20 months								
Survival Probability	99.36%	99.36%								
± 1 standard error	0.45%	0.45%								

Current® VR RF (Model 1207-30)

US Regulatory Approval	September 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	760	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	695	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 16 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	600	200								

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

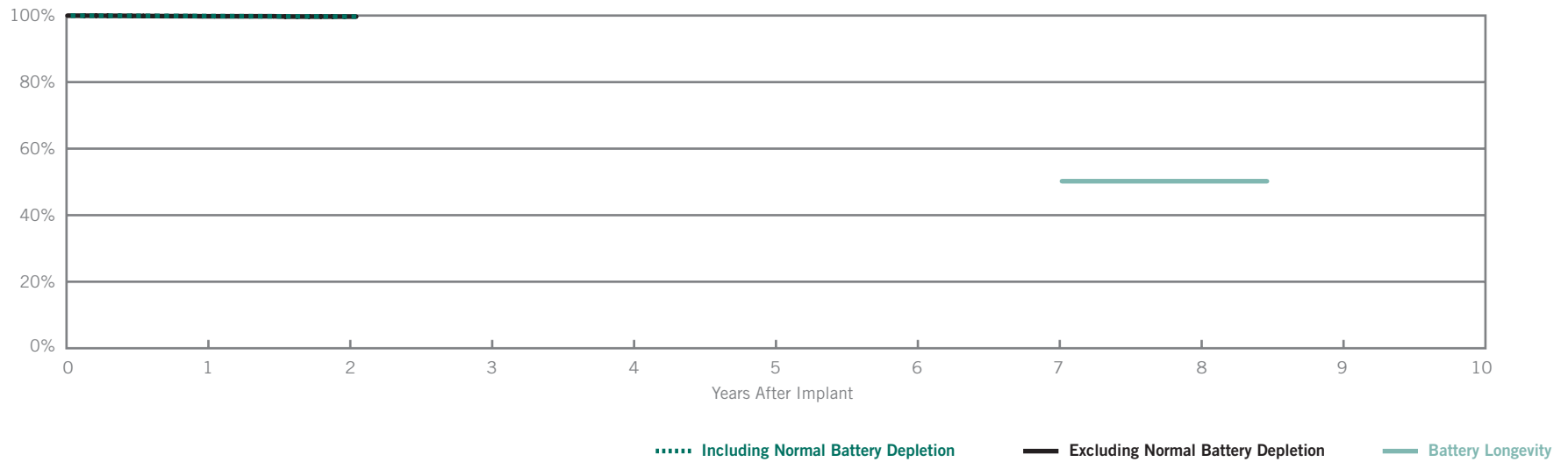
Year	1	at 16 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								

ICDS

Current® VR RF (Model 1207-36)

US Regulatory Approval	September 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	10,130	Total Malfunctions	12
Estimated Active US Implants	8,947	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	6
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	6
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 25 months						
Survival Probability	99.78%	99.69%	99.69%						
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.08%	0.08%						
Sample Size	8400	3000	200						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

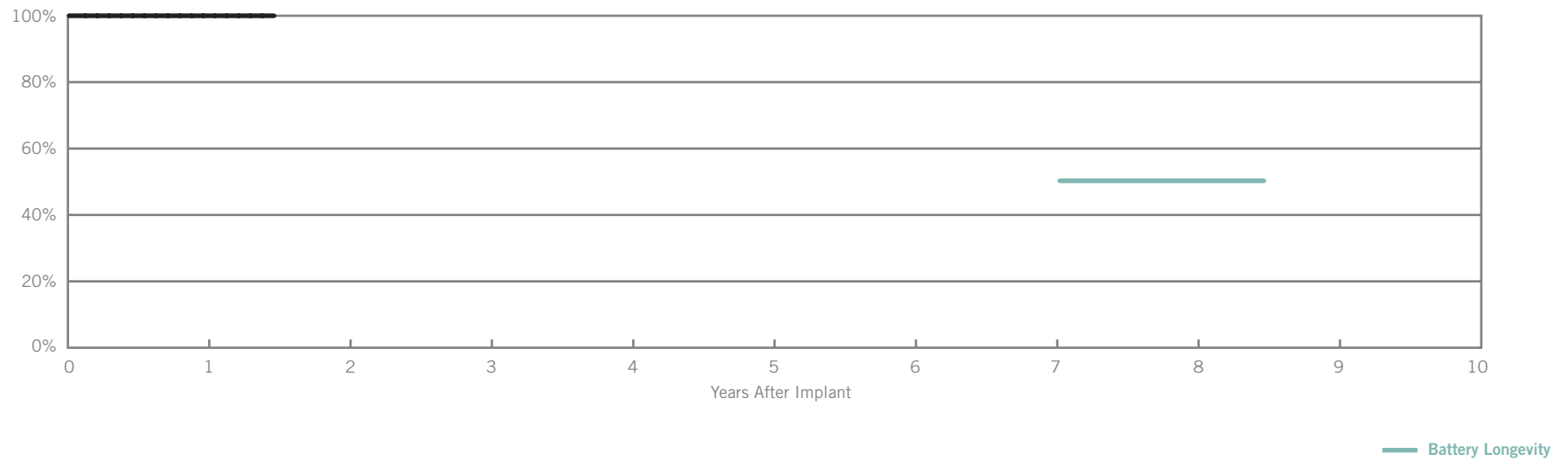
Year	1	2	at 25 months						
Survival Probability	99.78%	99.69%	99.69%						
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.08%	0.08%						

Current® VR RF (Model 1207-36)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	384
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	4,545

Qualifying Complications	
None Reported	

Survival from SCORE Registry

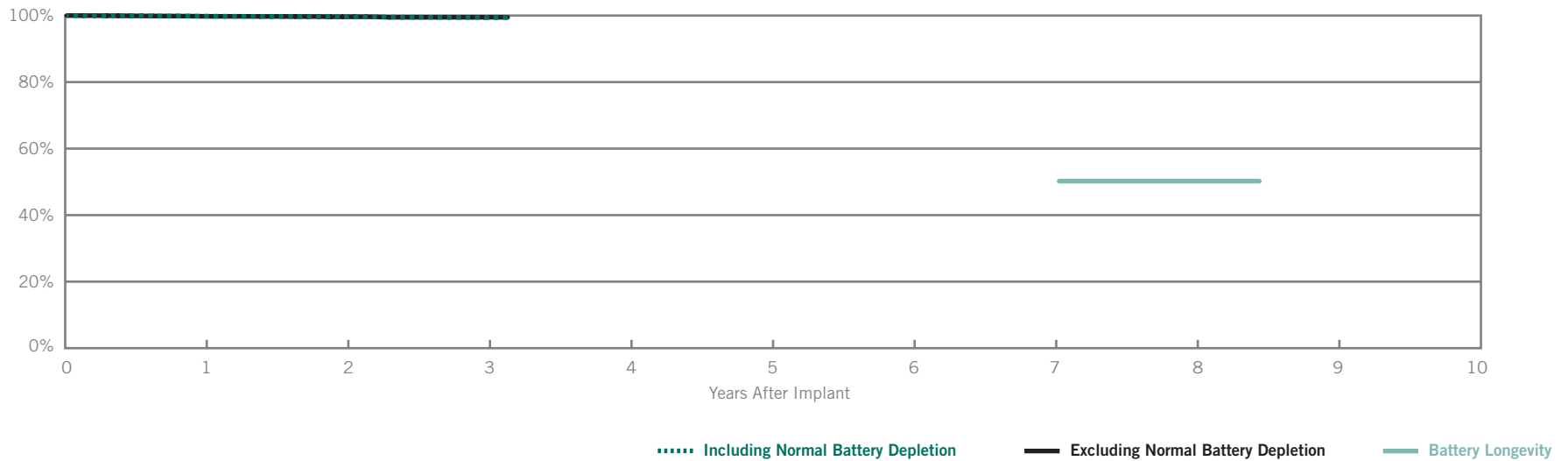


Year	1	at 18 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	204	58								

Atlas® II VR (Model V-168)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	3
Registered US Implants	10,272	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	20
Estimated Active US Implants	8,191	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	14
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	6
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 38 months						
Survival Probability	99.77%	99.62%	99.40%	99.40%						
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.07%	0.11%	0.11%						
Sample Size	9900	7100	3000	400						

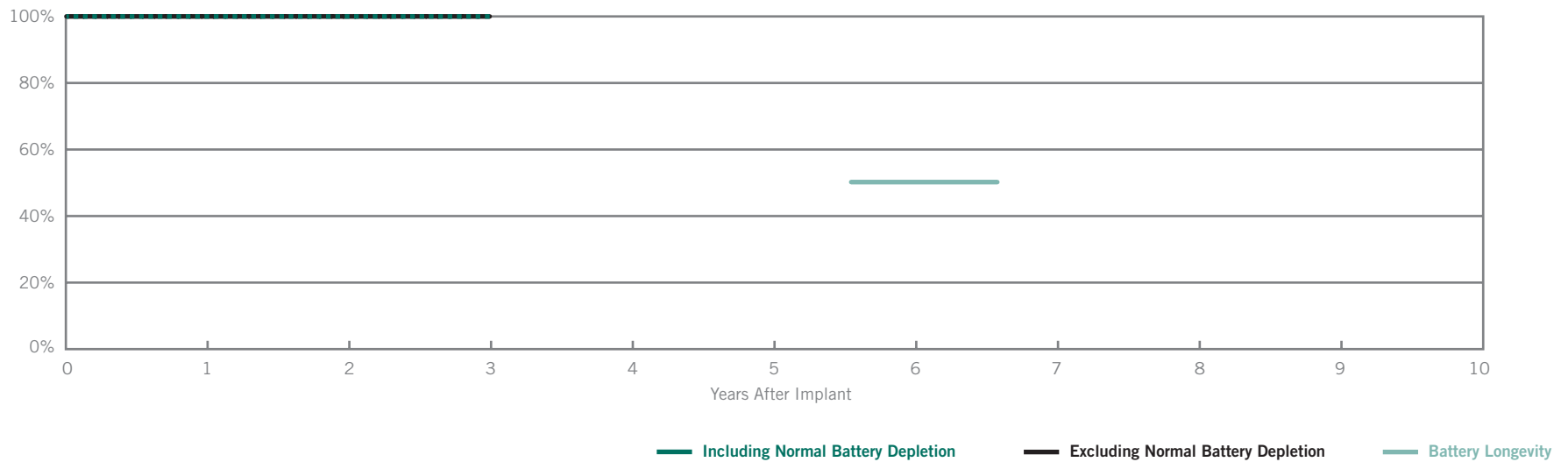
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 38 months						
Survival Probability	99.78%	99.64%	99.48%	99.48%						
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.07%	0.09%	0.09%						

Epic® II VR (Model V-158)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2006	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,530	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,155	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3							
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
Sample Size	1500	1100	500							

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

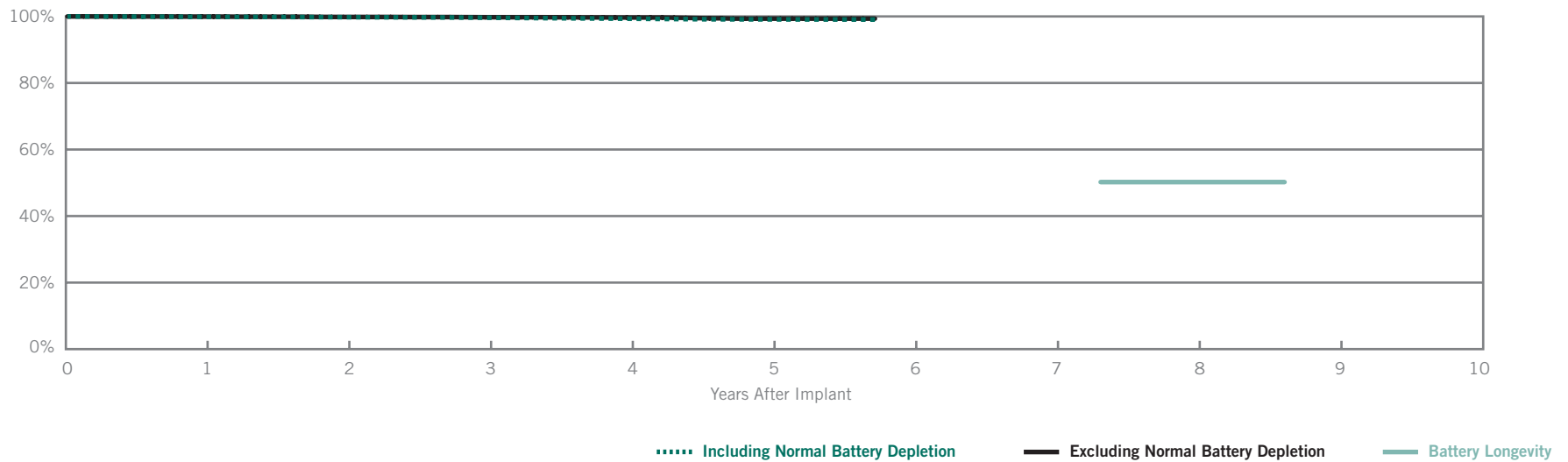
Year	1	2	3							
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							

ICDS

Atlas® + VR (Model V-193)

US Regulatory Approval	October 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	21
Registered US Implants	20,431	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	28
Estimated Active US Implants	12,707	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	19
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	9
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 69 months				
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.73%	99.64%	99.46%	99.05%	99.05%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.04%	0.05%	0.07%	0.14%	0.14%				
Sample Size	20400	17900	14500	9400	3700	300				

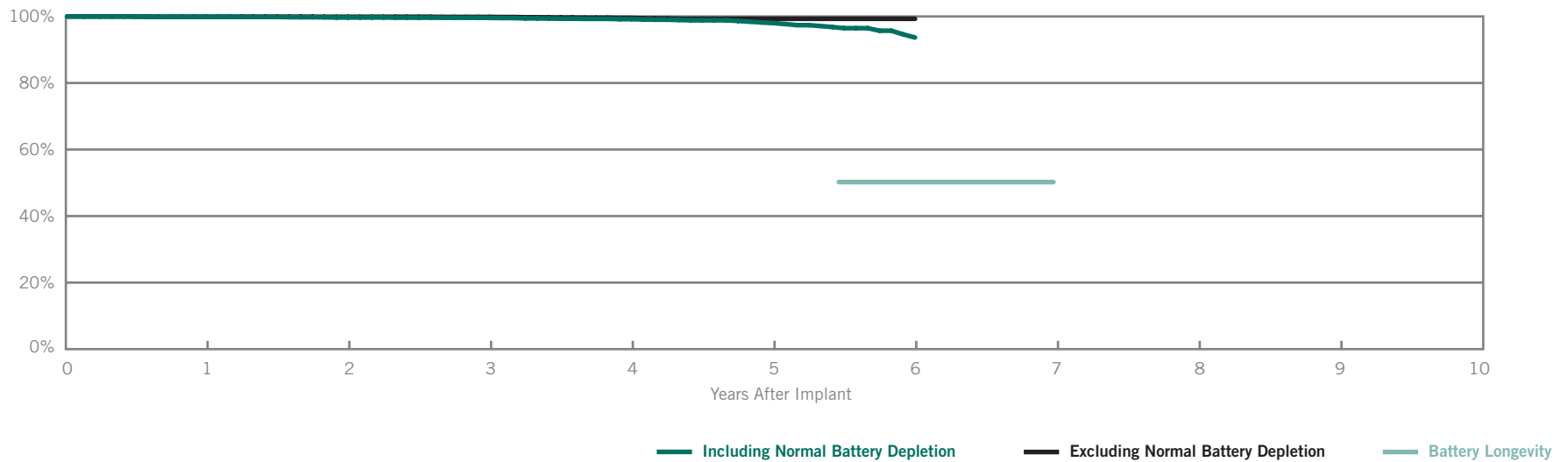
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 69 months				
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.84%	99.76%	99.68%	99.34%	99.34%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.12%	0.12%				

Epic® + VR (Model V-196)

US Regulatory Approval	April 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	31
Registered US Implants	7,945	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	16
Estimated Active US Implants	4,319	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	5
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	11
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Three

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6				
Survival Probability	99.87%	99.68%	99.56%	99.18%	98.00%	93.66%				
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.07%	0.08%	0.13%	0.28%	0.94%				
Sample Size	7900	7000	6100	4400	2300	700				

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

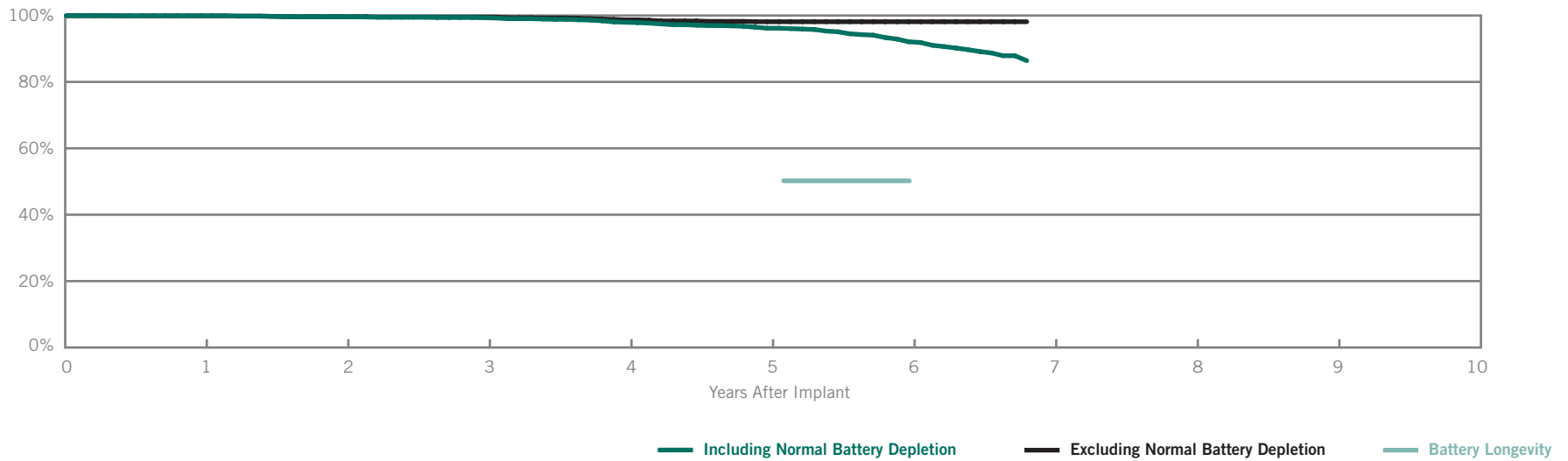
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6				
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.89%	99.85%	99.55%	99.29%	99.29%				
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.10%	0.14%	0.14%				

ICDS

Epic® VR (Model V-197)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2002	Normal Battery Depletion	70
Registered US Implants	3,654	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	25
Estimated Active US Implants	954	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	5
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	20
Max. Delivered Energy	30 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 82 months			
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.63%	99.33%	97.95%	96.18%	92.09%	86.40%			
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.11%	0.14%	0.27%	0.39%	0.64%	1.08%			
Sample Size	3700	3200	2900	2500	2100	1500	200			

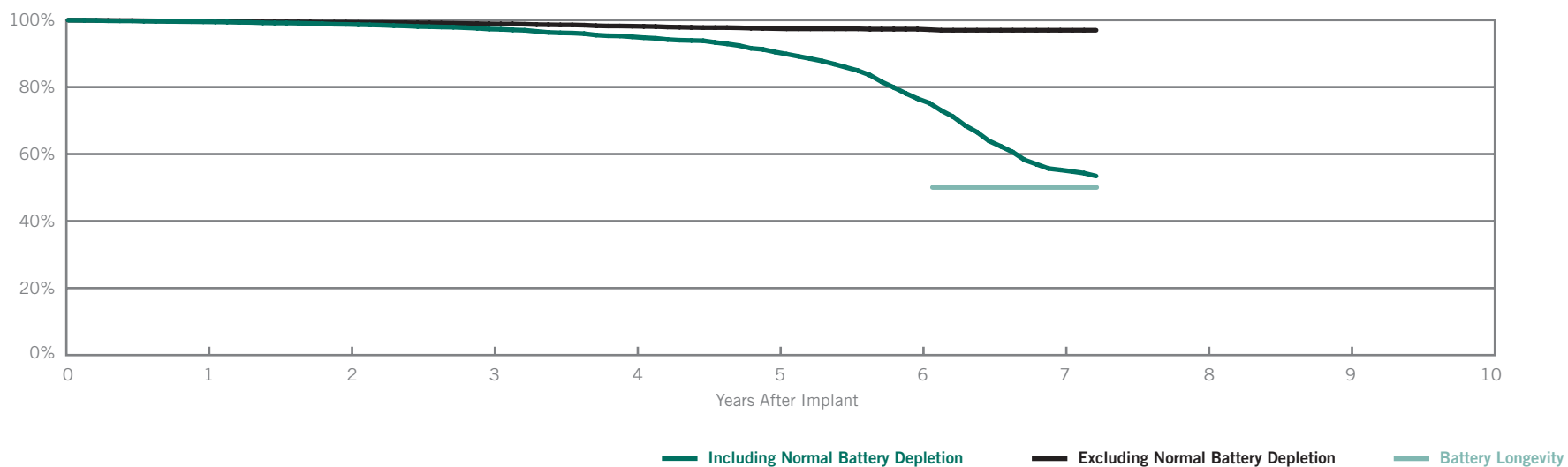
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 82 months			
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.63%	99.55%	98.69%	98.13%	98.13%	98.13%			
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.11%	0.12%	0.21%	0.28%	0.28%	0.28%			

Atlas® VR (Model V-199)

US Regulatory Approval	December 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	459
Registered US Implants	7,095	Total Malfunctions (22 related to Advisory)	70
Estimated Active US Implants	864	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (22 related to Advisory)	34
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	36
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.49%	98.72%	97.32%	95.01%	90.50%	76.54%	55.27%	53.44%		
± 1 standard error	0.08%	0.14%	0.21%	0.31%	0.44%	0.79%	1.42%	1.50%		
Sample Size	7100	6200	5400	4500	3700	2700	1200	200		

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

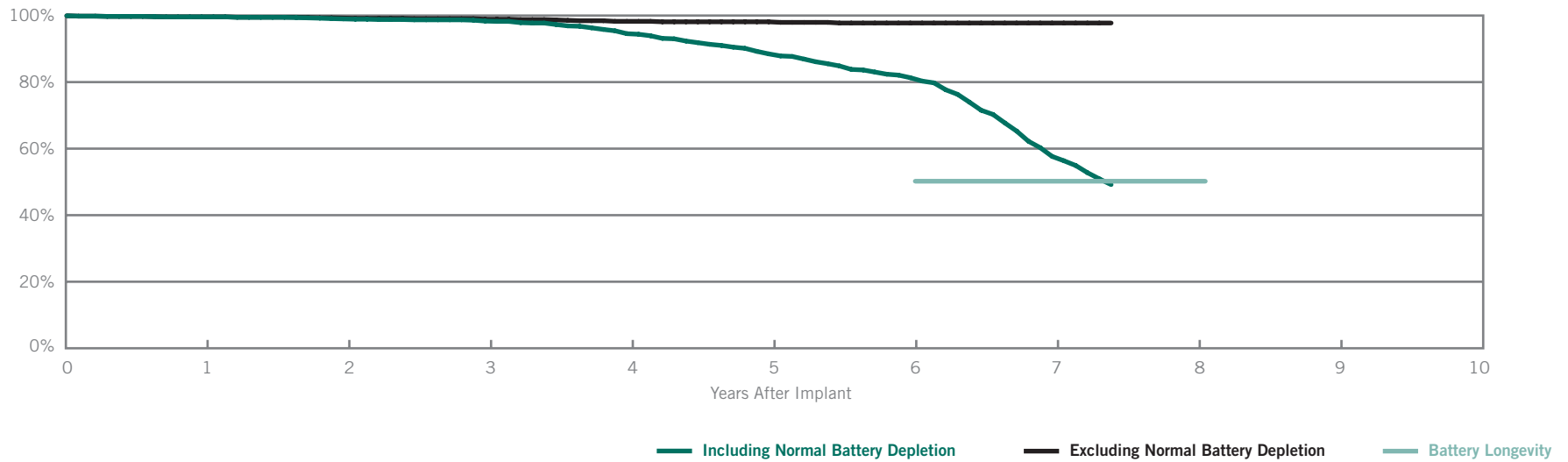
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.62%	99.35%	98.88%	98.18%	97.46%	97.29%	96.97%	96.97%		
± 1 standard error	0.07%	0.10%	0.14%	0.19%	0.24%	0.25%	0.30%	0.30%		

ICDS

Photon™ μ VR (Model V-194)

US Regulatory Approval	June 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	232
Registered US Implants	2,839	Total Malfunctions (5 related to Advisory)	23
Estimated Active US Implants	174	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (5 related to Advisory)	12
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	11
Max. Delivered Energy	36 joules	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

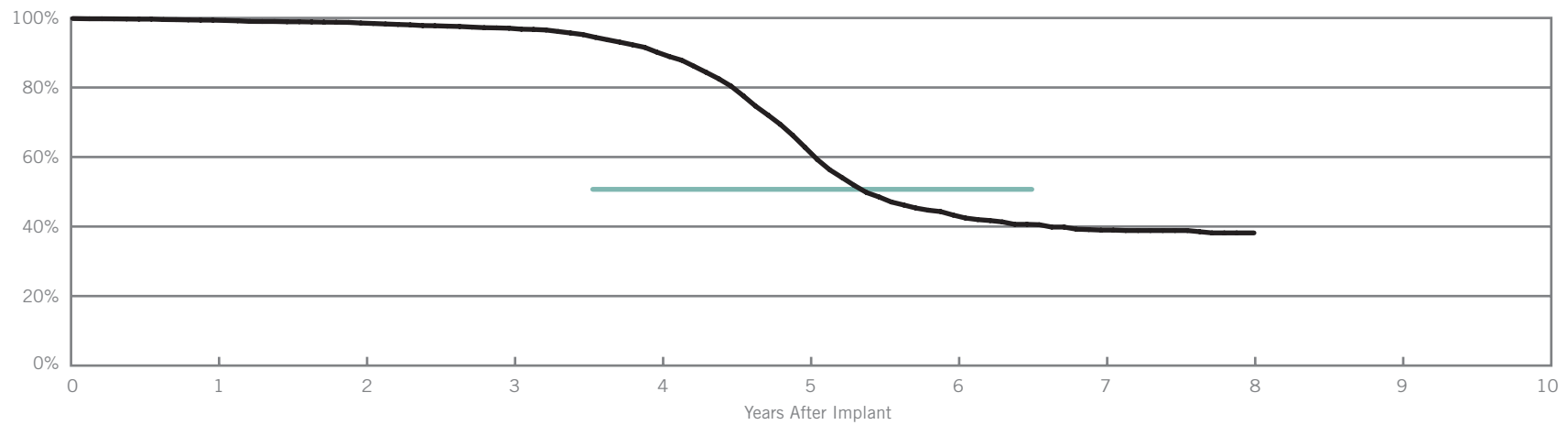
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 89 months		
Survival Probability	99.60%	98.99%	98.34%	94.55%	88.48%	81.31%	57.66%	49.19%		
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.19%	0.24%	0.48%	0.77%	1.03%	1.64%	1.88%		
Sample Size	2800	2500	2200	1900	1500	1200	800	200		

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 89 months		
Survival Probability	99.60%	99.25%	98.90%	98.26%	98.12%	97.76%	97.76%	97.76%		
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.16%	0.20%	0.29%	0.31%	0.35%	0.35%	0.35%		

Contour™ MD (Models V-175, V-175AC, V-175B, V-175C & V-175D)	
US Regulatory Approval	October 1998
Registered US Implants	4,929
Estimated Active US Implants	204
Estimated Longevity	(see table on page 96)
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Survival Probability	99.37%	98.54%	97.05%	90.15%	62.79%	43.31%	38.98%	38.17%		
± 1 standard error	0.11%	0.17%	0.27%	0.50%	0.98%	1.16%	1.23%	1.26%		
Sample Size	4900	4200	3600	3100	2400	1200	500	300		

SUMMARY & LONGEVITY INFORMATION

ICDs

Single-Chamber



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Battery Longevity

Models	Family	Approximate Duration (years)*			
		No Pacing	25% Pacing	50% Pacing	100% Pacing
CD1211-36	Current® + VR	8.4	8.0	7.6	7.0
CD1211-36Q	Current® + VR	8.4	8.0	7.6	7.0
1107-36	Current® VR	8.4	8.0	7.6	7.0
1207-30	Current® VR RF	6.7	6.4	6.1	5.6
1207-36	Current® VR RF	8.4	8.0	7.6	7.0
V-168	Atlas® II VR	8.4	8.0	7.6	7.0
V-158	Epic® II VR	6.7	6.4	6.1	5.6
V-193	Atlas® + VR	8.6	8.2	7.9	7.3
V-196	Epic® + VR SN <115000	6.3	6	5.8	5.4
V-196	Epic® + VR SN >115000	6.9	6.6	6.4	5.9
V-197	Epic® VR	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.1
V-199	Atlas® VR	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.1
V-194	Photon™ μ VR SN <42000	7.1	6.8	6.5	6.0
V-194	Photon™ μ VR SN >42000	8.1	7.7	7.4	6.8

*Battery longevity calculated with one EGM storage.

Pacing parameters: VVI, 2.5V, 0.5 ms, 60 ppm, 500 ohms

Battery Voltage Range: 3.20 – 2.45; Battery condition: Normal

Four maximum charges per year as well as monthly charging during the batteries mid-life voltage range.
(Four maximum charges per year for models V-194 and V-199).

Models	Family	4 Max charges/Yr. No Pacing	1 Maximum High-Voltage Charge/Month†		
			No Pacing	15% Pacing	100% Pacing
V-175, V-175AC, V-175B, V-175C, V-175D	Contour™ MD	6.5 yr.	4.8 yr.	4.4 yr.	3.5 yr.

†Pacing parameters: 5.0V, 0.5 ms, 60 ppm, 500 ohms

Battery Voltage Range: 3.20 – 2.55

Malfunction and Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (under advisory)	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Total Malfunctions	Total Normal Battery Depletion
CD1211-36	Current® + VR	Feb-09	1575	1526	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CD1211-36Q	Current® + VR	Feb-09	1284	1264	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1107-36	Current® VR	May-07	339	266	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
1207-30	Current® VR RF	Sep-07	760	695	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1207-36	Current® VR RF	Sep-07	10130	8947	3	0	3	3	3	12	0
V-168	Atlas® II VR	Jul-06	10272	8191	5	0	9	2	4	20	3
V-158	Epic® II VR	Mar-06	1530	1155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V-193	Atlas® + VR	Oct-03	20431	12707	9	0	10	2	7	28	21
V-196	Epic® + VR	Apr-03	7945	4319	3	0	2	11	0	16	31
V-197	Epic® VR	Jul-02	3654	954	4	0	1	18	2	25	70
V-199	Atlas® VR	Dec-01	7095	864	6	22	6	33	3	70	459
V-194	Photon™ μ VR	Jun-01	2839	174	3	5	4	10	1	23	232

Including Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
CD1211-36	Current® + VR*										
CD1211-36Q	Current® + VR*										
1107-36	Current® VR	99.36%									
1207-30	Current® VR RF	100.00%									
1207-36	Current® VR RF	99.78%	99.69%								
V-168	Atlas® II VR	99.77%	99.62%	99.40%							
V-158	Epic® II VR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
V-193	Atlas® + VR	99.89%	99.73%	99.64%	99.46%	99.05%					
V-196	Epic® + VR	99.87%	99.68%	99.56%	99.18%	98.00%	93.66%				
V-197	Epic® VR	99.89%	99.63%	99.33%	97.95%	96.18%	92.09%				
V-199	Atlas® VR	99.49%	98.72%	97.32%	95.01%	90.50%	76.54%	55.27%			
V-194	Photon™ μ VR	99.60%	98.99%	98.34%	94.55%	88.48%	81.31%	57.66%			

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
CD1211-36	Current® + VR*										
CD1211-36Q	Current® + VR*										
1107-36	Current® VR	99.36%									
1207-30	Current® VR RF	100.00%									
1207-36	Current® VR RF	99.78%	99.69%								
V-168	Atlas® II VR	99.78%	99.64%	99.48%							
V-158	Epic® II VR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%							
V-193	Atlas® + VR	99.95%	99.84%	99.76%	99.68%	99.34%					
V-196	Epic® + VR	99.92%	99.89%	99.85%	99.55%	99.29%	99.29%				
V-197	Epic® VR	99.89%	99.63%	99.55%	98.69%	98.13%	98.13%				
V-199	Atlas® VR	99.62%	99.35%	98.88%	98.18%	97.46%	97.29%	96.97%			
V-194	Photon™ μ VR	99.60%	99.25%	98.90%	98.26%	98.12%	97.76%	97.76%			

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

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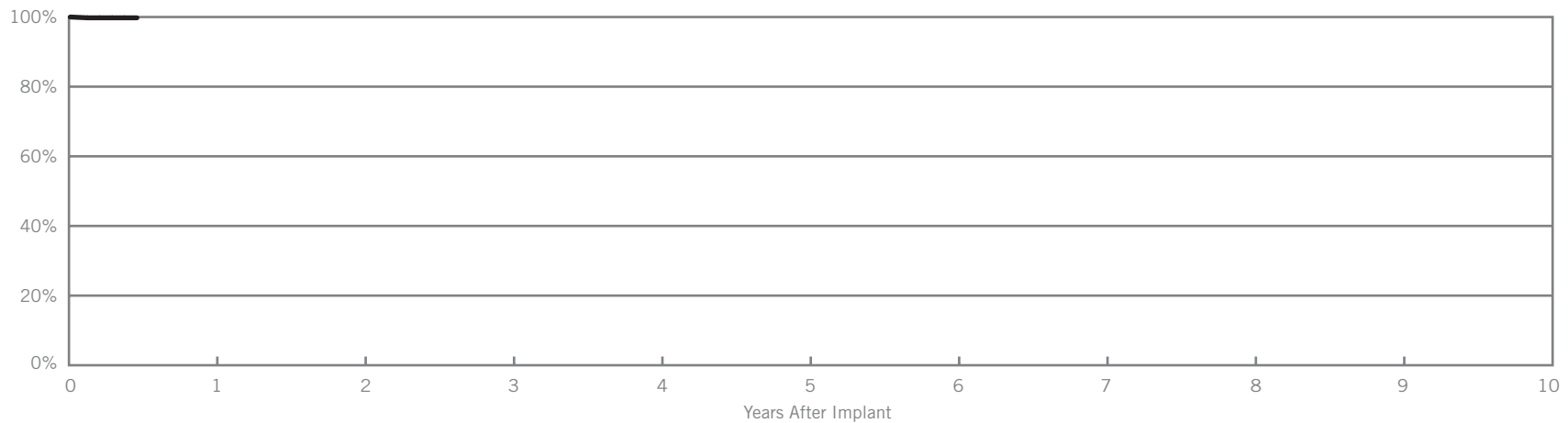
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Durata® SJ4 (Model 7120Q & 7121Q)	
US Regulatory Approval	January 2009
Registered US Implants	5,527
Estimated Active US Implants	5,365
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	3	0.05%	1	0.02%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	7	0.13%	2	0.04%
Failure to Capture	2	0.04%	0	0.00%
Oversensing	5	0.09%	1	0.02%
Failure to Sense	1	0.02%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	18	0.33%	4	0.07%
Total Returned for Analysis	8		1	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	2	0.04%
Total	2	0.04%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	at 6 months									
Survival Probability	99.77%									
± 1 standard error	0.08%									
Sample Size	200									

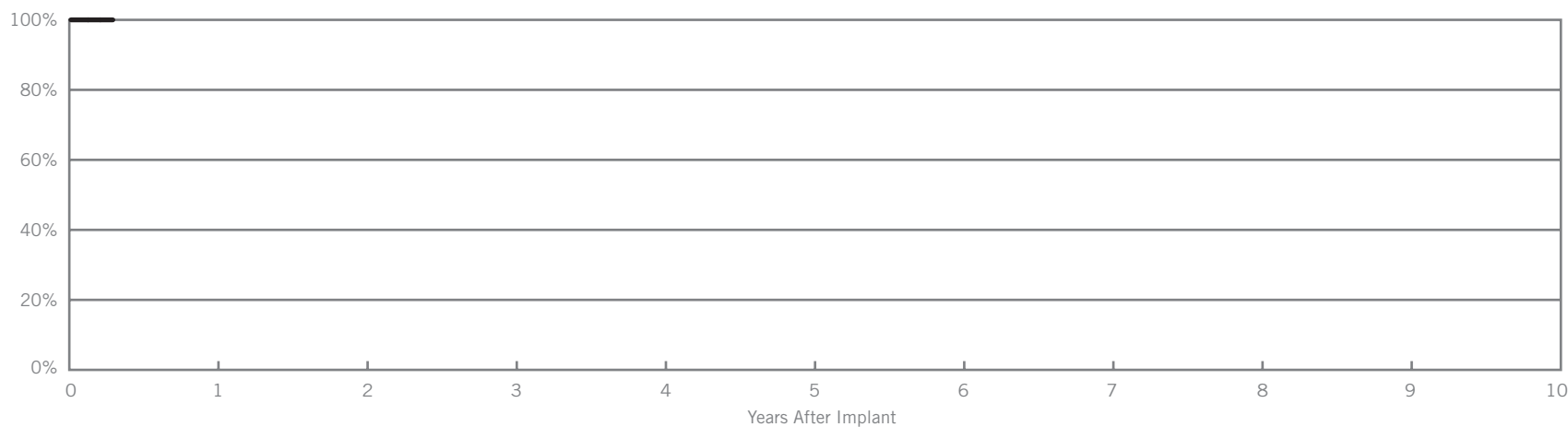
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Durata® SJ4 (Model 7122Q)	
US Regulatory Approval	January 2009
Registered US Implants	645
Estimated Active US Implants	622
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Capture	1	0.16%	0	0.00%
Oversensing	1	0.16%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	1	0.16%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	3	0.47%	0	0.00%
Total Returned for Analysis	1		0	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	0	0.00%
Total	0	0.00%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	at 4 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

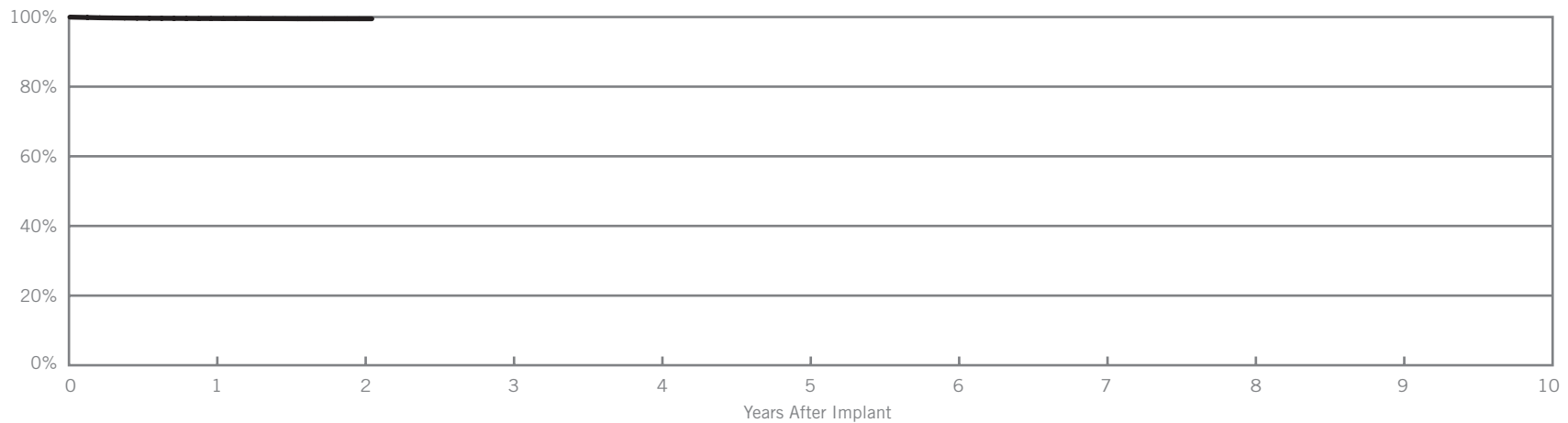
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Durata® (Models 7120 & 7121)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007
Registered US Implants	42,103
Estimated Active US Implants	37,837
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	23	0.05%	4	0.01%
Conductor Fracture	1	<0.01%	1	<0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	35	0.08%	68	0.16%
Failure to Capture	11	0.03%	25	0.06%
Oversensing	35	0.08%	30	0.07%
Failure to Sense	4	0.01%	7	0.02%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1	<0.01%	7	0.02%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	14	0.03%	4	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%
Other	15	0.04%	11	0.03%
Total	140	0.33%	157	0.37%
Total Returned for Analysis	40		71	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	1	<0.01%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	<0.01%
Other	7	0.02%
Extrinsic Factors	56	0.13%
Total	66	0.16%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	at 25 months						
Survival Probability	99.56%	99.49%	99.49%						
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%						
Sample Size	30100	8700	200						

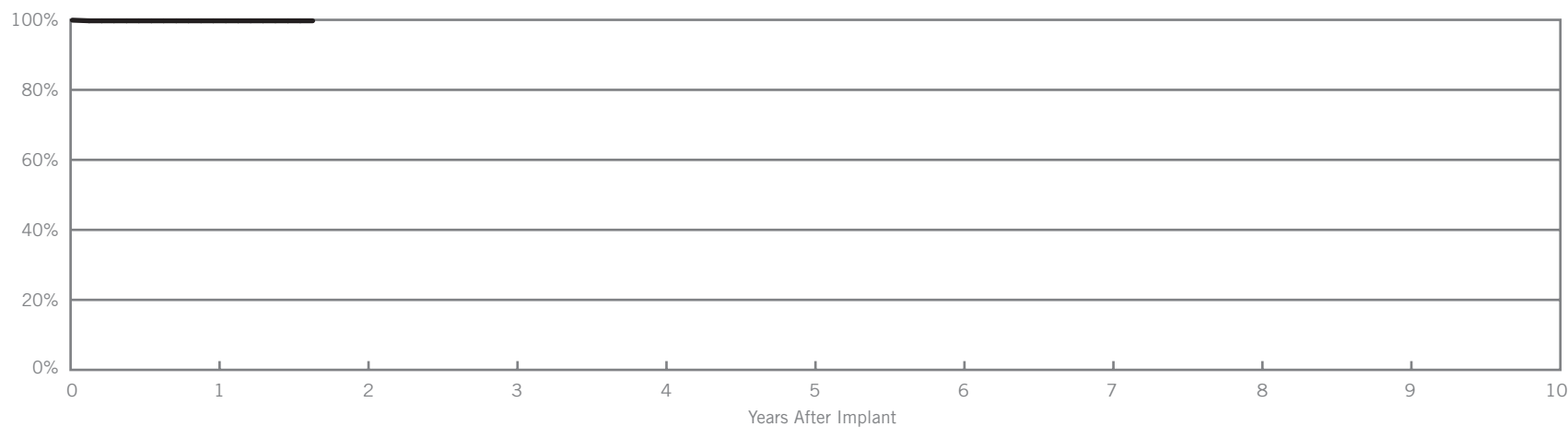
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Durata® (Models 7120 & 7121)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	1,113
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	13,747

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	1	0.09%
Failure to Capture	1	0.09%
Extracardiac Stimulation	1	0.09%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 20 months							
Survival Probability	99.73%	99.73%							
± 1 standard error	0.16%	0.16%							
Sample Size	611	97							

*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

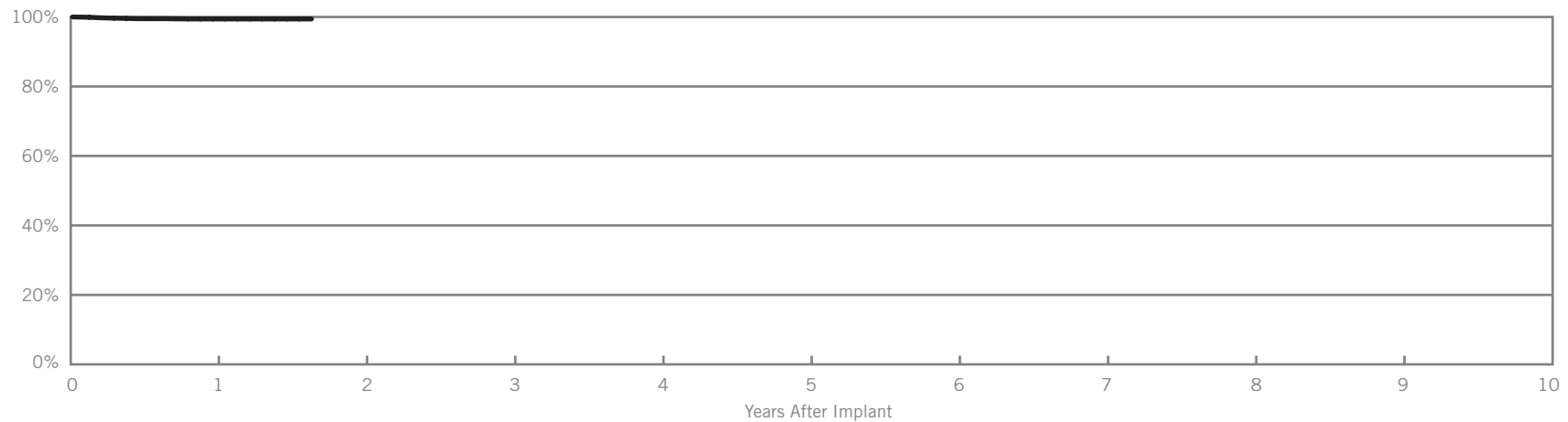
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Durata® (Model 7122)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007
Registered US Implants	4,854
Estimated Active US Implants	4,466
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	3	0.06%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	4	0.08%	9	0.19%
Failure to Capture	2	0.04%	5	0.10%
Oversensing	2	0.04%	2	0.04%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	1	0.02%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	1	0.02%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	3	0.06%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	11	0.23%	21	0.43%
Total Returned for Analysis	5		17	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.02%
Insulation Breach	1	0.02%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.02%
Extrinsic Factors	13	0.27%
Total	16	0.33%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	at 20 months							
Survival Probability	99.42%	99.42%							
± 1 standard error	0.13%	0.13%							
Sample Size	3300	200							

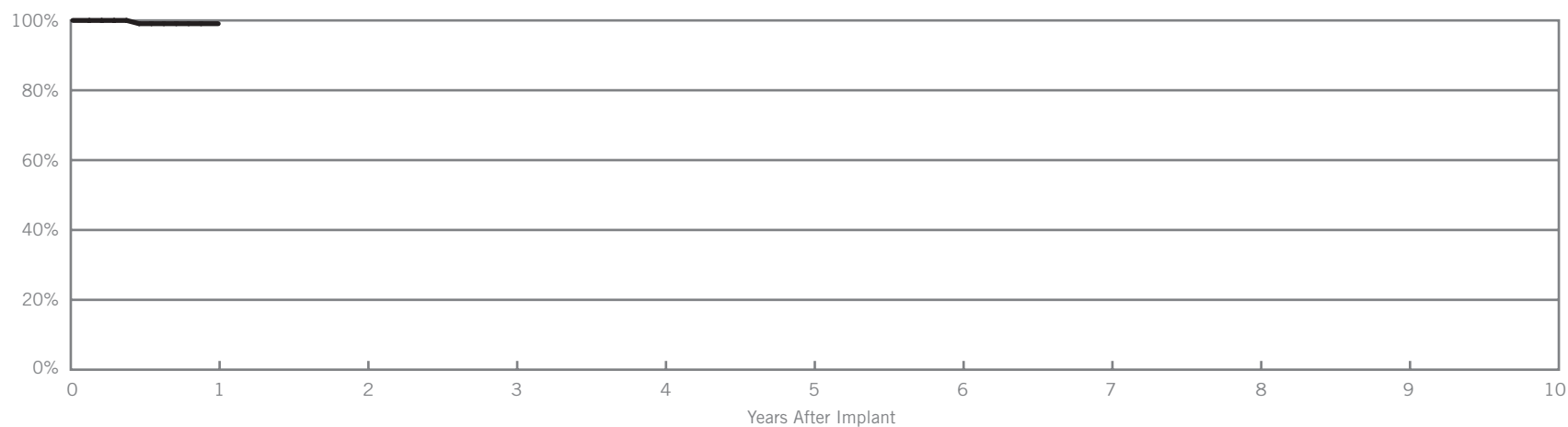
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Durata® (Model 7122)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 2007
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	133
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	1,425

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.09%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1									
Survival Probability	99.07%									
± 1 standard error	0.93%									
Sample Size	55									

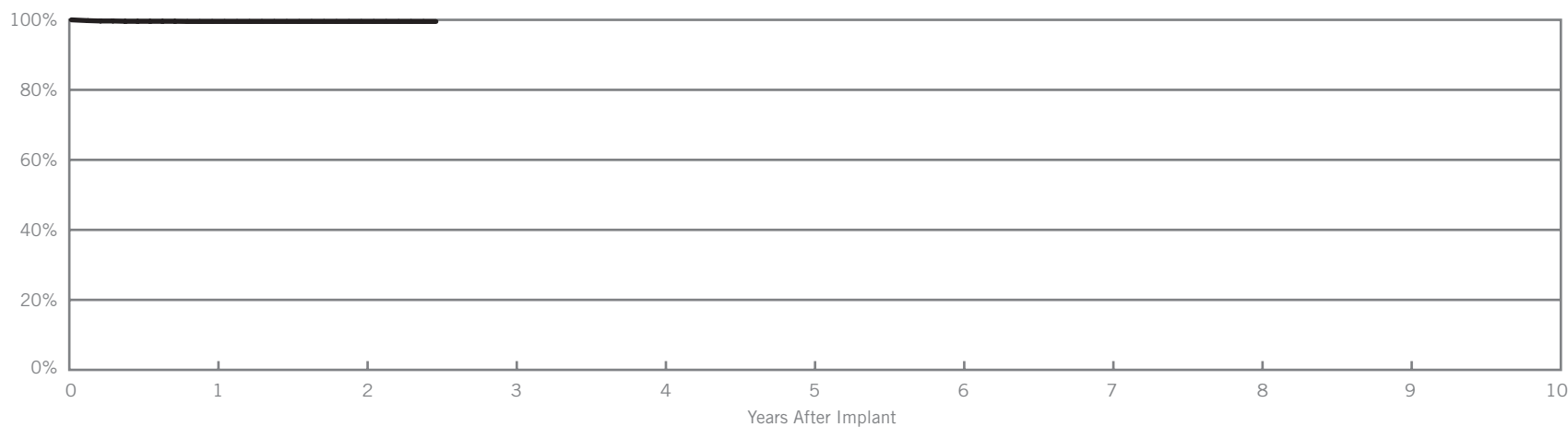
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Riata® ST Optim® (Models 7070 & 7071)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2006
Registered US Implants	2,890
Estimated Active US Implants	2,462
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	2	0.07%	1	0.03%
Conductor Fracture	1	0.03%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	3	0.10%	3	0.10%
Failure to Capture	5	0.17%	3	0.10%
Oversensing	3	0.10%	3	0.10%
Failure to Sense	2	0.07%	2	0.07%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	1	0.03%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	1	0.03%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	16	0.55%	14	0.48%
Total Returned for Analysis	4		5	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.03%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	0.03%
Other	1	0.03%
Extrinsic Factors	4	0.14%
Total	7	0.24%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	at 30 months						
Survival Probability	99.53%	99.53%	99.53%						
± 1 standard error	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%						
Sample Size	2300	1100	200						

*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

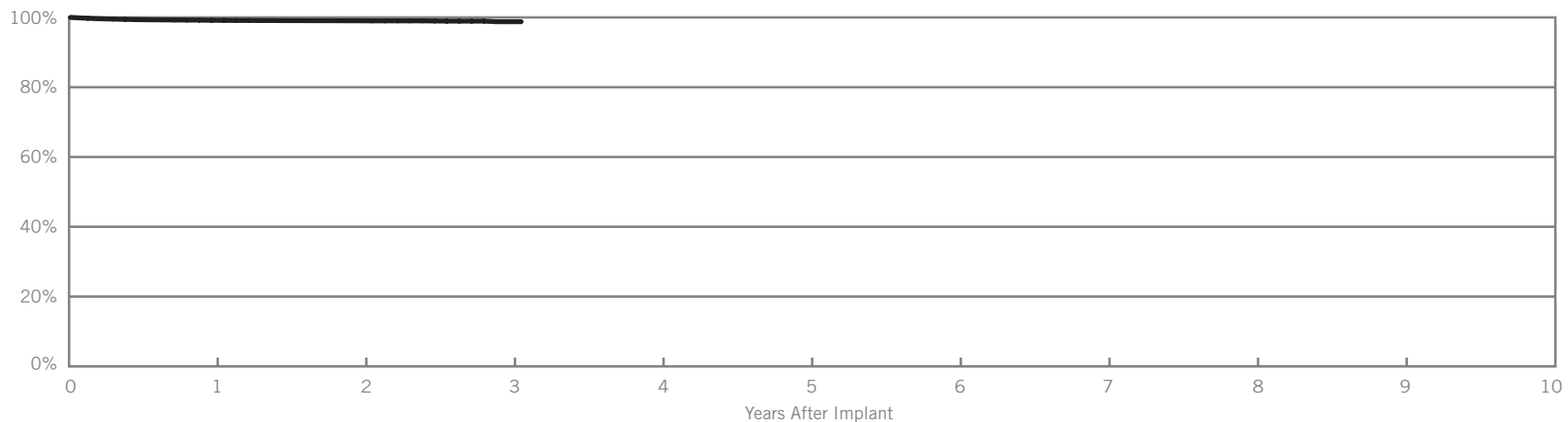
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® ST Optim® (Models 7020 & 7021)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2006
Registered US Implants	15,272
Estimated Active US Implants	12,209
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	38	0.25%	10	0.07%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	32	0.21%	45	0.29%
Failure to Capture	19	0.12%	28	0.18%
Oversensing	19	0.12%	36	0.24%
Failure to Sense	8	0.05%	10	0.07%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	2	0.01%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1	0.01%	3	0.02%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	4	0.03%	5	0.03%
Extracardiac Stimulation	4	0.03%	2	0.01%
Other	2	0.01%	11	0.07%
Total	127	0.83%	152	1.00%
Total Returned for Analysis	55		102	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	4	0.03%
Insulation Breach	6	0.04%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	2	0.01%
Other	1	0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	73	0.48%
Total	86	0.56%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	at 37 months					
Survival Probability	99.18%	99.04%	98.78%	98.78%					
± 1 standard error	0.07%	0.08%	0.20%	0.20%					
Sample Size	14200	10000	3800	300					

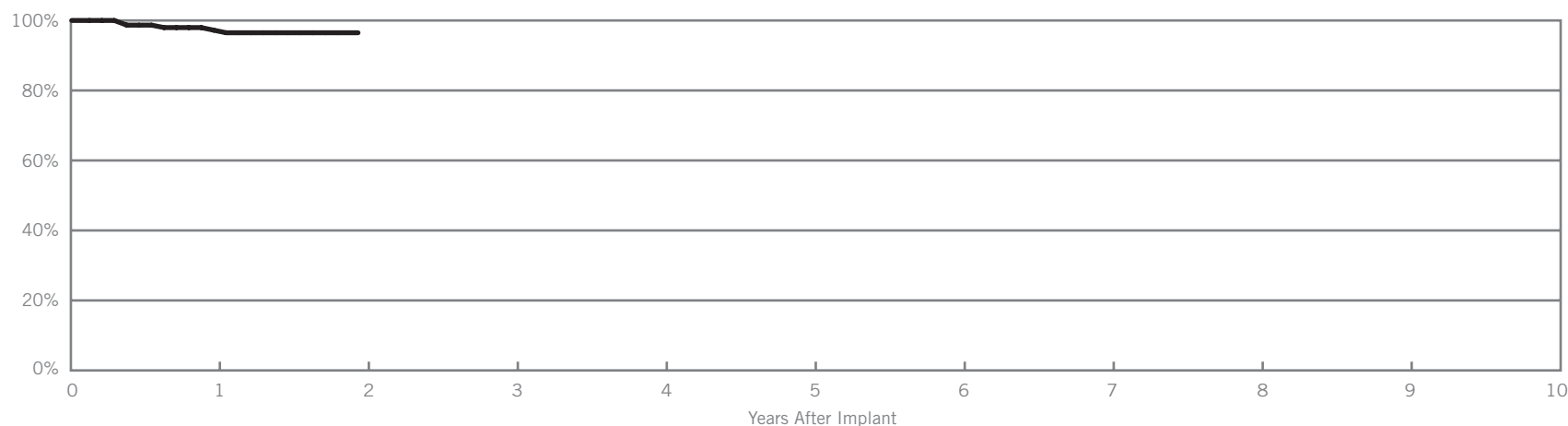
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Riata® ST Optim® (Models 7020 & 7021)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2006
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	172
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	3,012

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	1	0.58%
Conductor Fracture	1	0.58%
Failure to Sense	1	0.58%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1	0.58%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	1	0.58%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 23 months							
Survival Probability	97.23%	96.49%							
± 1 standard error	1.16%	1.55%							
Sample Size	133	71							

*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

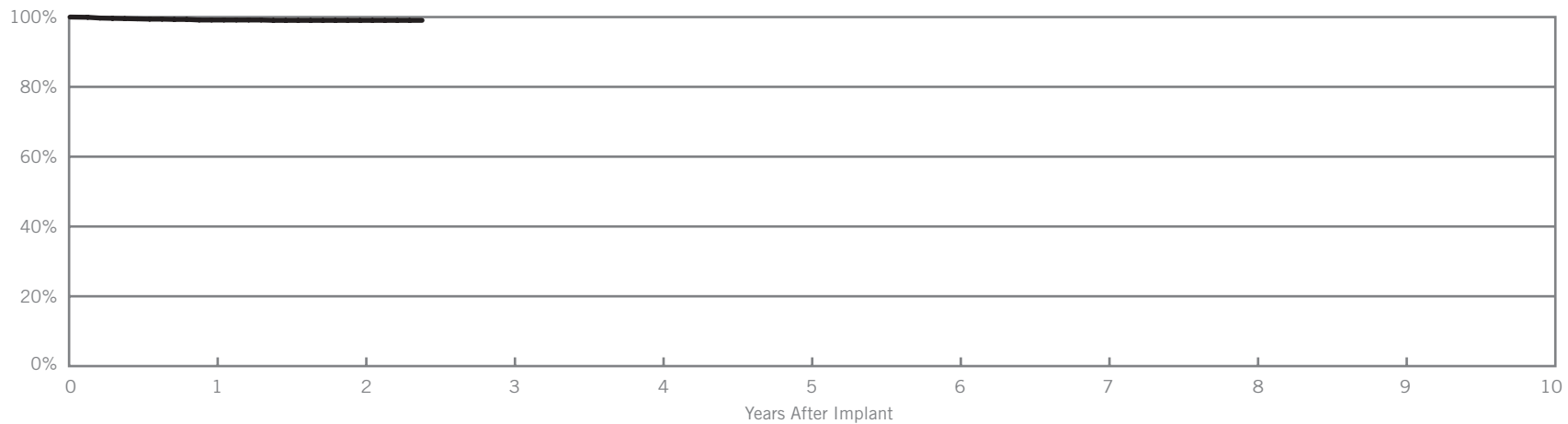
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® ST Optim® (Model 7022)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 2006
Registered US Implants	1,445
Estimated Active US Implants	1,214
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	5	0.35%	2	0.14%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	3	0.21%	6	0.42%
Failure to Capture	1	0.07%	0	0.00%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	4	0.28%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1	0.07%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	10	0.69%	12	0.83%
Total Returned for Analysis	3		5	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.07%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.07%
Extrinsic Factors	4	0.28%
Total	6	0.42%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	at 29 months						
Survival Probability	99.15%	99.05%	99.05%						
± 1 standard error	0.26%	0.28%	0.28%						
Sample Size	1300	900	200						

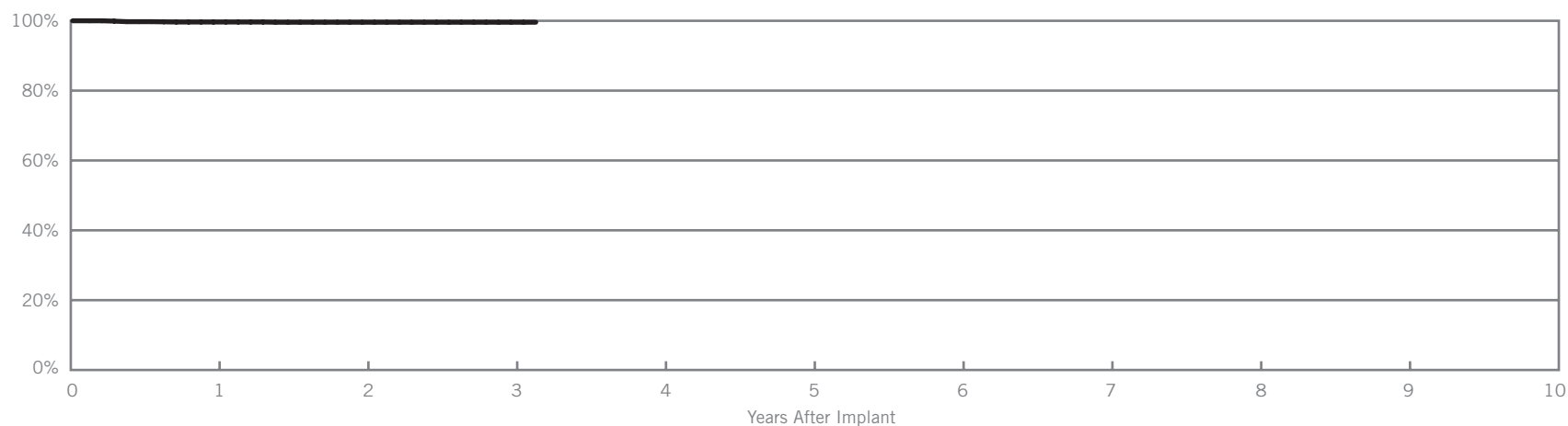
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Riata® ST (Models 7010 & 7011)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2006
Registered US Implants	2,176
Estimated Active US Implants	1,700
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	3	0.14%	1	0.05%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.05%	4	0.18%
Failure to Capture	3	0.14%	0	0.00%
Oversensing	2	0.09%	1	0.05%
Failure to Sense	1	0.05%	1	0.05%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1	0.05%	1	0.05%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.05%	1	0.05%
Total	12	0.55%	9	0.41%
Total Returned for Analysis	4		5	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	1	0.05%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	3	0.14%
Total	4	0.18%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	at 38 months					
Survival Probability	99.65%	99.59%	99.59%	99.59%					
± 1 standard error	0.13%	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%					
Sample Size	2100	1700	900	200					

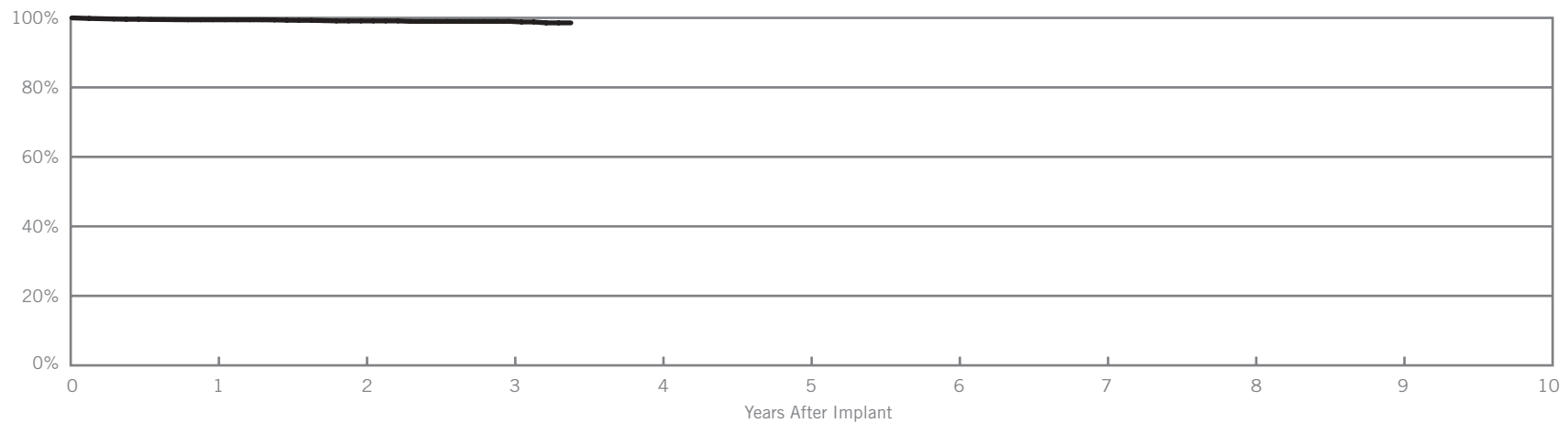
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® ST (Models 7040 & 7041)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2006
Registered US Implants	3,975
Estimated Active US Implants	3,191
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	4	0.10%	2	0.05%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	2	0.05%
Lead Dislodgement	5	0.13%	3	0.08%
Failure to Capture	1	0.03%	4	0.10%
Oversensing	3	0.08%	10	0.25%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	3	0.08%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	1	0.03%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2	0.05%	3	0.08%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	0	0.00%	2	0.05%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.03%	0	0.00%
Total	16	0.40%	30	0.75%
Total Returned for Analysis	3		8	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	2	0.05%
Insulation Breach	3	0.08%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	2	0.05%
Extrinsic Factors	5	0.13%
Total	12	0.30%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



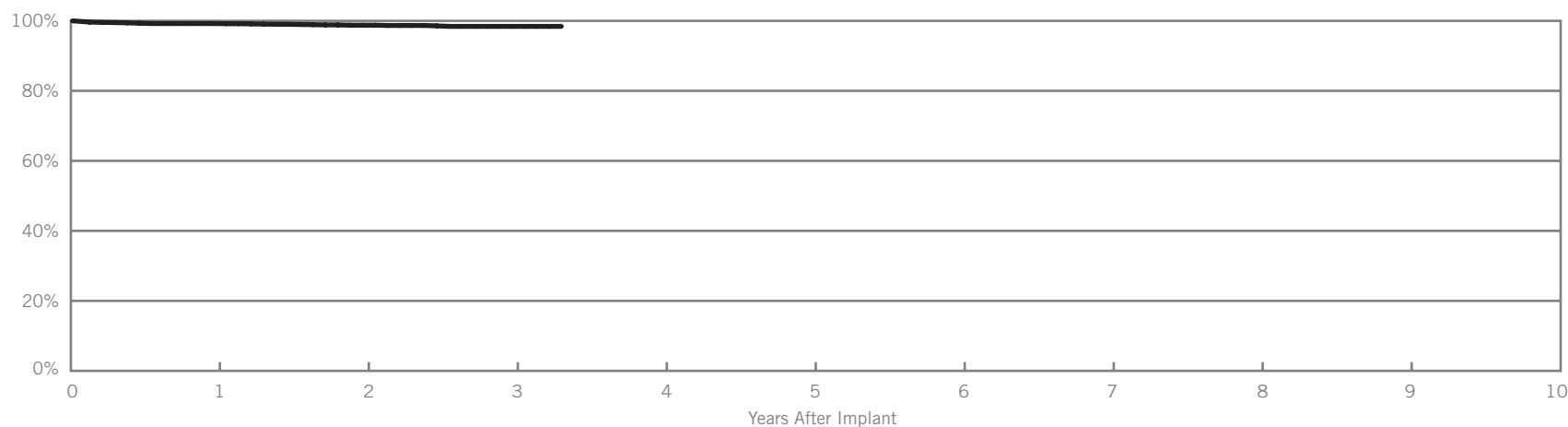
Year	1	2	3	at 41 months					
Survival Probability	99.45%	99.13%	99.00%	98.57%					
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.17%	0.19%	0.36%					
Sample Size	3600	2600	1300	300					

Riata® ST (Model 7002)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2005
Registered US Implants	2,378
Estimated Active US Implants	1,913
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	6	0.25%	3	0.13%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	2	0.08%
Lead Dislodgement	3	0.13%	8	0.34%
Failure to Capture	4	0.17%	6	0.25%
Oversensing	4	0.17%	8	0.34%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2	0.08%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	1	0.04%	1	0.04%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.04%	2	0.08%
Total	21	0.88%	30	1.26%
Total Returned for Analysis	7		14	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	2	0.08%
Insulation Breach	2	0.08%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	9	0.38%
Total	13	0.55%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	at 40 months					
Survival Probability	99.23%	98.76%	98.42%	98.42%					
± 1 standard error	0.19%	0.25%	0.32%	0.32%					
Sample Size	2300	1700	800	200					

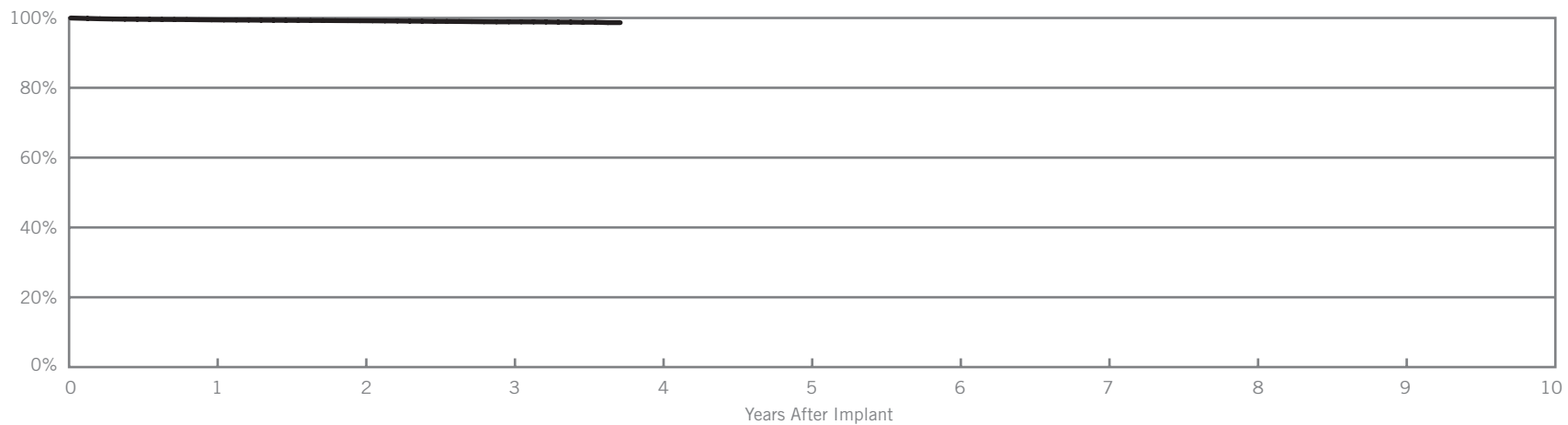
DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® ST (Models 7000 & 7001)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2005
Registered US Implants	34,629
Estimated Active US Implants	26,388
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	39	0.11%	20	0.06%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	10	0.03%
Lead Dislodgement	36	0.10%	36	0.10%
Failure to Capture	42	0.12%	54	0.16%
Oversensing	40	0.12%	129	0.37%
Failure to Sense	7	0.02%	14	0.04%
Insulation Breach	1	<0.01%	7	0.02%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	8	0.02%	9	0.03%
Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance	4	0.01%	9	0.03%
Extracardiac Stimulation	4	0.01%	2	0.01%
Other	11	0.03%	23	0.07%
Total	192	0.55%	313	0.90%
Total Returned for Analysis	91		158	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	8	0.02%
Insulation Breach	48	0.14%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	4	0.01%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	80	0.23%
Total	140	0.40%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



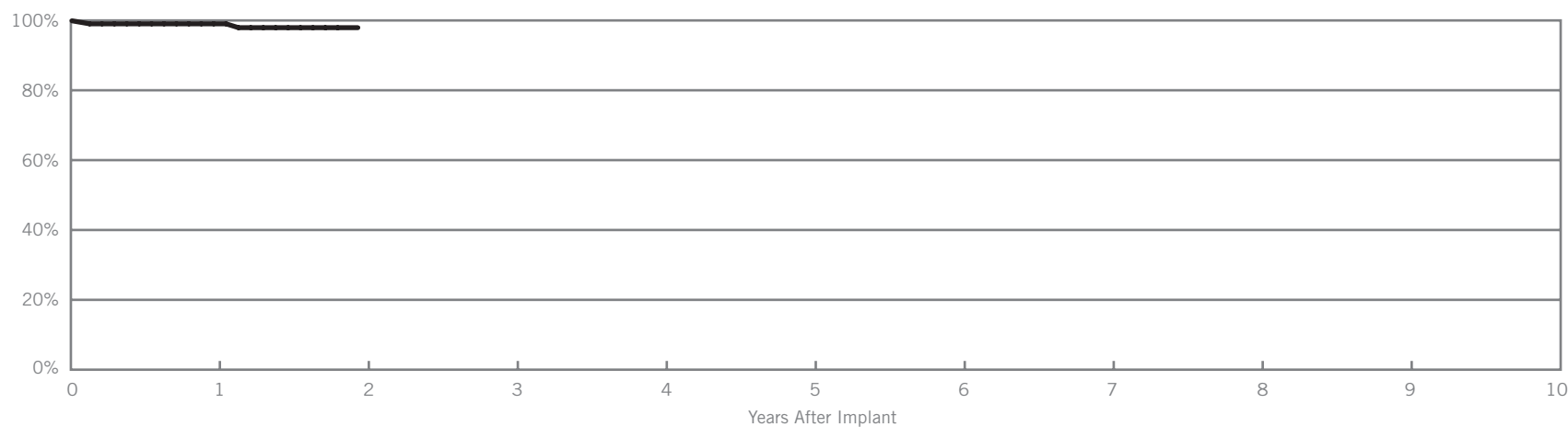
Year	1	2	3	at 45 months					
Survival Probability	99.46%	99.21%	98.89%	98.67%					
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.05%	0.07%	0.14%					
Sample Size	33100	26500	16100	600					

Riata® ST (Models 7000 & 7001)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2005
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	117
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	2,009

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.85%
Oversensing	1	0.85%

Survival from SCORE Registry



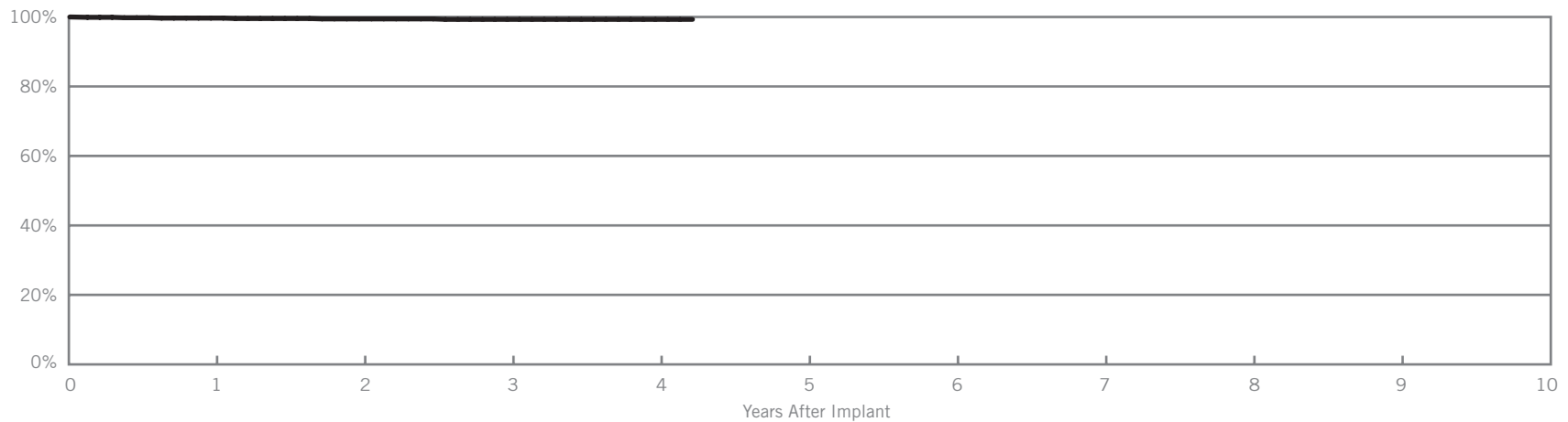
Year	1	at 23 months							
Survival Probability	99.03%	97.93%							
± 1 standard error	0.96%	1.45%							
Sample Size	91	51							

DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® i (Models 1560 & 1561)	
US Regulatory Approval	April 2004
Registered US Implants	1,005
Estimated Active US Implants	669
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Passive
Polarity	Integrated Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	1	0.10%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	0	0.00%
Total	1	0.10%

Survival from Returns and Complaints

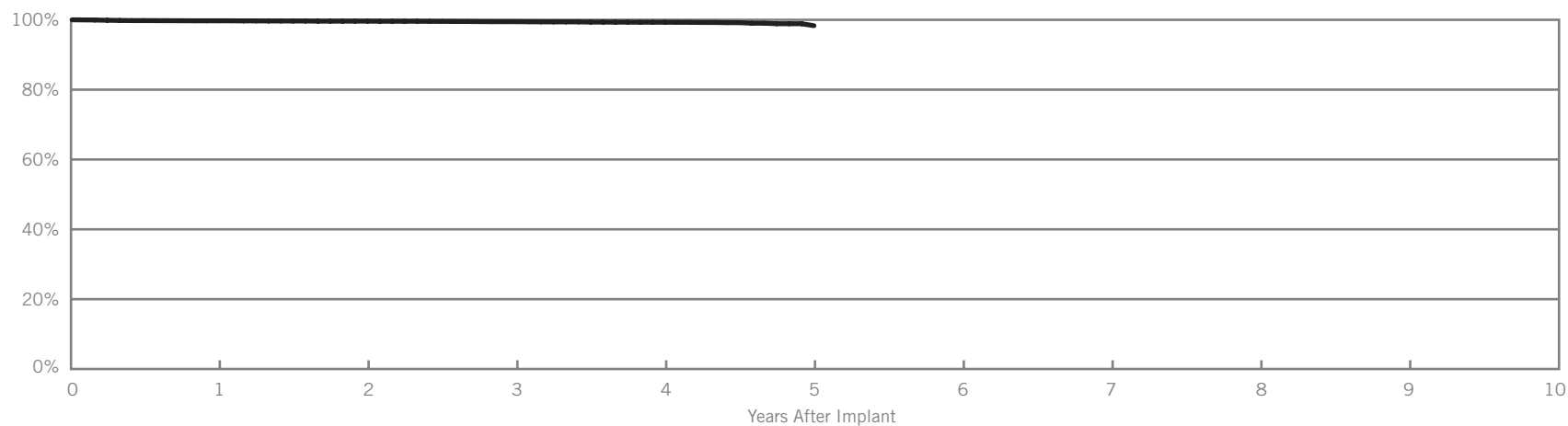


Year	1	2	3	4	at 51 months					
Survival Probability	99.68%	99.44%	99.30%	99.30%	99.30%					
± 1 standard error	0.19%	0.25%	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%					
Sample Size	1000	900	700	500	200					

Riata® i (Models 1590 & 1591)	
US Regulatory Approval	April 2004
Registered US Implants	9,717
Estimated Active US Implants	6,424
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Integrated Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	3	0.03%
Insulation Breach	7	0.07%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	16	0.16%
Total	26	0.27%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



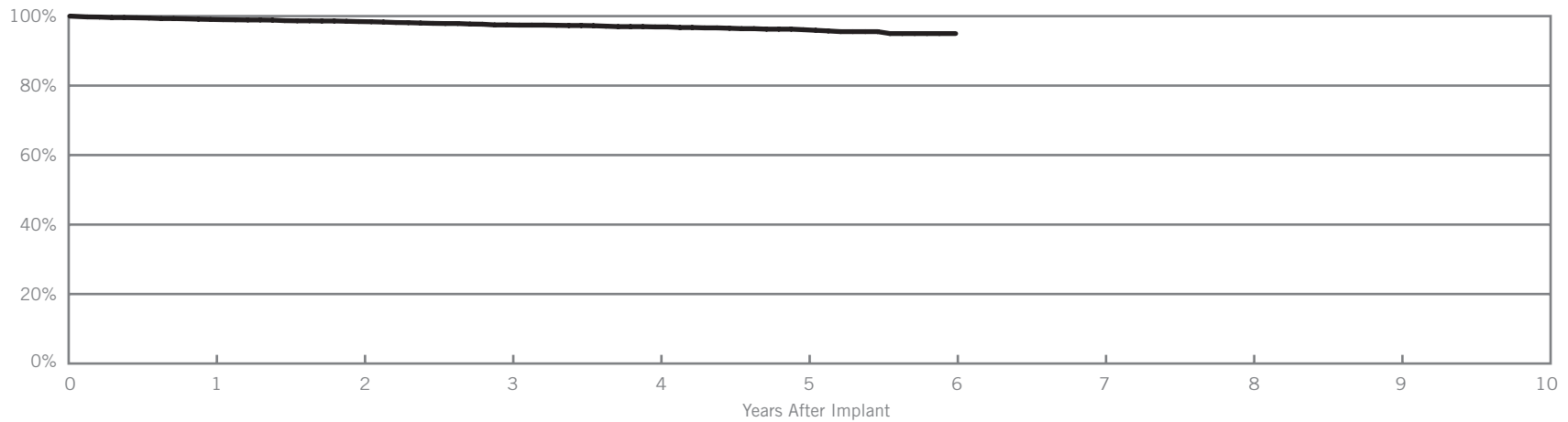
Year	1	2	3	4	5					
Survival Probability	99.72%	99.62%	99.47%	99.31%	98.32%					
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.07%	0.08%	0.10%	0.22%					
Sample Size	9500	8300	7200	5100	1800					

DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® (Model 1582)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2003
Registered US Implants	3,132
Estimated Active US Implants	1,972
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	2	0.06%
Insulation Breach	29	0.93%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	12	0.38%
Total	43	1.37%

Survival from Returns and Complaints

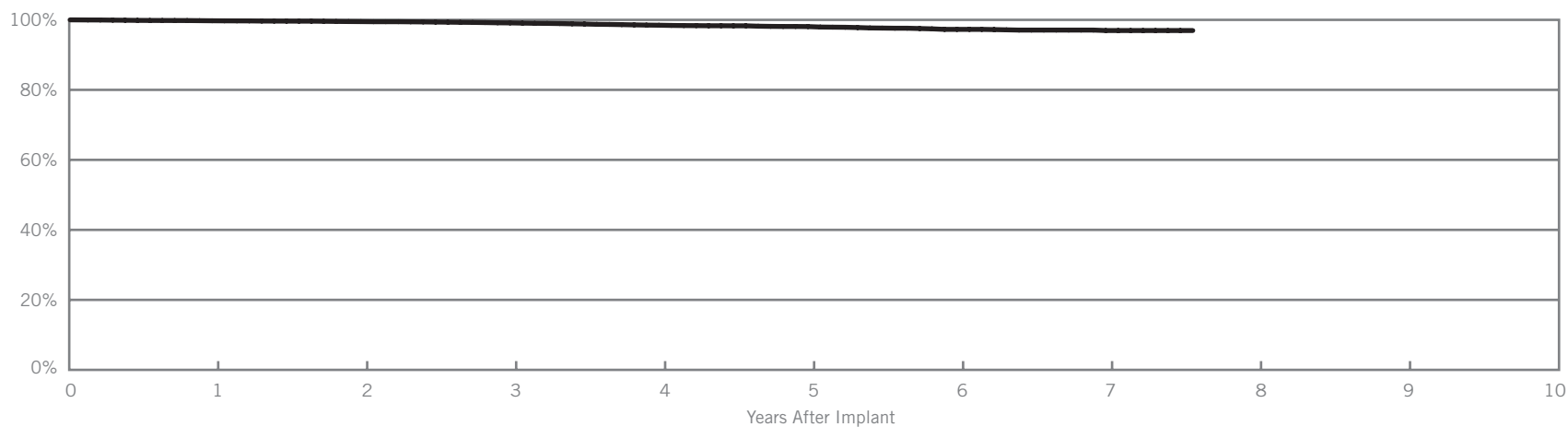


Year	1	2	3	4	5	6				
Survival Probability	99.04%	98.43%	97.46%	96.89%	96.09%	94.98%				
± 1 standard error	0.18%	0.23%	0.32%	0.37%	0.46%	0.69%				
Sample Size	3000	2500	2100	1600	900	400				

Riata® (Models 1570 & 1571)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2002
Registered US Implants	10,371
Estimated Active US Implants	6,307
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	3	0.03%
Insulation Breach	19	0.18%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	14	0.13%
Total	36	0.35%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



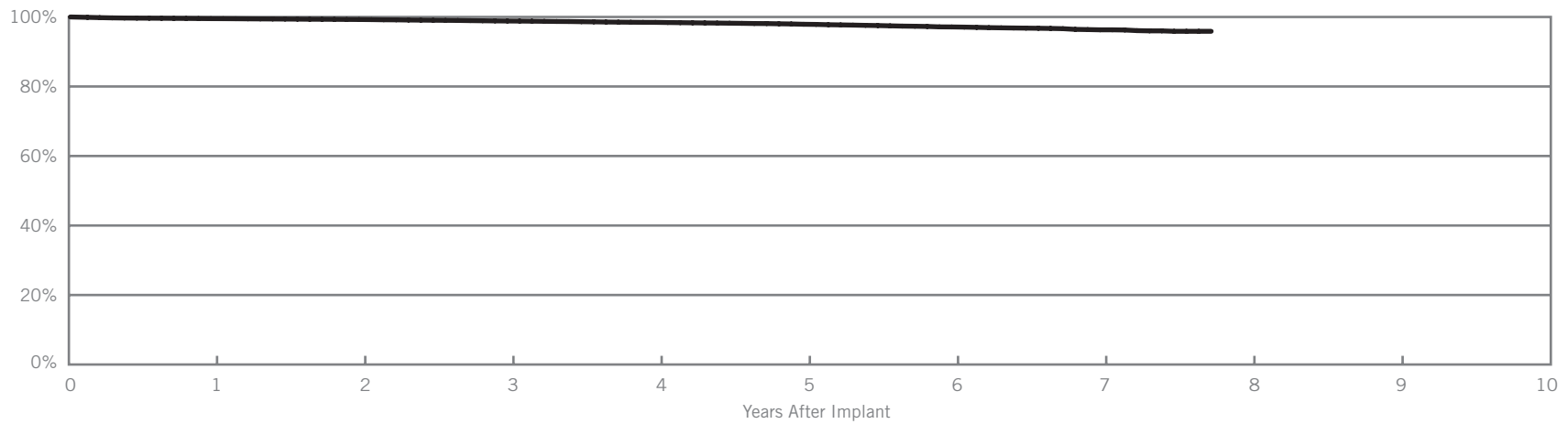
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 91 months		
Survival Probability	99.74%	99.50%	99.13%	98.47%	98.08%	97.28%	96.95%	96.95%		
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.07%	0.10%	0.15%	0.18%	0.25%	0.28%	0.31%		
Sample Size	9900	8500	7300	5900	4200	2600	1300	200		

DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Riata® (Models 1580 & 1581)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2002
Registered US Implants	69,053
Estimated Active US Implants	42,309
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	11	0.02%
Insulation Breach	186	0.27%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	4	0.01%
Other	3	<0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	184	0.27%
Total	388	0.56%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



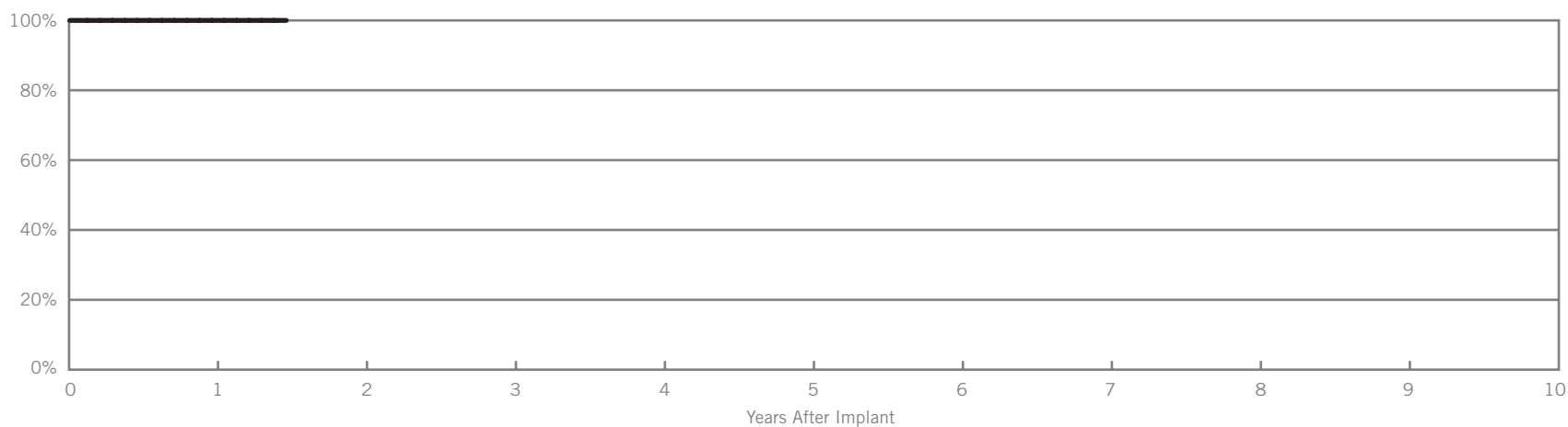
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 93 months		
Survival Probability	99.52%	99.27%	98.84%	98.45%	97.90%	97.13%	96.30%	95.88%		
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.07%	0.11%	0.17%	0.25%		
Sample Size	67100	57900	50300	40100	25600	12800	5300	200		

Riata® (Models 1580 & 1581)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2002
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	115
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	1,837

Qualifying Complications
None Reported

Survival from SCORE Registry

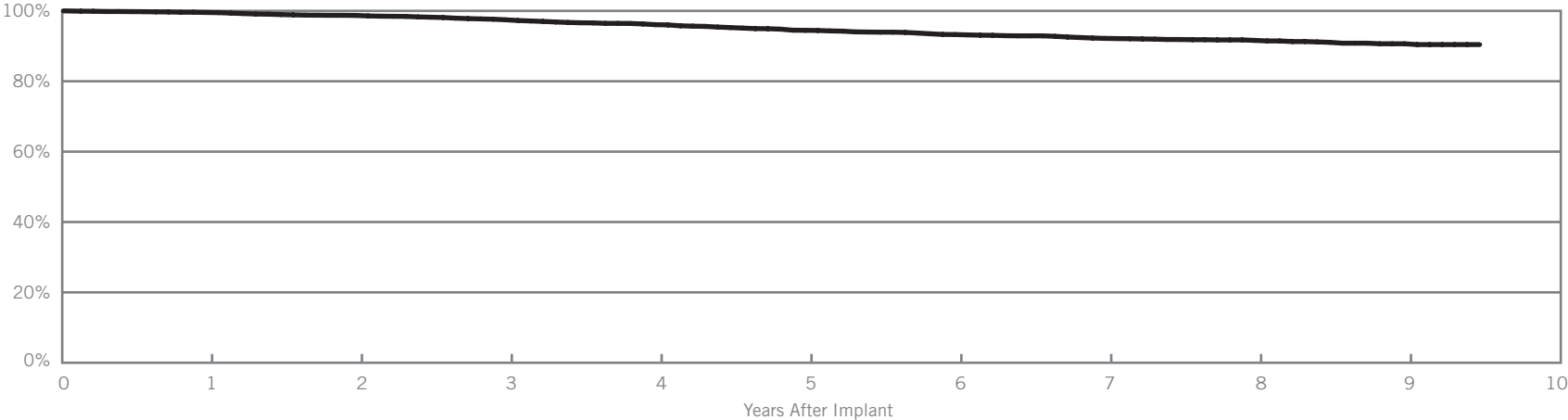


Year	1	at 18 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	87	52								

DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

TVL™ ADX (Model 1559)	
US Regulatory Approval	November 1999
Registered US Implants	4,734
Estimated Active US Implants	1,579
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

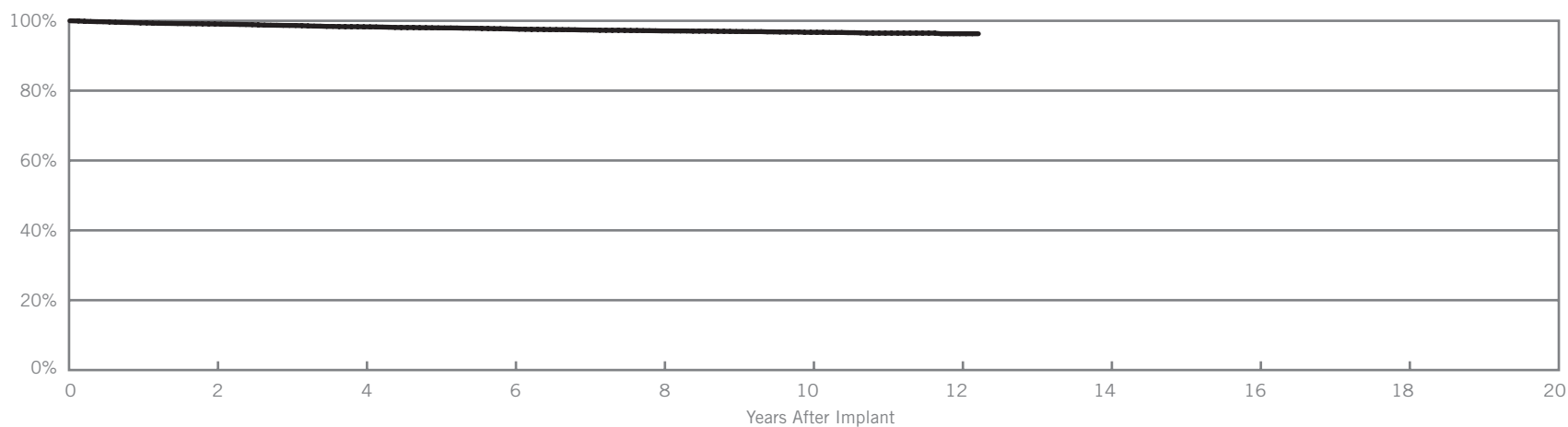
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	at 114 months
Survival Probability	99.55%	98.71%	97.47%	96.08%	94.47%	93.27%	92.18%	91.61%	90.65%	90.42%
± 1 standard error	0.09%	0.18%	0.25%	0.32%	0.40%	0.46%	0.50%	0.53%	0.62%	0.66%
Sample Size	4500	4000	3600	3100	2800	2400	2100	1600	900	200

SPL® (Models SP01, SP02, SP03 & SP04)	
US Regulatory Approval	September 1997
Registered US Implants	12,899
Estimated Active US Implants	4,357
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Dual Coil, Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

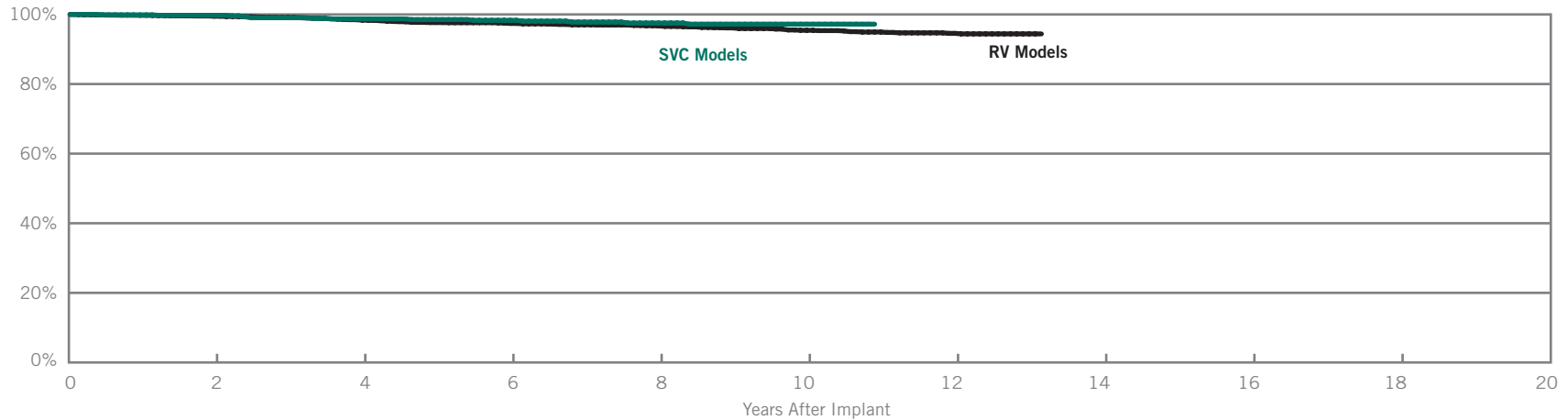
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	at 147 months			
Survival Probability	99.09%	98.28%	97.65%	97.11%	96.71%	96.29%	96.29%			
± 1 standard error	0.09%	0.13%	0.16%	0.18%	0.22%	0.31%	0.31%			
Sample Size	10900	9000	7300	5500	2800	700	200			

TVL™ RV (Models RV01, RV02, RV03, RV06 & RV07)			
TVL™ SVC (Models SV01, SV02 & SV03)			
US Regulatory Approval		Insulation	Silicone
RV01, RV02, SV01, SV02, SV03	May 1996	Type and/or Fixation	Single Coil, Passive
RV03	April 1997	Polarity	Bipolar
RV06, RV07	July 2000	Steroid	No
Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Number of Advisories	None
RV	3,709	RV	920
SVC	920	SVC	219

Survival from Returns and Complaints



RV Models										
Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	at 158 months			
Survival Probability	99.48%	98.36%	97.41%	96.70%	95.44%	94.56%	94.41%			
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.23%	0.31%	0.37%	0.49%	0.57%	0.59%			
Sample Size	3200	2600	2100	1600	1200	800	200			

SVC Models										
Year	2	4	6	8	10	at 131 months				
Survival Probability	99.75%	98.72%	98.32%	97.54%	97.21%	97.21%				
± 1 standard error	0.18%	0.43%	0.51%	0.68%	0.75%	0.75%				
Sample Size	800	700	500	400	300	200				

OBSERVATIONS, COMPLICATIONS,
AND MALFUNCTIONS

Defibrillation Leads



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DEFIBRILLATION LEADS

Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)

Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Cardiac Perforation		Conductor Fracture		Lead Dislodgement		Failure to Capture		Oversensing		Failure to Sense		Insulation Breach		Abnormal Pacing Impedance		Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance		Extracardiac Stimulation		Other		Total		Total Returned for Analysis		
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate		Qty.	Rate
7120Q/7121Q	Jan-09	5527	5365	3	0.05%	0	0.00%	7	0.13%	2	0.04%	5	0.09%	1	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	18	0.33%	8
7122Q	Jan-09	645	622	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.16%	1	0.16%	1	0.16%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	3	0.47%	1
7120/7121	Sep-07	42103	37837	23	0.05%	1	<0.01%	35	0.08%	11	0.03%	35	0.08%	4	0.01%	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%	14	0.03%	1	<0.01%	15	0.04%	140	0.33%	40		
7122	Sep-07	4854	4466	3	0.06%	0	0.00%	4	0.08%	2	0.04%	2	0.04%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	11	0.23%	5		
7070/7071	Jul-06	2890	2462	2	0.07%	1	0.03%	3	0.10%	5	0.17%	3	0.10%	2	0.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	16	0.55%	4		
7020/7021	Jul-06	15272	12209	38	0.25%	0	0.00%	32	0.21%	19	0.12%	19	0.12%	8	0.05%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	4	0.03%	4	0.03%	2	0.01%	127	0.83%	55		
7022	Jul-06	1445	1214	5	0.35%	0	0.00%	3	0.21%	1	0.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	10	0.69%	3		
7010/7011	Mar-06	2176	1700	3	0.14%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	3	0.14%	2	0.09%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	12	0.55%	4		
7040/7041	Mar-06	3975	3191	4	0.10%	0	0.00%	5	0.13%	1	0.03%	3	0.08%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.03%	16	0.40%	3		
7002	Jun-05	2378	1913	6	0.25%	0	0.00%	3	0.13%	4	0.17%	4	0.17%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.08%	1	0.04%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	21	0.88%	7		
7000/7001	Jun-05	34629	26388	39	0.11%	0	0.00%	36	0.10%	42	0.12%	40	0.12%	7	0.02%	1	<0.01%	8	0.02%	4	0.01%	4	0.01%	11	0.03%	192	0.55%	91		

Chronic Complications (>30 days)

Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Cardiac Perforation		Conductor Fracture		Lead Dislodgement		Failure to Capture		Oversensing		Failure to Sense		Insulation Breach		Abnormal Pacing Impedance		Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance		Extracardiac Stimulation		Other		Total		Total Returned for Analysis
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	
7120Q/7121Q	Jan-09	5527	5365	1	0.02%	0	0.00%	2	0.04%	0	0.00%	1	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	4	0.07%	1
7122Q	Jan-09	645	622	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
7120/7121	Sep-07	42103	37837	4	0.01%	1	<0.01%	68	0.16%	25	0.06%	30	0.07%	7	0.02%	0	0.00%	7	0.02%	4	0.01%	0	0.00%	11	0.03%	157	0.37%	71
7122	Sep-07	4854	4466	0	0.00%	0	0.01%	9	0.19%	5	0.10%	2	0.04%	1	0.02%	1	0.02%	3	0.06%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	21	0.43%	17
7070/7071	Jul-06	2890	2462	1	0.03%	0	0.00%	3	0.10%	3	0.10%	3	0.10%	2	0.07%	0	0.00%	1	0.03%	1	0.03%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	14	0.48%	5
7020/7021	Jul-06	15272	12209	10	0.07%	0	0.00%	45	0.29%	28	0.18%	36	0.24%	10	0.07%	2	0.01%	3	0.02%	5	0.03%	2	0.01%	11	0.07%	152	1.00%	102
7022	Jul-06	1445	1214	2	0.14%	0	0.00%	6	0.42%	0	0.00%	4	0.28%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	12	0.83%	5
7010/7011	Mar-06	2176	1700	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	4	0.18%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	9	0.41%	5
7040/7041	Mar-06	3975	3191	2	0.05%	2	0.05%	3	0.08%	4	0.10%	10	0.25%	3	0.08%	1	0.03%	3	0.08%	2	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	30	0.75%	8
7002	Jun-05	2378	1913	3	0.13%	2	0.08%	8	0.34%	6	0.25%	8	0.34%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	0	0.00%	2	0.08%	30	1.26%	14
7000/7001	Jun-05	34629	26388	20	0.06%	10	0.03%	36	0.10%	54	0.16%	129	0.37%	14	0.04%	7	0.02%	9	0.03%	9	0.03%	2	0.01%	23	0.07%	313	0.90%	158

Definitions of observations and complications can be found on [pages 6 and 7](#).

Lead Malfunctions				Conductor Fracture		Insulation Breach		Crimps, Welds & Bonds		Other		Extrinsic Factors		Total	
Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
7120Q/7121Q	Jan-09	5527	5365	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.04%	2	0.04%
7122Q	Jan-09	645	622	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
7120/7121	Sep-07	42103	37837	1	<0.01%	1	<0.01%	1	<0.01%	7	0.02%	56	0.13%	66	0.16%
7122	Sep-07	4854	4466	1	0.02%	1	0.02%	0	0.00%	1	0.02%	13	0.27%	16	0.33%
7070/7071	Jul-06	2890	2462	1	0.03%	0	0.00%	1	0.03%	1	0.03%	4	0.14%	7	0.24%
7020/7021	Jul-06	15272	12209	4	0.03%	6	0.04%	2	0.01%	1	0.01%	73	0.48%	86	0.56%
7022	Jul-06	1445	1214	1	0.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.07%	4	0.28%	6	0.42%
7010/7011	Mar-06	2176	1700	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	3	0.14%	4	0.18%
7040/7041	Mar-06	3975	3191	2	0.05%	3	0.08%	0	0.00%	2	0.05%	5	0.13%	12	0.30%
7002	Jun-05	2378	1913	2	0.08%	2	0.08%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	9	0.38%	13	0.55%
7000/7001	Jun-05	34629	26388	8	0.02%	48	0.14%	4	0.01%	0	0.00%	80	0.23%	140	0.40%
1560/1561	Apr-04	1005	669	0	0.00%	1	0.10%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.10%
1590/1591	Apr-04	9717	6424	3	0.03%	7	0.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	16	0.16%	26	0.27%
1582	Mar-03	3132	1972	2	0.06%	29	0.93%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	12	0.38%	43	1.37%
1570/1571	Mar-02	10371	6307	3	0.03%	19	0.18%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	14	0.13%	36	0.35%
1580/1581	Mar-02	69053	42309	11	0.02%	186	0.27%	4	0.01%	3	<0.01%	184	0.27%	388	0.56%

Definitions of malfunction categories can be found on [pages 7 and 8](#).

PACEMAKERS

Dual-Chamber

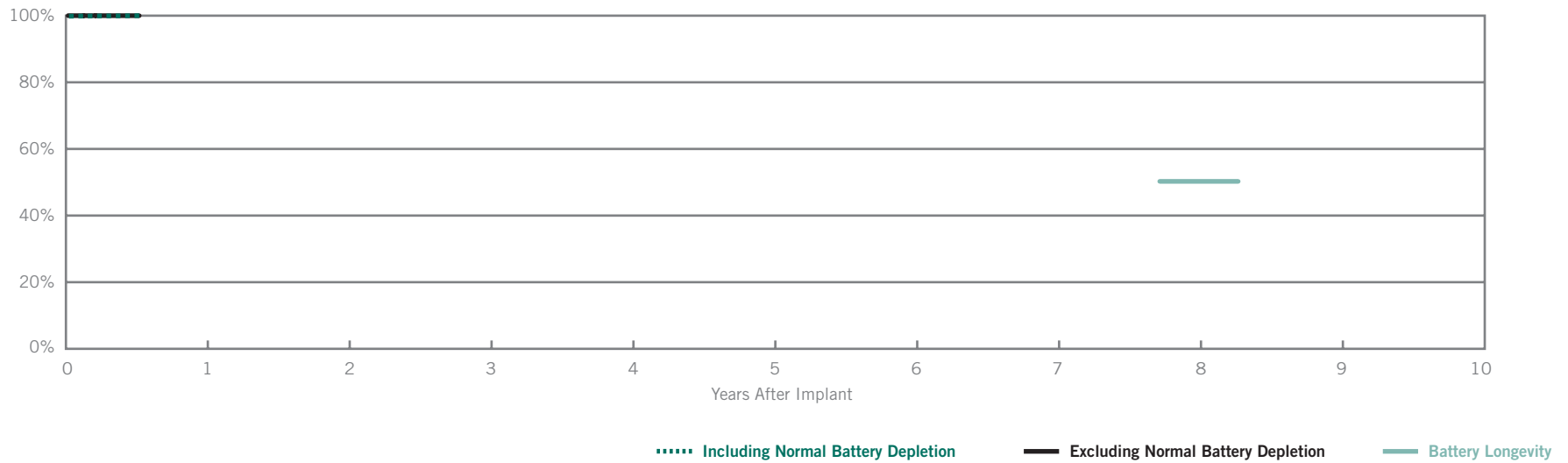


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Accent® DR RF (Model PM2210)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	11,896	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	11,697	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 6 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

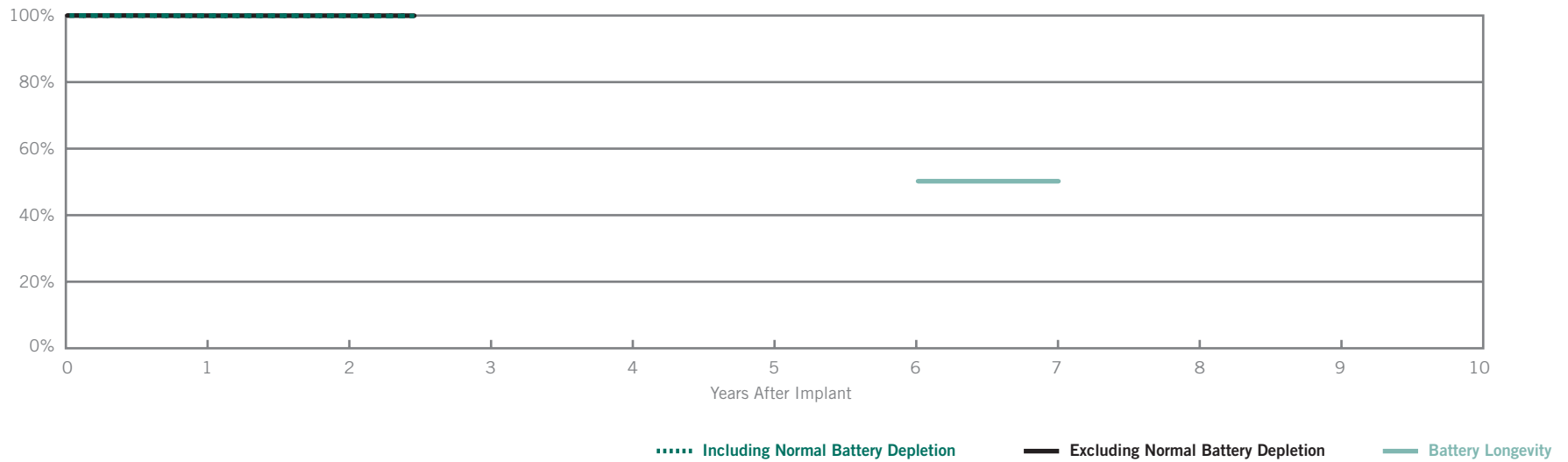
Year	at 6 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

PACEMAKERS

Zephyr® DR (Model 5820)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	1
Registered US Implants	19,268	Total Malfunctions	3
Estimated Active US Implants	18,317	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	6.5 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	2
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	at 30 months							
Survival Probability	99.96%	99.96%	99.86%							
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.07%							
Sample Size	16300	7000	200							

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

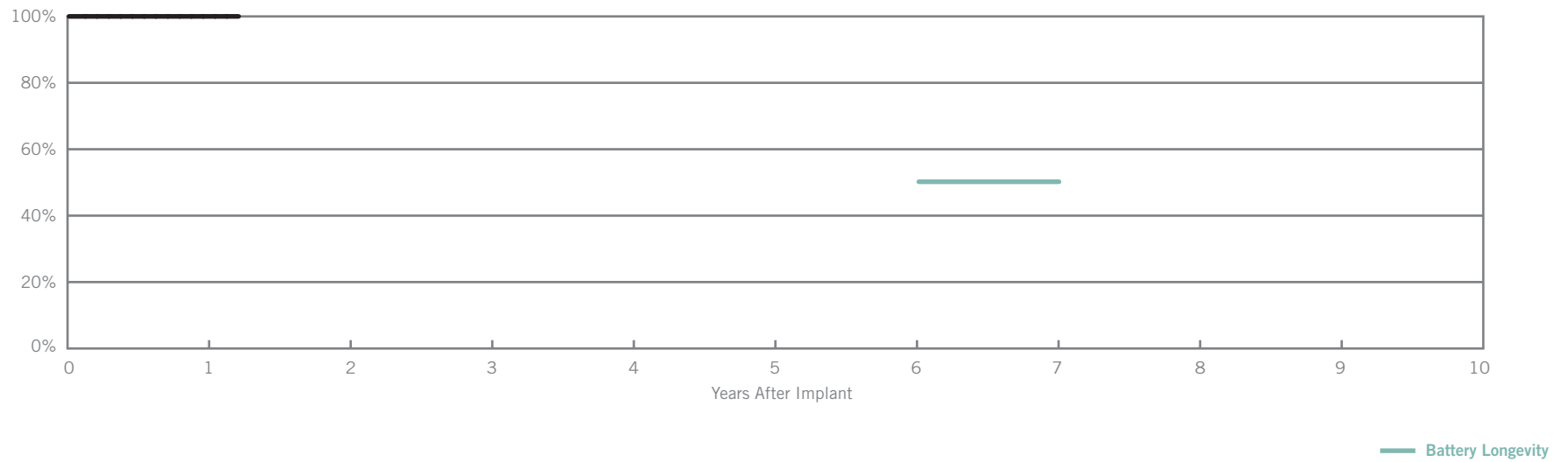
Year	1	2	at 30 months							
Survival Probability	99.96%	99.96%	99.96%							
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%							

Zephyr® DR (Model 5820)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2007

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	178
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	1,987

Qualifying Complications	
None Reported	

Survival from SCORE Registry



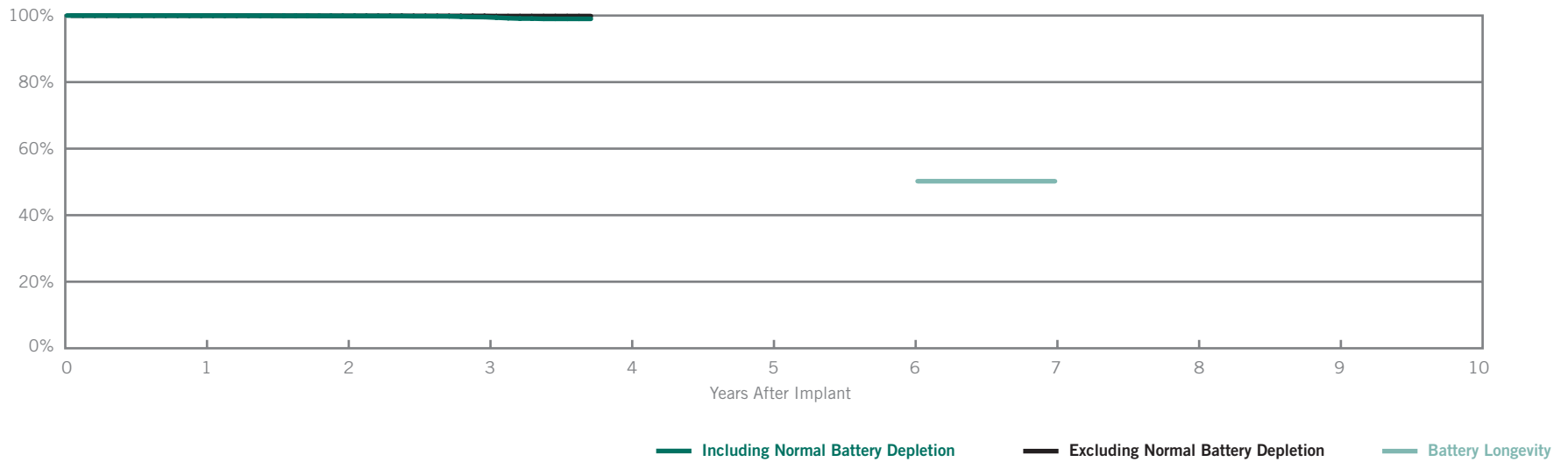
Year	1	at 15 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	93	52								

PACEMAKERS

Victory® DR (Model 5810)

US Regulatory Approval	December 2005	Normal Battery Depletion	26
Registered US Implants	25,305	Total Malfunctions	11
Estimated Active US Implants	18,710	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	6.5 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	11
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 45 months						
Survival Probability	99.98%	99.89%	99.54%	99.01%						
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.07%	0.14%						
Sample Size	24000	18000	10600	200						

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

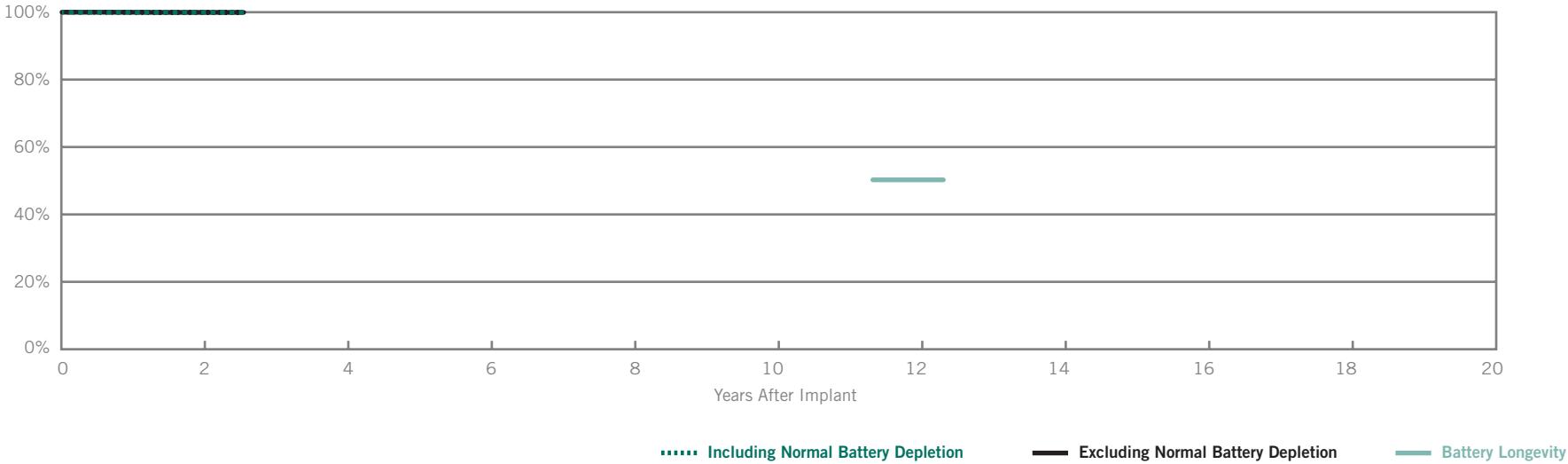
Year	1	2	3	at 45 months						
Survival Probability	99.98%	99.90%	99.88%	99.84%						
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%						

PACEMAKERS

Zephyr® XL DR (Model 5826)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	1
Registered US Implants	86,833	Total Malfunctions	13
Estimated Active US Implants	78,858	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	11.7 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	12
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	2	at 31 months								
Survival Probability	99.97%	99.94%								
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%								
Sample Size	67500	200								

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

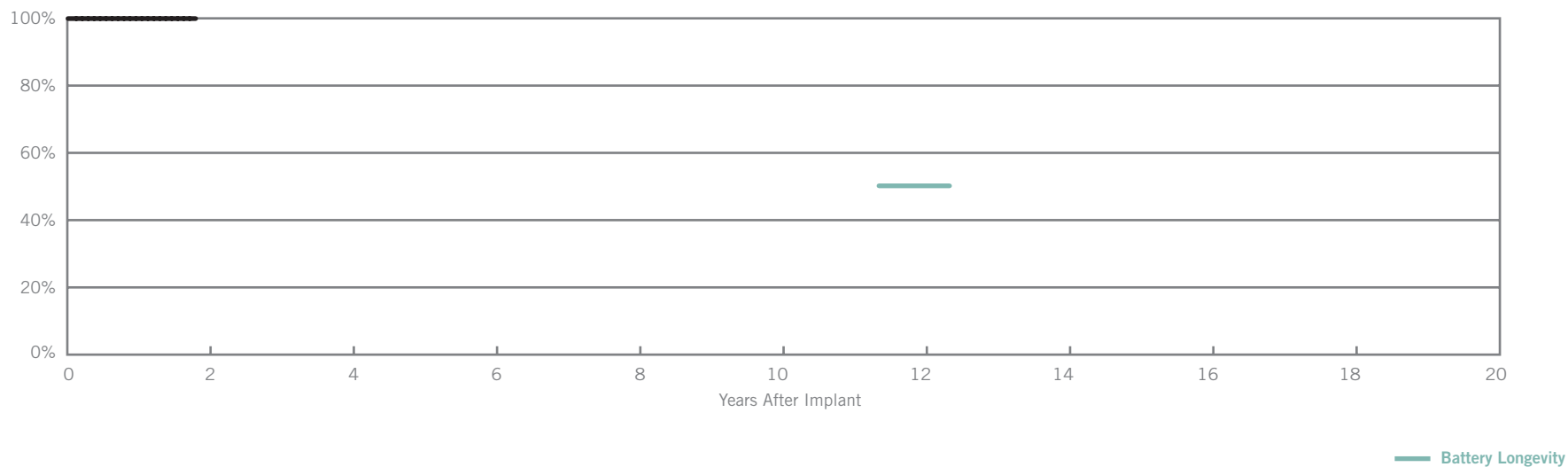
Year	2	at 31 months								
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.94%								
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%								

Zephyr® XL DR (Model 5826)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2007

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	1,347
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	16,048

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Backup Operation	1	0.07%

Survival from SCORE Registry

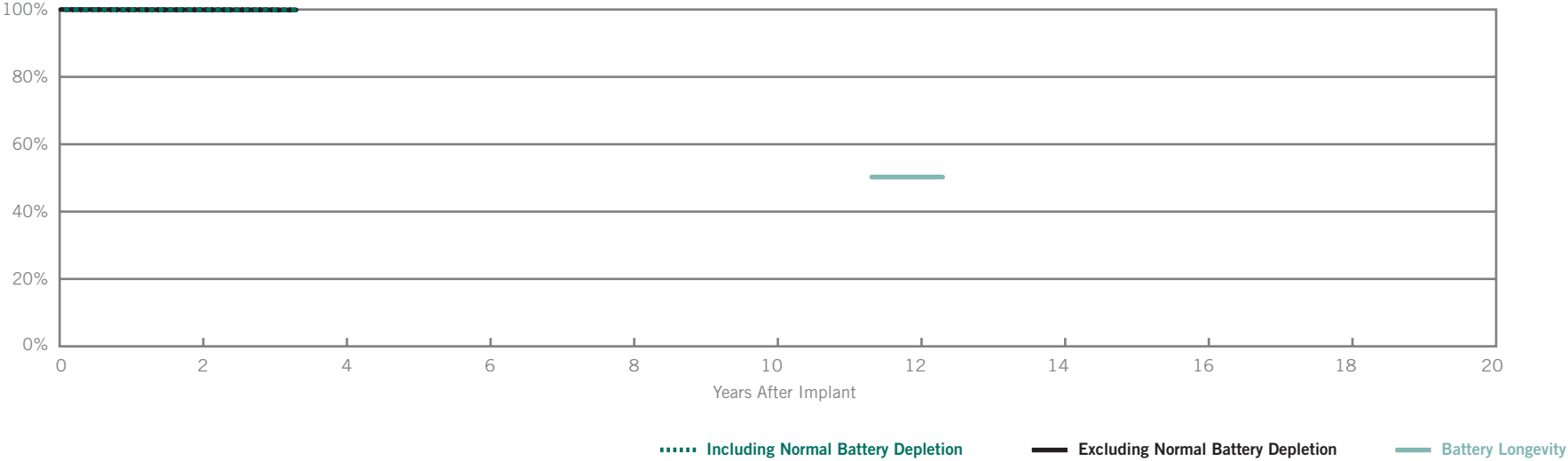


Year	at 22 months									
Survival Probability	99.93%									
± 1 standard error	0.07%									
Sample Size	80									

PACEMAKERS

Victory® XL DR (Model 5816)			
US Regulatory Approval	December 2005	Normal Battery Depletion	4
Registered US Implants	60,263	Total Malfunctions	23
Estimated Active US Implants	49,328	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	11.7 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	22
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion										
Year	2	at 40 months								
Survival Probability	99.91%	99.87%								
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%								
Sample Size	43400	200								

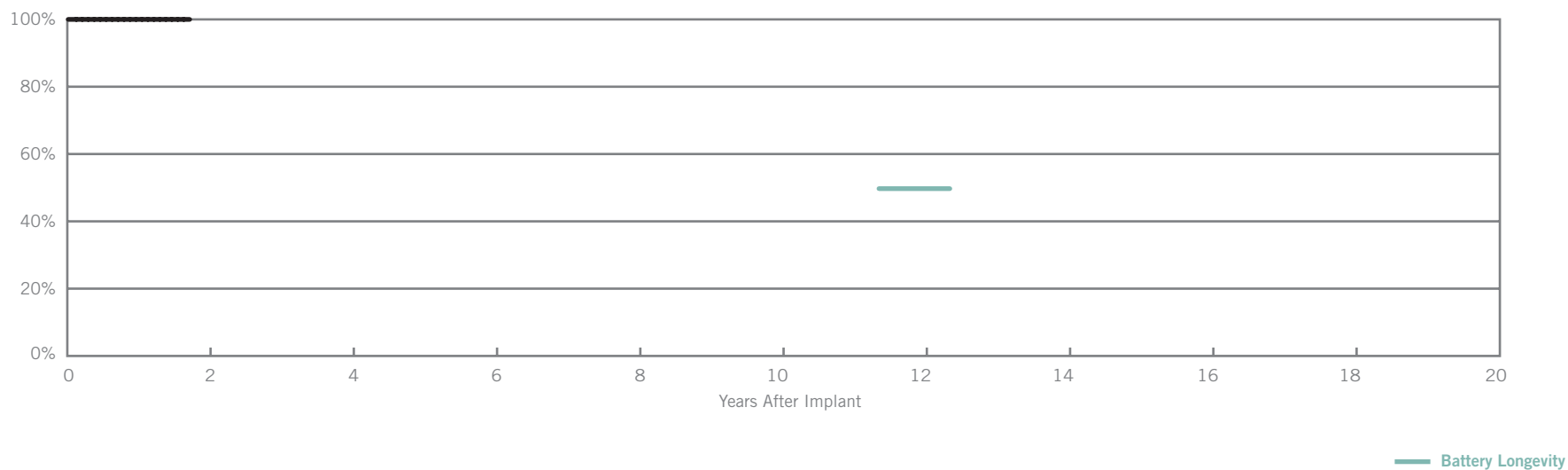
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion										
Year	2	at 40 months								
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.89%								
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%								

Victory® XL DR (Model 5816)	
US Regulatory Approval	December 2005

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	320
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	4,605

Qualifying Complications	
None Reported	

Survival from SCORE Registry



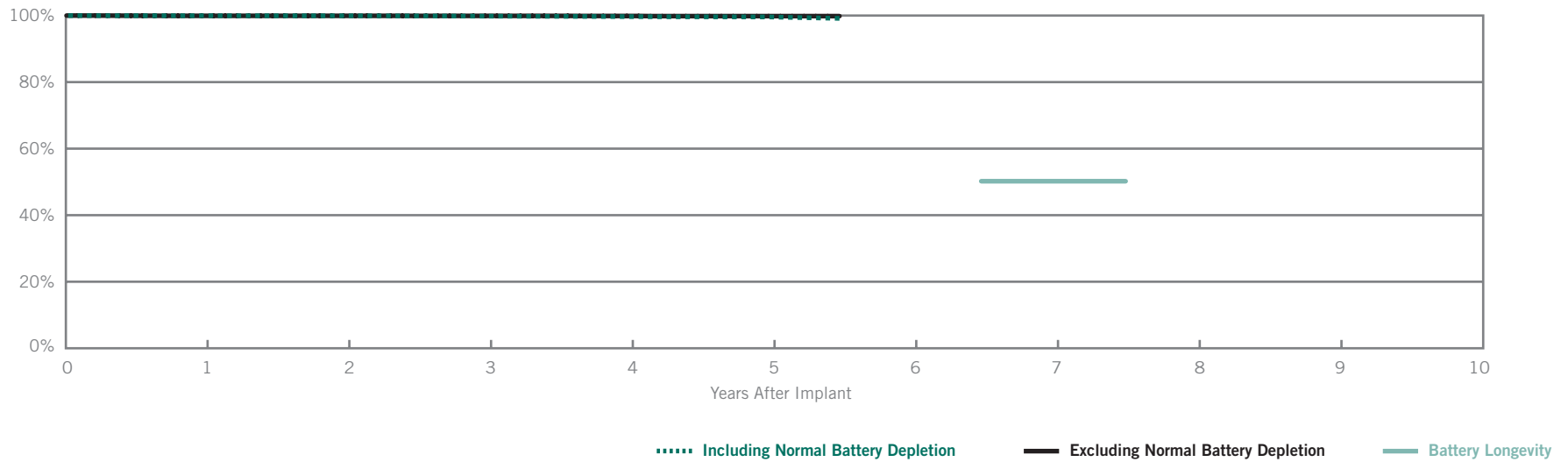
Year	at 21 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	53									

PACEMAKERS

Verity® ADx XL DR (Model 5356)
 Verity® ADx XL DR M/S (Model 5357M/S)
 Verity® ADx XL DC (Model 5256)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	11
Registered US Implants	16,663	Total Malfunctions	7
Estimated Active US Implants	10,596	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	6.9 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	7
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 66 months				
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.92%	99.84%	99.72%	99.58%	99.15%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.06%	0.08%	0.15%				
Sample Size	16500	13600	10700	7300	3900	1100				

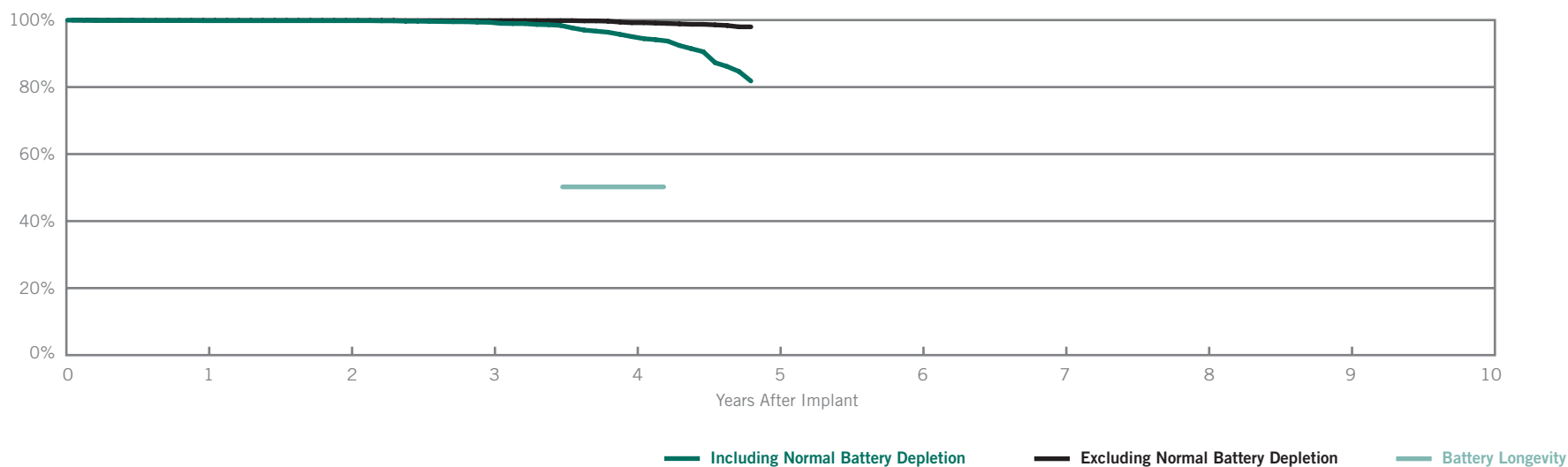
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 66 months				
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.92%	99.90%	99.87%	99.83%	99.83%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%				

Integrity® ADx DR (Model 5360)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	170
Registered US Implants	5,818	Total Malfunctions	21
Estimated Active US Implants	2,712	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	3.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	21
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 58 months					
Survival Probability	99.82%	99.82%	99.34%	95.06%	81.81%					
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.06%	0.12%	0.38%	0.91%					
Sample Size	5800	5000	4100	3000	800					

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

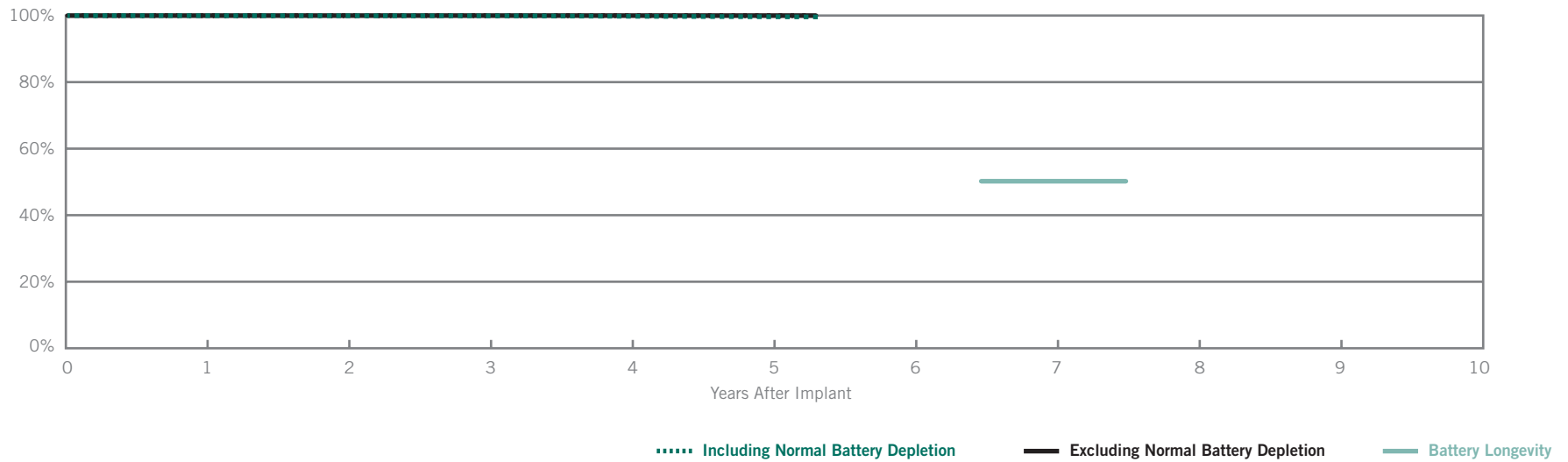
Year	1	2	3	4	at 58 months					
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.89%	99.84%	99.21%	97.98%					
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.05%	0.06%	0.15%	0.36%					

PACEMAKERS

Integrity® ADx DR (Model 5366)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	7
Registered US Implants	7,999	Total Malfunctions	1
Estimated Active US Implants	5,401	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	6.9 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	1
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 64 months				
Survival Probability	99.98%	99.98%	99.91%	99.91%	99.56%	99.56%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.04%	0.04%	0.15%	0.15%				
Sample Size	8000	7000	5600	3500	1800	600				

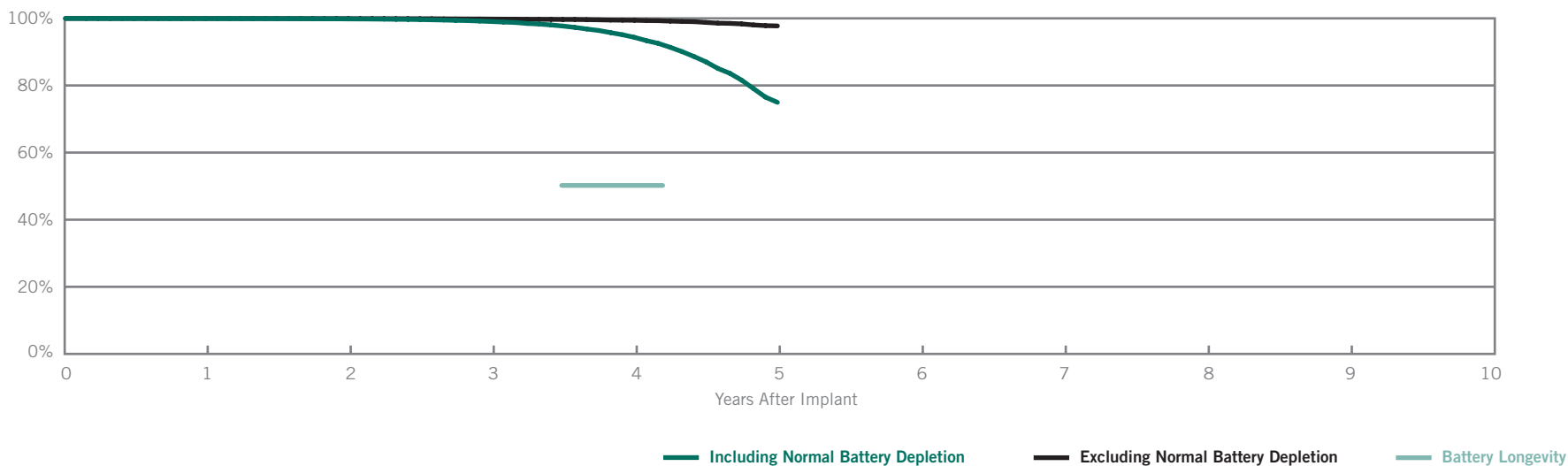
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 64 months				
Survival Probability	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%				

Identity® ADx DR (Model 5380)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	1,600
Registered US Implants	53,095	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	135
Estimated Active US Implants	24,569	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	4
Estimated Longevity	3.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	131
		Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5					
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.82%	99.05%	94.33%	74.97%					
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.05%	0.13%	0.43%					
Sample Size	52400	44600	37900	28000	200					

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

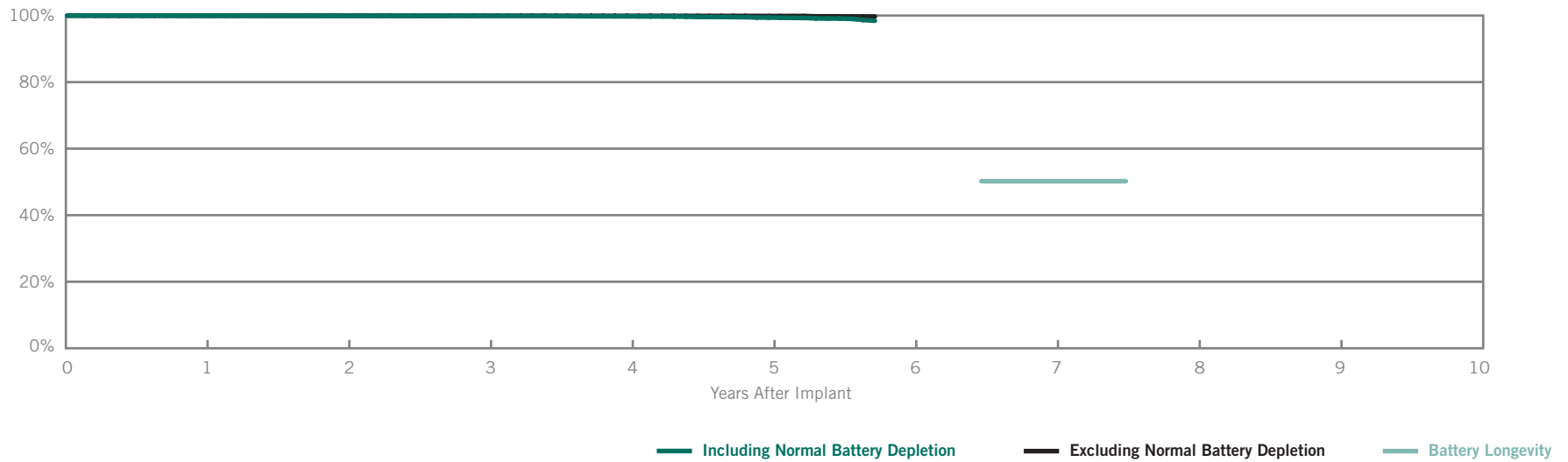
Year	1	2	3	4	5					
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.92%	99.78%	99.42%	97.74%					
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.04%	0.14%					

PACEMAKERS

Identity® ADx XL DR (Model 5386) Identity® ADx XL DC (Model 5286)

US Regulatory Approval	March 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	64
Registered US Implants	64,593	Total Malfunctions (0 related to Advisory)	33
Estimated Active US Implants	45,831	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Longevity	6.9 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	32
		Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 69 months				
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.92%	99.88%	99.76%	99.39%	98.44%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.03%	0.06%	0.15%				
Sample Size	63000	53500	44000	31300	16400	2900				

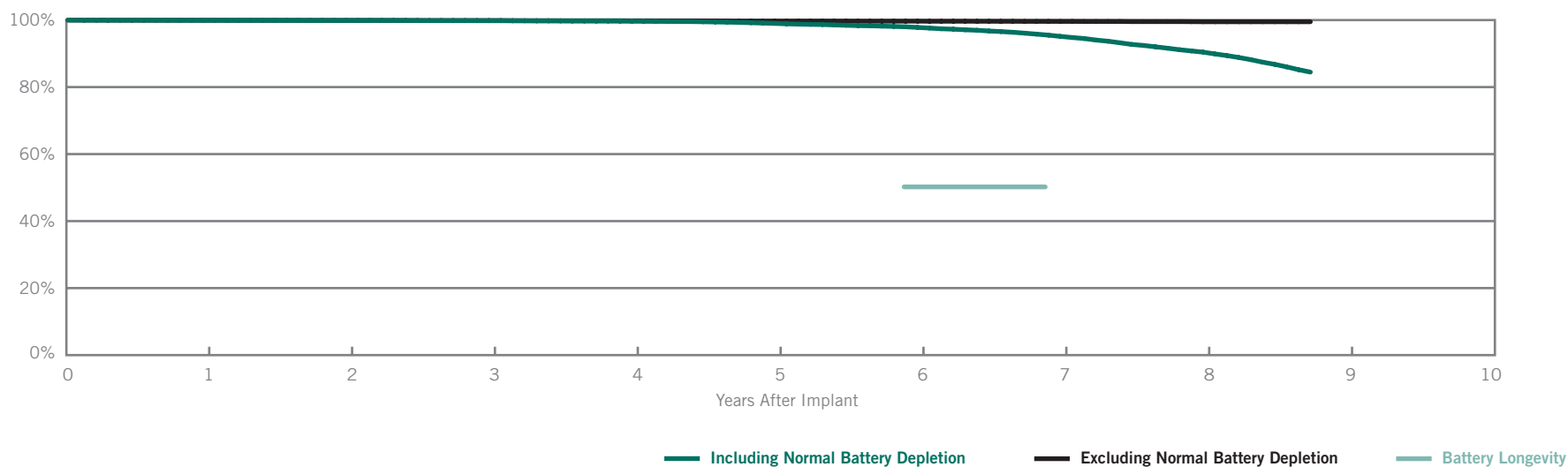
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 69 months				
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.93%	99.92%	99.90%	99.86%	99.71%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.06%				

Integrity® AFx DR (Models 5342 & 5346)

US Regulatory Approval	(5342) April 2000 (5346) July 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	1,080
		Total Malfunctions	72
Registered US Implants	47,491	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	6
Estimated Active US Implants	15,345	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	66
Estimated Longevity	6.3 Years	Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	at 105 months
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.90%	99.80%	99.66%	99.00%	97.81%	95.13%	90.42%	84.47%
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.08%	0.14%	0.21%	0.35%
Sample Size	47100	42000	38500	34900	31300	27100	22200	15500	3400

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

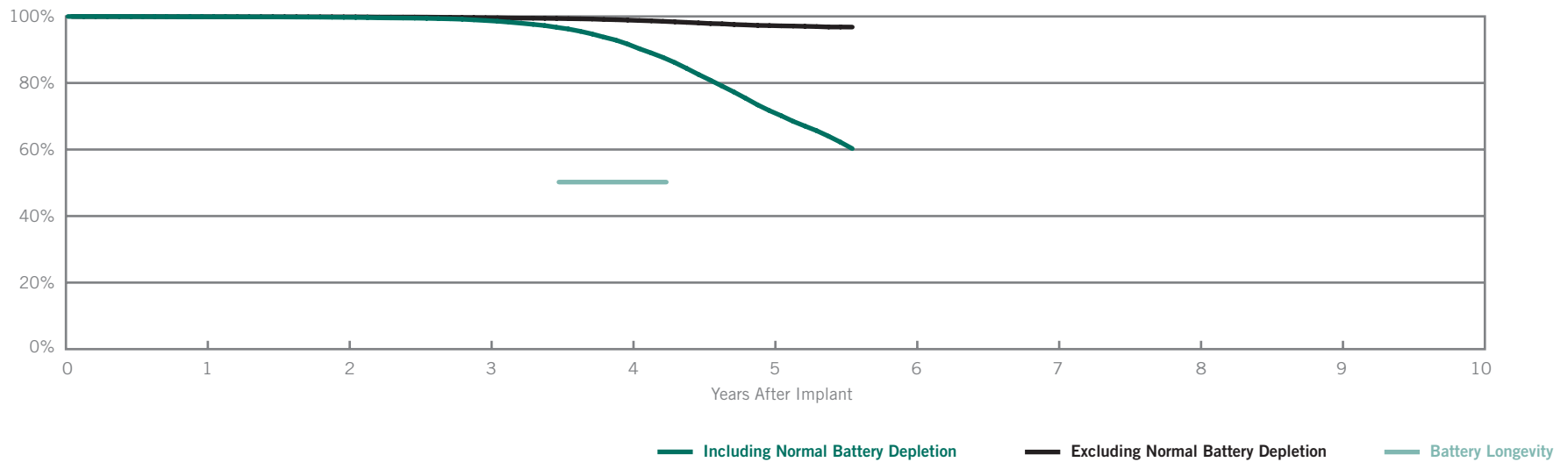
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	at 105 months
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.89%	99.86%	99.79%	99.70%	99.67%	99.60%	99.50%	99.50%
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%	0.04%	0.05%

PACEMAKERS

Identity® (Model 5370)

US Regulatory Approval	November 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	3,791
Registered US Implants	58,350	Total Malfunctions (20 related to Advisory)	359
Estimated Active US Implants	11,943	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	5
Estimated Longevity	3.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (20 related to Advisory)	354
		Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 67 months				
Survival Probability	99.91%	99.73%	98.77%	91.69%	71.68%	60.27%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.05%	0.14%	0.30%	0.41%				
Sample Size	57900	50400	44600	37400	24900	3800				

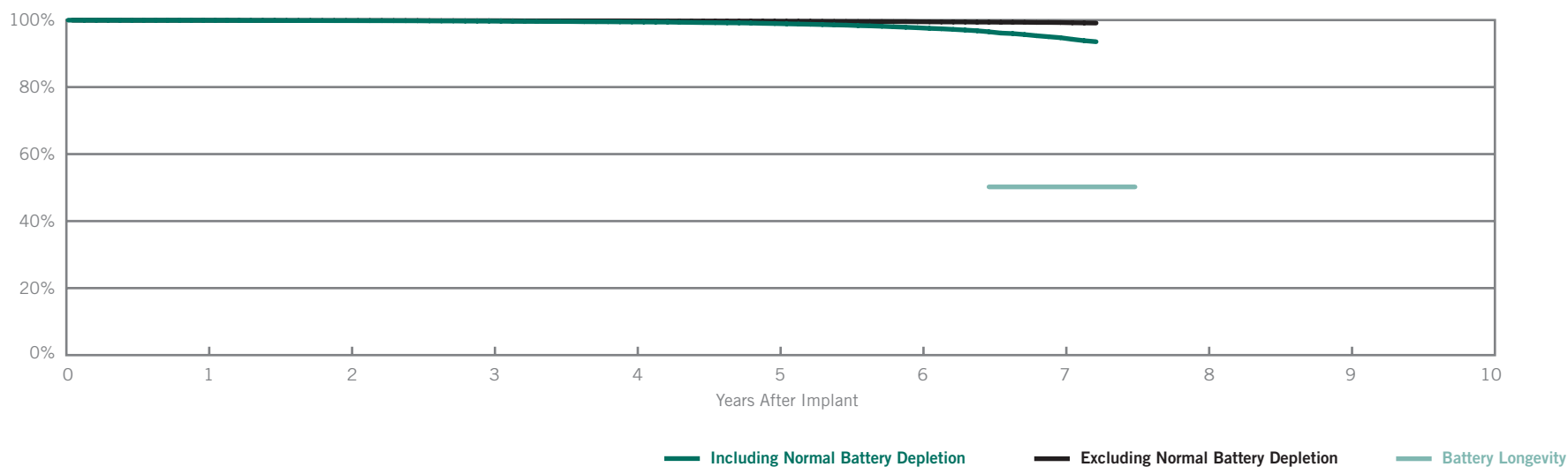
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 67 months				
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.87%	99.61%	98.90%	97.25%	96.80%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.11%	0.13%				

Identity® XL (Model 5376)

US Regulatory Approval	November 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	391
Registered US Implants	51,405	Total Malfunctions (7 related to Advisory)	101
Estimated Active US Implants	27,756	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	9
Estimated Longevity	6.9 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (7 related to Advisory)	92
		Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.83%	99.69%	99.45%	98.96%	97.71%	94.74%	93.54%		
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.09%	0.18%	0.23%		
Sample Size	51200	46300	41900	36200	29300	21600	12000	4300		

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

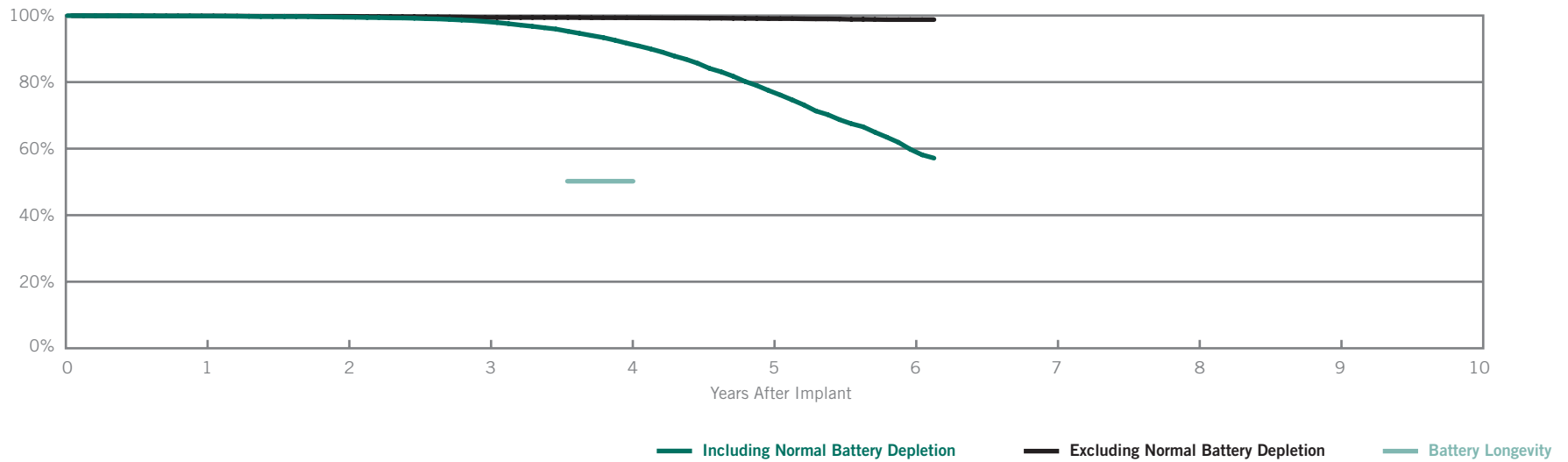
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.86%	99.82%	99.76%	99.65%	99.50%	99.26%	99.11%		
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.06%	0.08%		

PACEMAKERS

Integrity® μ DR (Model 5336)

US Regulatory Approval	December 2000	Normal Battery Depletion	2,058
Registered US Implants	29,356	Total Malfunctions	85
Estimated Active US Implants	3,009	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	8
Estimated Longevity	4.0 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	77
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 74 months			
Survival Probability	99.85%	99.51%	98.21%	91.67%	77.47%	59.78%	57.15%			
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.04%	0.08%	0.20%	0.36%	0.58%	0.65%			
Sample Size	29200	25100	22200	18900	13700	6400	1500			

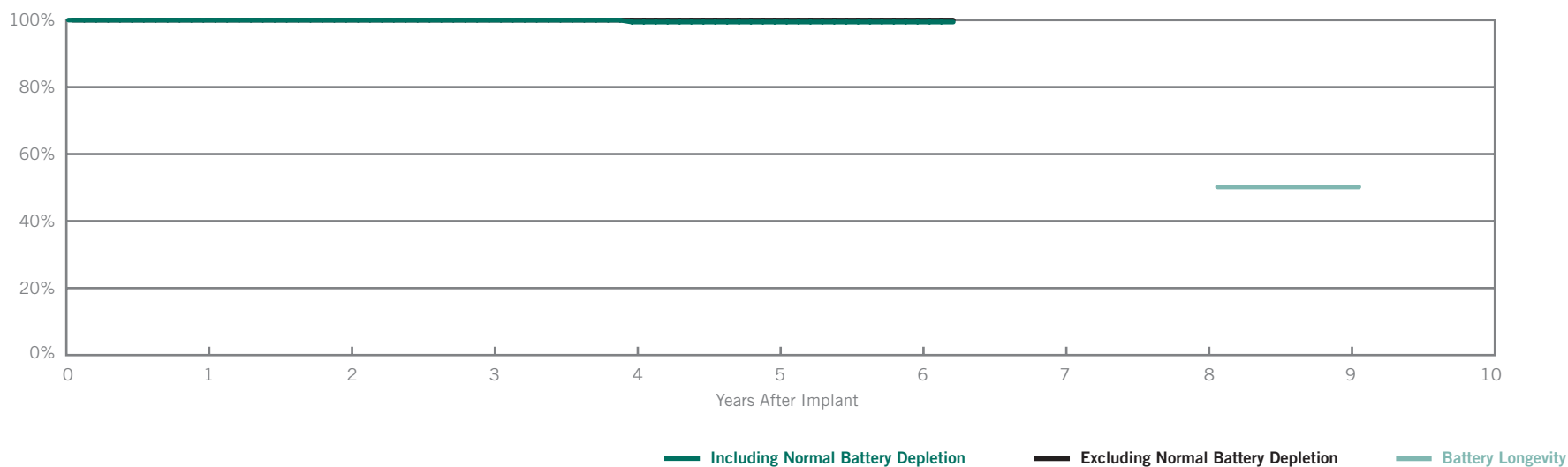
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 74 months			
Survival Probability	99.87%	99.78%	99.42%	99.34%	99.08%	98.78%	98.78%			
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.06%	0.07%	0.11%	0.11%			

Affinity® VDR (Model 5430)

US Regulatory Approval	April 2000	Normal Battery Depletion	3
Registered US Implants	654	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	183	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	8.6 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 75 months			
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.43%	99.43%	99.43%	99.43%			
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%			
Sample Size	600	500	500	400	300	300	200			

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

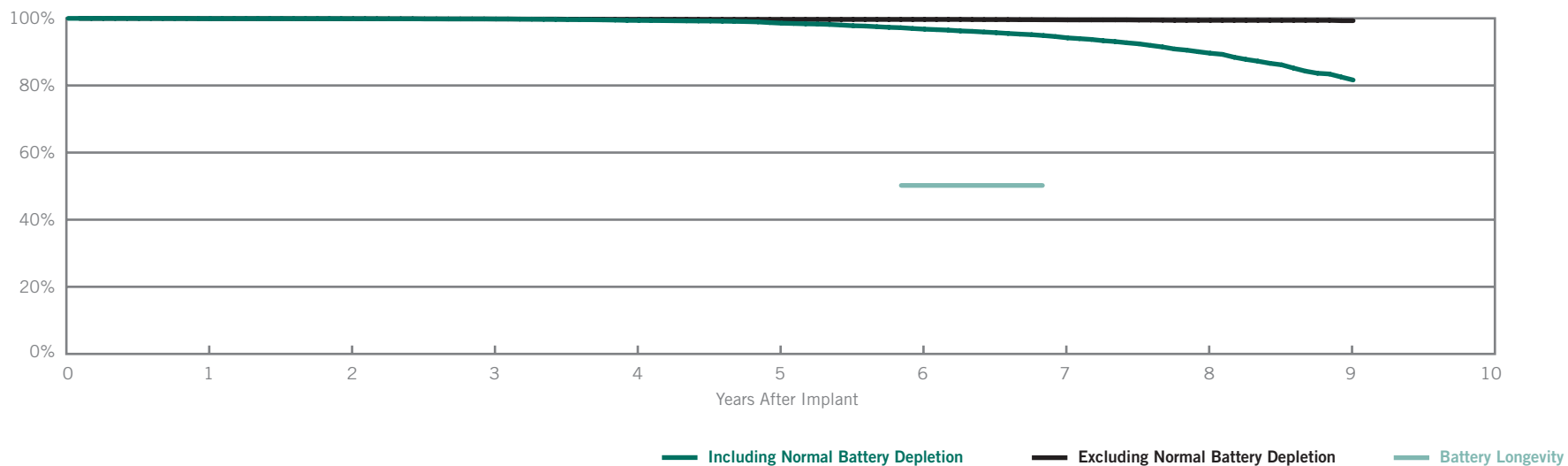
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 75 months			
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			

PACEMAKERS

Entity™ DR (Model 5326) Entity™ DC (Model 5226)

US Regulatory Approval	June 1999	Normal Battery Depletion	465
Registered US Implants	21,852	Total Malfunctions	36
Estimated Active US Implants	5,058	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	3
Estimated Longevity	6.3 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	33
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.88%	99.81%	99.38%	98.55%	96.77%	94.18%	89.60%	81.62%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.06%	0.10%	0.16%	0.23%	0.36%	0.61%
Sample Size	21800	18800	16800	15000	13100	11100	8600	5800	200

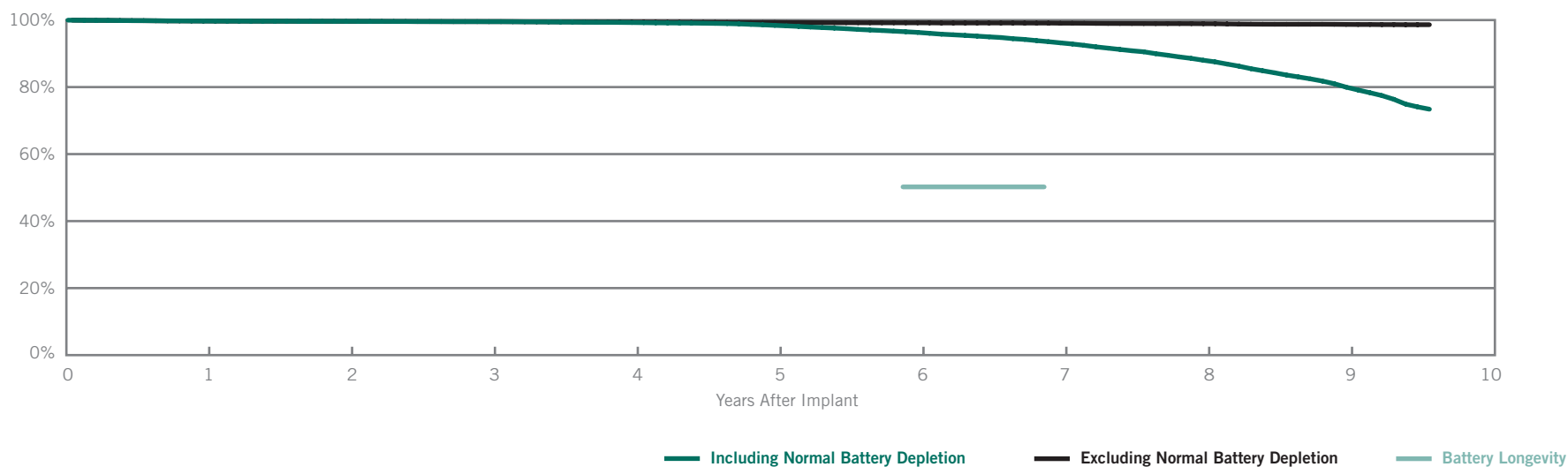
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.88%	99.80%	99.70%	99.67%	99.67%	99.53%	99.41%	99.30%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%	0.06%	0.08%	0.11%

Affinity® DR (Models 5330 & 5331) Affinity® DC (Model 5230)

US Regulatory Approval	(5330) January 1999 (5230/5331) June 1999	Normal Battery Depletion	2,126
		Total Malfunctions (65 related to Advisory)	234
Registered US Implants	65,615	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	15
Estimated Active US Implants	12,686	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (65 related to Advisory)	219
Estimated Longevity	6.3 Years	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	at 115 months
Survival Probability	99.72%	99.63%	99.54%	99.26%	98.42%	96.32%	93.20%	88.01%	79.98%	73.40%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.06%	0.09%	0.14%	0.20%	0.30%	0.41%
Sample Size	65200	57500	52100	47000	41800	36100	29000	20900	12700	3700

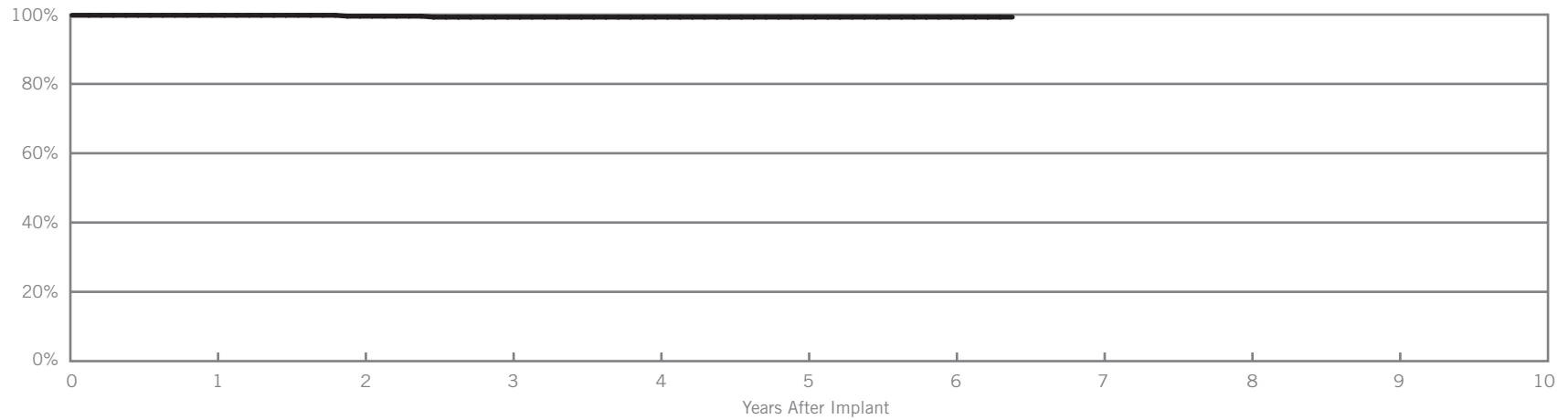
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	at 115 months
Survival Probability	99.71%	99.61%	99.52%	99.40%	99.30%	99.18%	99.07%	98.92%	98.70%	98.62%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%	0.07%	0.08%

PACEMAKERS

AddVent™ (Model 2060)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 1999
Registered US Implants	537
Estimated Longevity	9.3 Years
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints

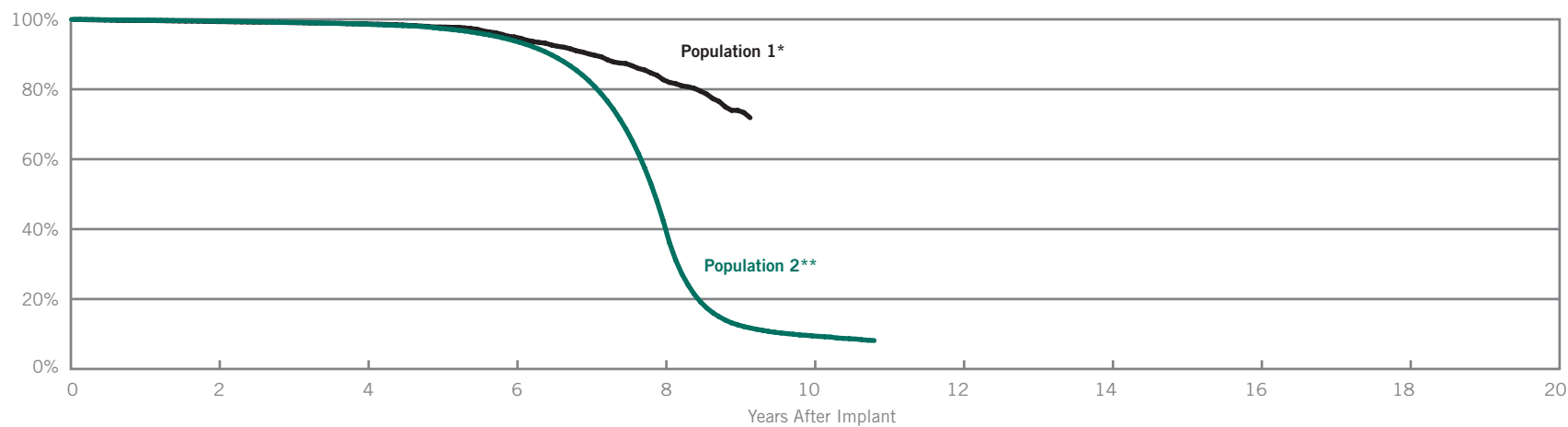


Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 77 months			
Survival Probability	99.81%	99.55%	99.27%	99.27%	99.27%	99.27%	99.27%			
± 1 standard error	0.19%	0.32%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%			
Sample Size	500	400	400	300	300	200	200			

Trilogy™ DR+ (Model 2360 & 2364)

Population 1*		Population 2**	
US Regulatory Approval	September 1996	US Regulatory Approval	September 1996
Registered US Implants	6,479	Registered US Implants	63,822
Estimated Longevity	5.0 Years	Estimated Longevity	5.0 Years
Number of Advisories	None	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Population 1*

Year	2	4	6	8	at 110 months					
Survival Probability	99.36%	98.73%	94.96%	82.73%	71.87%					
± 1 standard error	0.10%	0.16%	0.38%	0.88%	1.52%					
Sample Size	5100	3900	2600	1100	200					

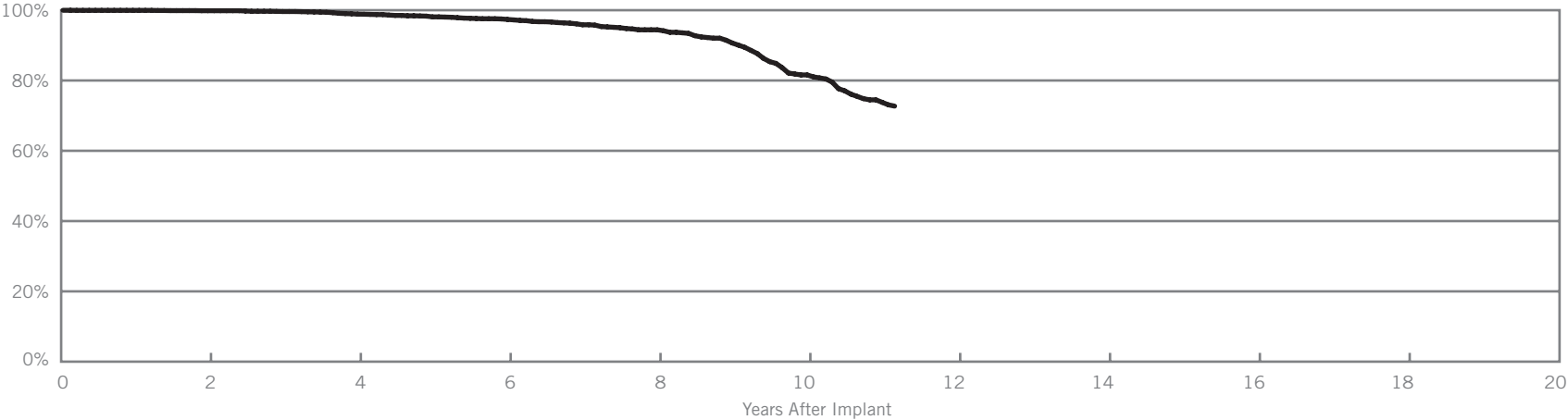
Population 2**

Year	2	4	6	8	10	at 130 months				
Survival Probability	99.51%	98.62%	93.85%	42.36%	9.47%	8.14%				
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.05%	0.09%	0.14%	0.72%	1.40%				
Sample Size	50400	38600	25000	9200	1000	300				

PACEMAKERS

Paragon™ III (Models 2304, 2314, 2315)	
US Regulatory Approval	October 1994
Registered US Implants	3,832
Estimated Longevity	6.3 Years
Number of Advisories	None

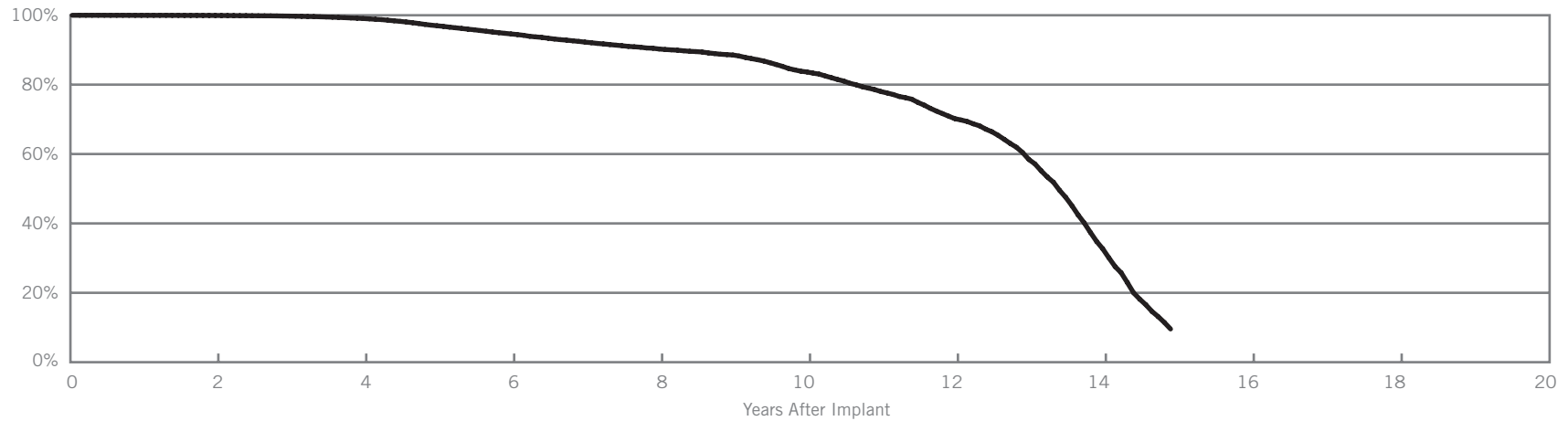
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	at 134 months				
Survival Probability	99.85%	98.89%	97.37%	94.42%	81.58%	72.71%				
± 1 standard error	0.07%	0.20%	0.34%	0.63%	1.65%	2.15%				
Sample Size	3000	2300	1600	800	300	200				

Synchrony™ III (Models 2028 & 2029)	
US Regulatory Approval	February 1993
Registered US Implants	43,510
Estimated Longevity	5.5 Years
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	at 179 months		
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.06%	94.61%	90.27%	83.65%	70.19%	32.67%	9.57%		
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.05%	0.14%	0.24%	0.45%	0.74%	0.99%	0.72%		
Sample Size	36500	29500	19000	7500	3100	1900	900	200		

SUMMARY & LONGEVITY INFORMATION

Pacemakers

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**Malfunction and Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (under advisory)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Total Malfunctions	Total Normal Battery Depletion
PM2210	Accent® DR RF	Jul-09	11896	11697	0	0	0	0	0	0
5820	Zephyr® DR	Mar-07	24153	20874	1	2	0	0	3	1
5810	Victory® DR	Dec-05	25305	18710	0	10	0	1	11	26
5826	Zephyr® XL DR	Mar-07	86833	78858	1	11	0	1	13	1
5816	Victory® XL DR	Dec-05	60263	49328	1	22	0	0	23	4
5356/5357/5256	Verity® ADX XL DR/DR(M/S)/DC	May-03	16663	10596	0	6	0	1	7	11
5360	Integrity® ADx DR	May-03	5818	2712	0	21	0	0	21	170
5366	Integrity® ADx XL DR	May-03	7999	5401	0	1	0	0	1	7
5380	Identity® ADx DR	Mar-03	53095	24569	4	123	0	8	135	1600
5386/5286	Identity® ADx XL DR/DC	Mar-03	64593	45831	1	32	0	0	33	64
5342/5346	Integrity® AFx DR	Apr-00/Jul-01	47491	15345	6	66	0	0	72	1080
5370	Identity®	Nov-01	58350	11943	5	324	20	10	359	3791
5376	Identity® XL	Nov-01	51405	27756	9	83	7	2	101	391
5336	Integrity® µ DR	Dec-00	29356	3009	8	76	0	1	85	2058
5430	Affinity® VDR	Apr-00	654	183	0	0	0	0	0	3
5326/5226	Entity™ DR/DC	Jun-99	21852	5058	3	32	0	1	36	465
5330/5331/5230	Affinity® DR/DC	Jan-99/Jun-99	65615	12686	15	154	65	0	234	2126

Including Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
PM2210	Accent® DR RF*										
5820	Zephyr® DR	99.96%	99.96%								
5810	Victory® DR	99.98%	99.89%	99.54%							
5826	Zephyr® XL DR	99.97%	99.94%								
5816	Victory® XL DR	99.95%	99.91%	99.89%							
5356/5357/5256	Verity® ADX XL DR/ DR(M/S)/DC	99.92%	99.92%	99.84%	99.72%	99.58%					
5360	Integrity® ADx DR	99.82%	99.82%	99.34%	95.06%						
5366	Integrity® ADx XL DR	99.98%	99.98%	99.91%	99.91%	99.56%					
5380	Identity® ADx DR	99.93%	99.82%	99.05%	94.33%	74.97%					
5386/5286	Identity® ADx XL DR/DC	99.95%	99.92%	99.88%	99.76%	99.39%					
5342/5346	Integrity® AFx DR	99.94%	99.90%	99.80%	99.66%	99.00%	97.81%	95.13%	90.42%		
5370	Identity®	99.91%	99.73%	98.77%	91.69%	71.68%					
5376	Identity® XL	99.92%	99.83%	99.69%	99.45%	98.96%	97.71%	94.74%			
5336	Integrity® µ DR	99.85%	99.51%	98.21%	91.67%	77.47%	59.78%				
5430	Affinity® VDR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.43%	99.43%	99.43%				
5326/5226	Entity™ DR/DC	99.92%	99.88%	99.81%	99.38%	98.55%	96.77%	94.18%	89.60%	81.62%	
5330/5331/5230	Affinity® DR/DC	99.72%	99.63%	99.54%	99.26%	98.42%	96.32%	93.20%	88.01%	79.98%	

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

**Excluding Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
PM2210	Accent® DR RF*										
5820	Zephyr® DR	99.96%	99.96%								
5810	Victory® DR	99.98%	99.90%	99.88%							
5826	Zephyr® XL DR	99.97%	99.94%								
5816	Victory® XL DR	99.95%	99.92%	99.91%							
5356/5357/5256	Verity® ADX XL DR/ DR(M/S)/DC	99.92%	99.92%	99.90%	99.87%	99.83%					
5360	Integrity® ADx DR	99.89%	99.89%	99.84%	99.21%						
5366	Integrity® ADx XL DR	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%					
5380	Identity® ADx DR	99.95%	99.92%	99.78%	99.42%	97.74%					
5386/5286	Identity® ADx XL DR/DC	99.95%	99.93%	99.92%	99.90%	99.86%					
5342/5346	Integrity® AFx DR	99.94%	99.89%	99.86%	99.79%	99.70%	99.67%	99.60%	99.50%		
5370	Identity®	99.93%	99.87%	99.61%	98.90%	97.57%					
5376	Identity® XL	99.93%	99.86%	99.82%	99.76%	99.65%	99.50%	99.26%			
5336	Integrity® µ DR	99.87%	99.78%	99.42%	99.34%	99.08%	98.78%				
5430	Affinity® VDR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%				
5326/5226	Entity™ DR/DC	99.92%	99.88%	99.80%	99.70%	99.67%	99.67%	99.53%	99.41%	99.30%	
5330/5331/5230	Affinity® DR/DC	99.71%	99.61%	99.52%	99.40%	99.30%	99.18%	99.07%	98.92%	98.70%	

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

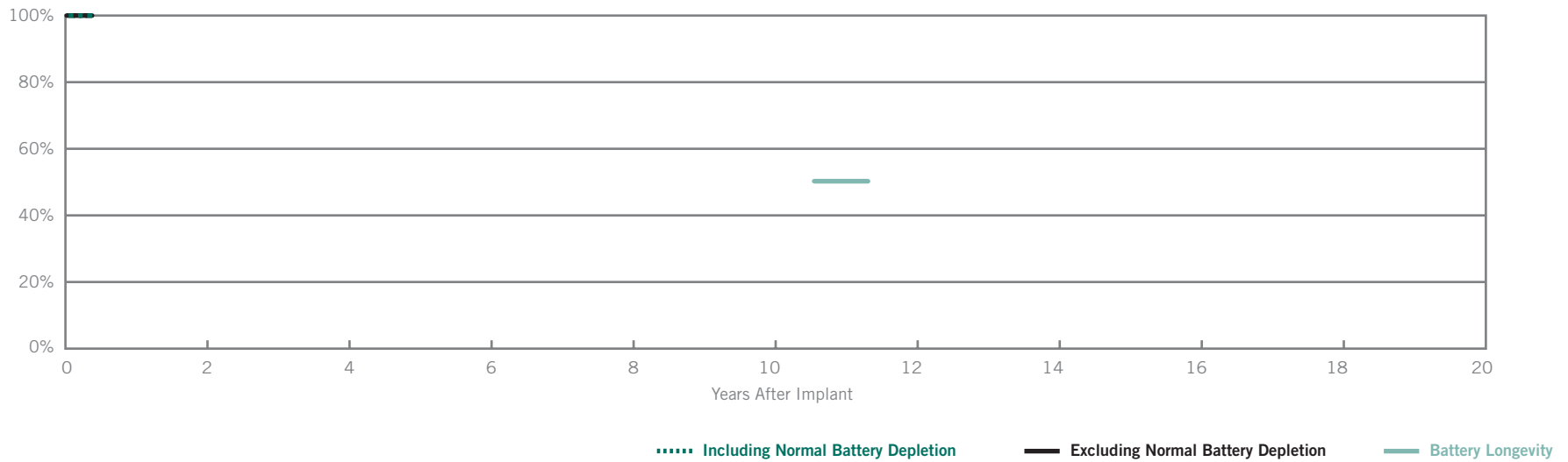
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Single-Chamber

PACEMAKERS

Accent® SR RF (Model PM1210)

US Regulatory Approval	July 2009	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	1,851	Total Malfunctions	0
Estimated Active US Implants	1,803	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	10.9 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	0
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

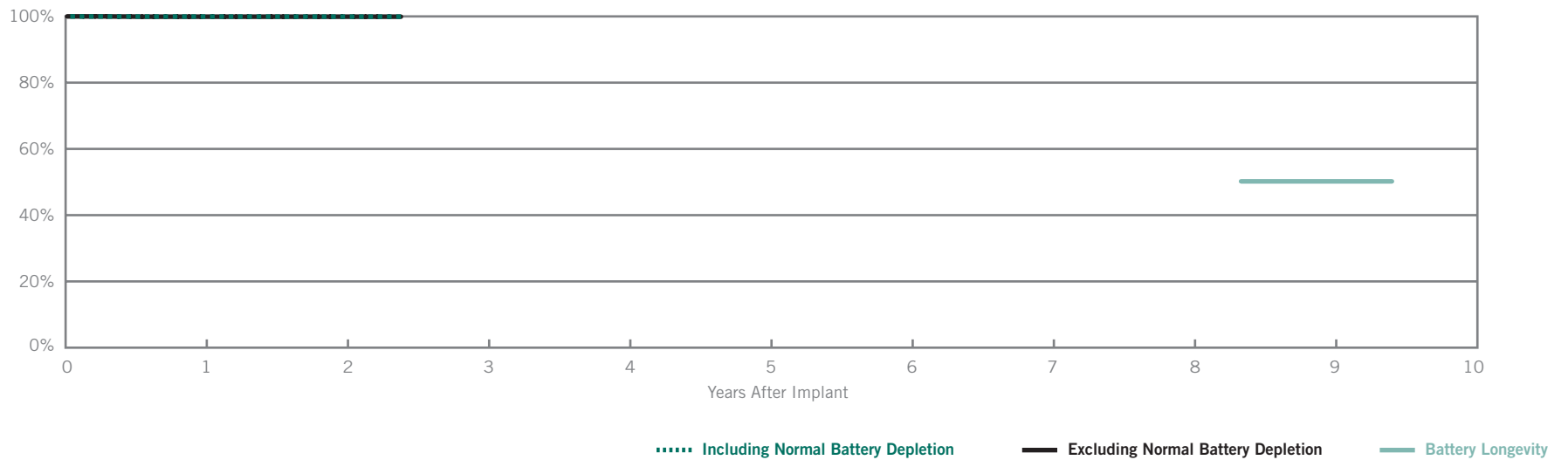
Year	at 5 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	200									

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	at 5 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									

Zephyr® SR (Model 5620)			
US Regulatory Approval	March 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	7,310	Total Malfunctions	2
Estimated Active US Implants	5,866	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	8.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	2
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion										
Year	1	2	at 29 months							
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%							
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%							
Sample Size	5700	1900	200							

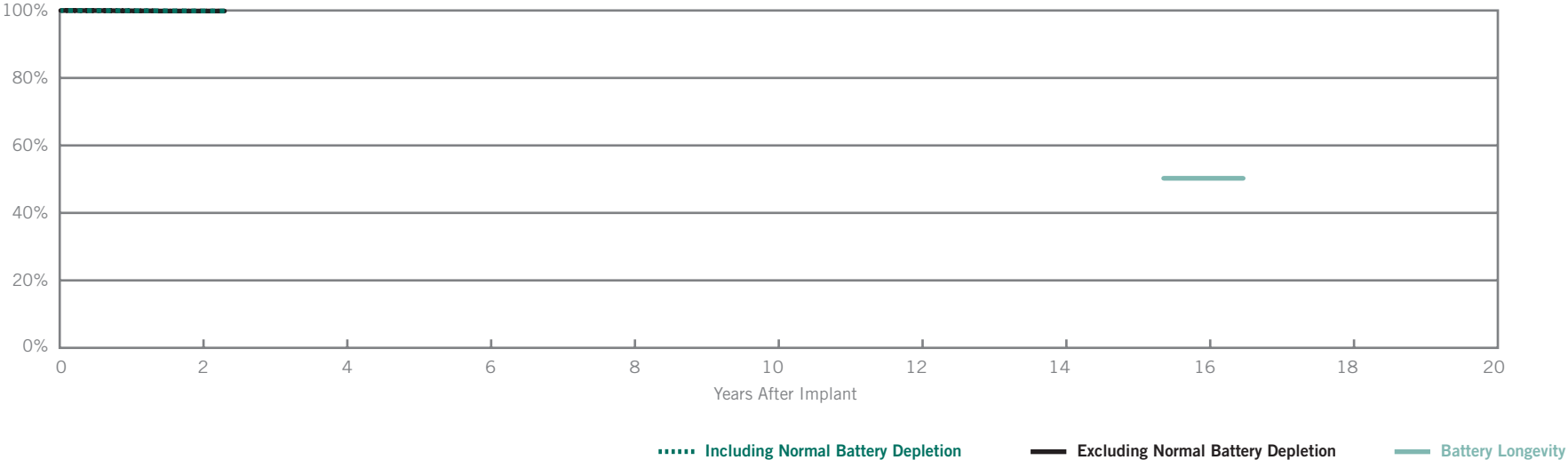
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion										
Year	1	2	at 29 months							
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%							
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%							

PACEMAKERS

Zephyr® XL SR (Model 5626)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2007	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	14,876	Total Malfunctions	6
Estimated Active US Implants	12,677	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	15.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	6
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	2	at 28 months								
Survival Probability	99.84%	99.84%								
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.05%								
Sample Size	3900	200								

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

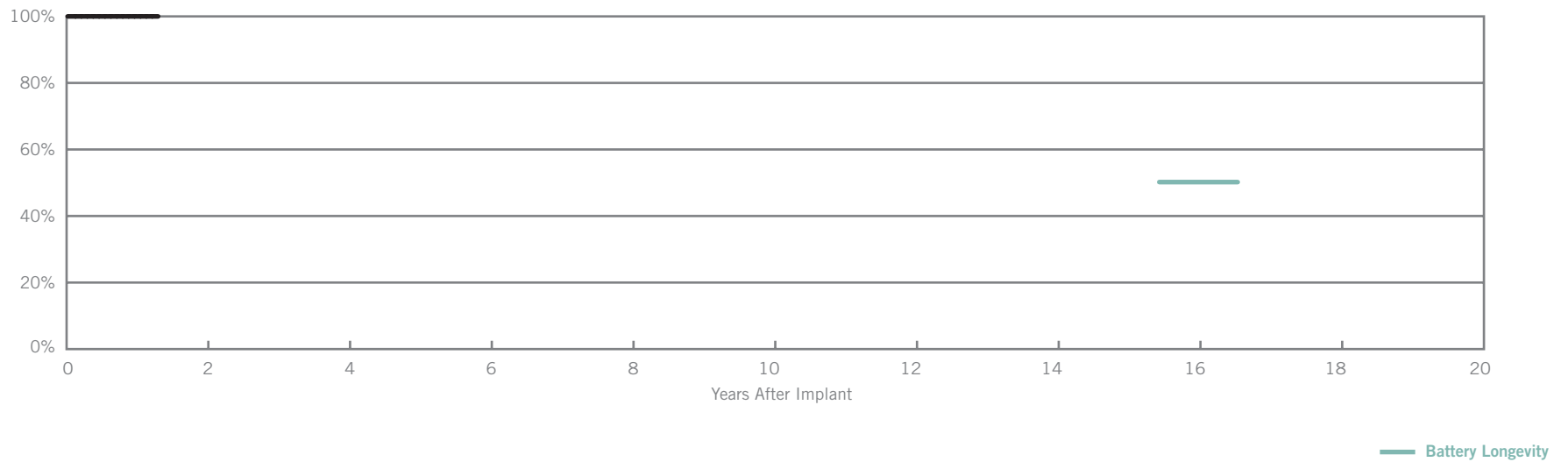
Year	2	at 28 months								
Survival Probability	99.84%	99.84%								
± 1 standard error	0.05%	0.05%								

Zephyr® XL SR (Model 5626)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 2007

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	196
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	2,277

Qualifying Complications	
None Reported	

Survival from SCORE Registry



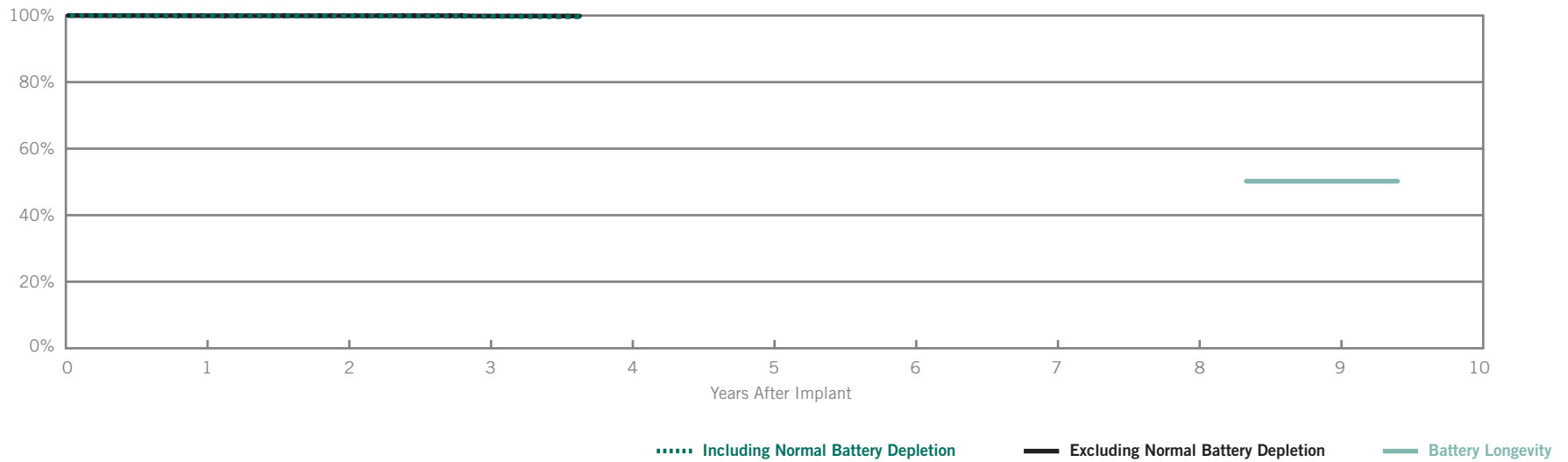
Year	at 16 months									
Survival Probability	100.00%									
± 1 standard error	0.00%									
Sample Size	50									

PACEMAKERS

Victory® SR (Model 5610)

US Regulatory Approval	December 2005	Normal Battery Depletion	2
Registered US Implants	12,948	Total Malfunctions	3
Estimated Active US Implants	8,788	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	8.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	3
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 44 months						
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.94%	99.77%	99.62%						
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.09%	0.14%						
Sample Size	12200	8200	4200	200						

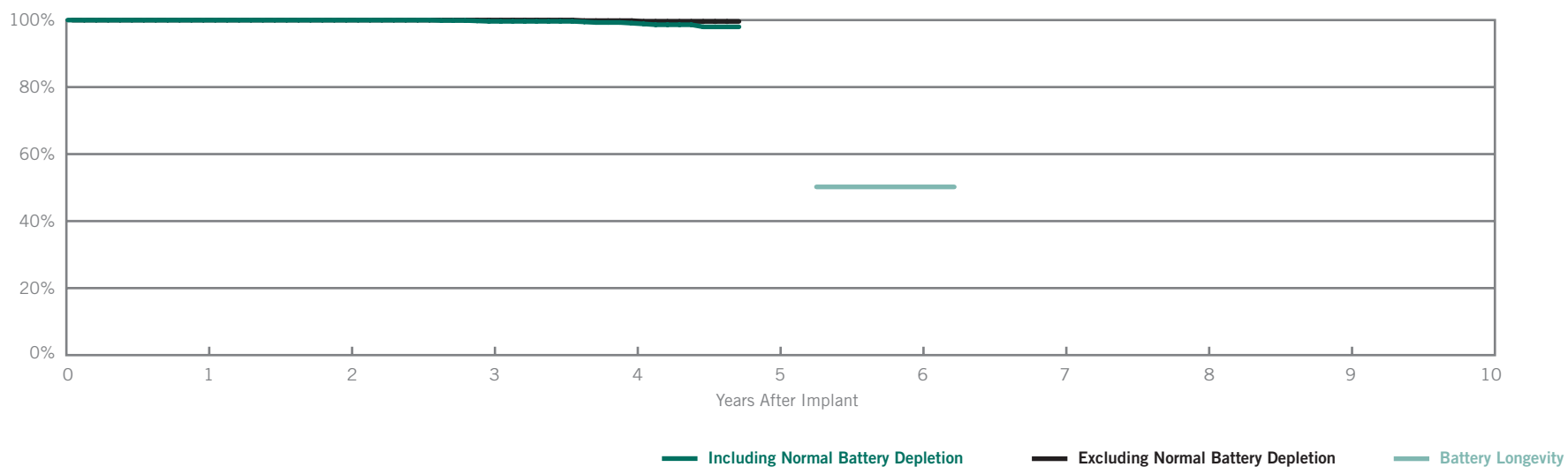
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	at 44 months						
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.94%	99.86%	99.86%						
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.07%	0.07%						

Integrity® ADx SR (Model 5160)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	12
Registered US Implants	3,395	Total Malfunctions	1
Estimated Active US Implants	1,510	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	5.7 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	1
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	at 57 months					
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	99.63%	99.07%	97.98%					
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.12%	0.23%	0.47%					
Sample Size	3400	2600	2000	1300	500					

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

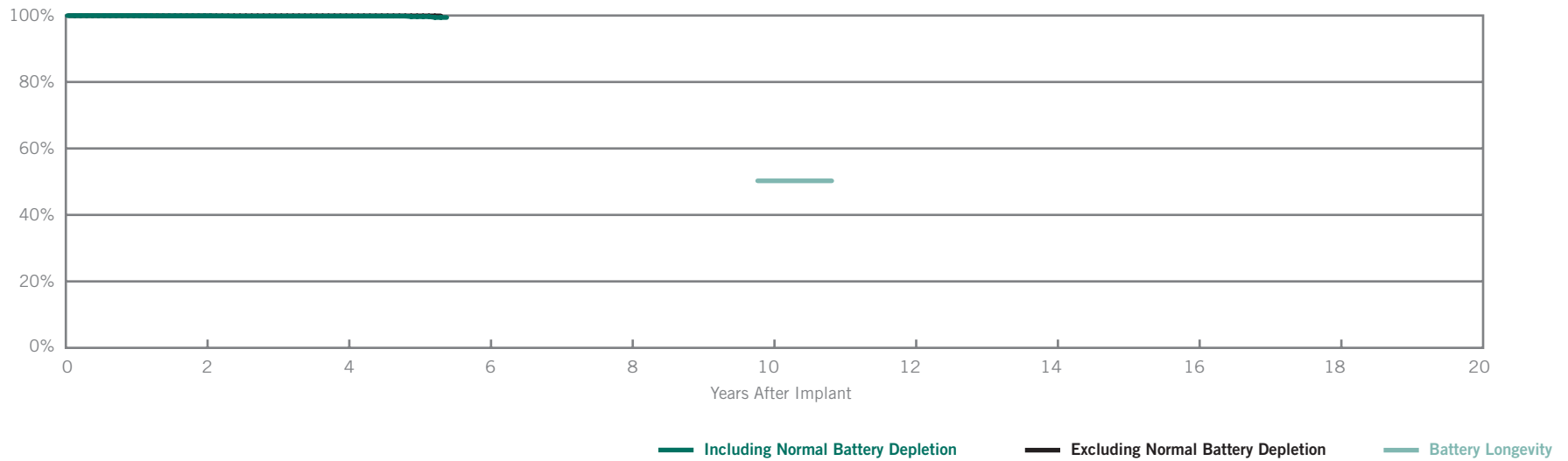
Year	1	2	3	4	at 57 months					
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.83%	99.60%					
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.12%	0.20%					

PACEMAKERS

Verity® ADx XL SR (Model 5156); Verity® ADx XL SR M/S (Model 5157M/S); Verity® ADx XL SC (Model 5056)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	5
Registered US Implants	13,790	Total Malfunctions	5
Estimated Active US Implants	7,935	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	10.2 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	4
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	2	4	at 65 months							
Survival Probability	99.90%	99.81%	99.41%							
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.05%	0.21%							
Sample Size	9900	4200	700							

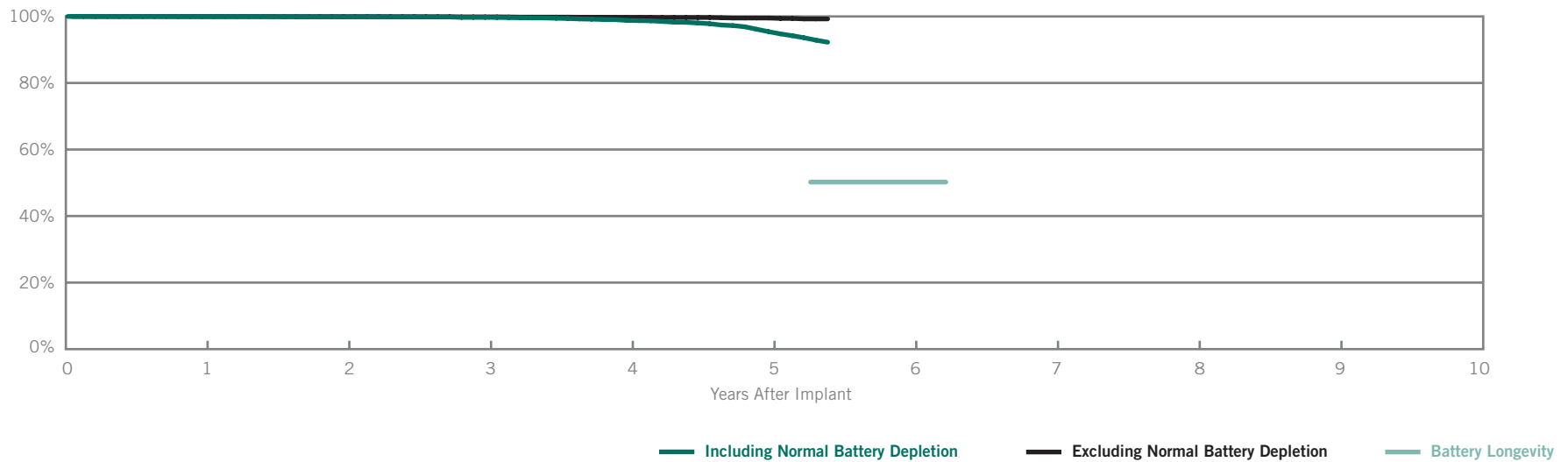
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	2	4	at 65 months							
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.89%	99.89%							
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%							

Identity® ADx SR (Model 5180)

US Regulatory Approval	May 2003	Normal Battery Depletion	104
Registered US Implants	19,913	Total Malfunctions	19
Estimated Active US Implants	9,851	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	5.7 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	19
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 65 months				
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.88%	99.71%	98.81%	95.42%	92.25%				
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.11%	0.34%	0.58%				
Sample Size	19500	14800	11300	7500	3600	1000				

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

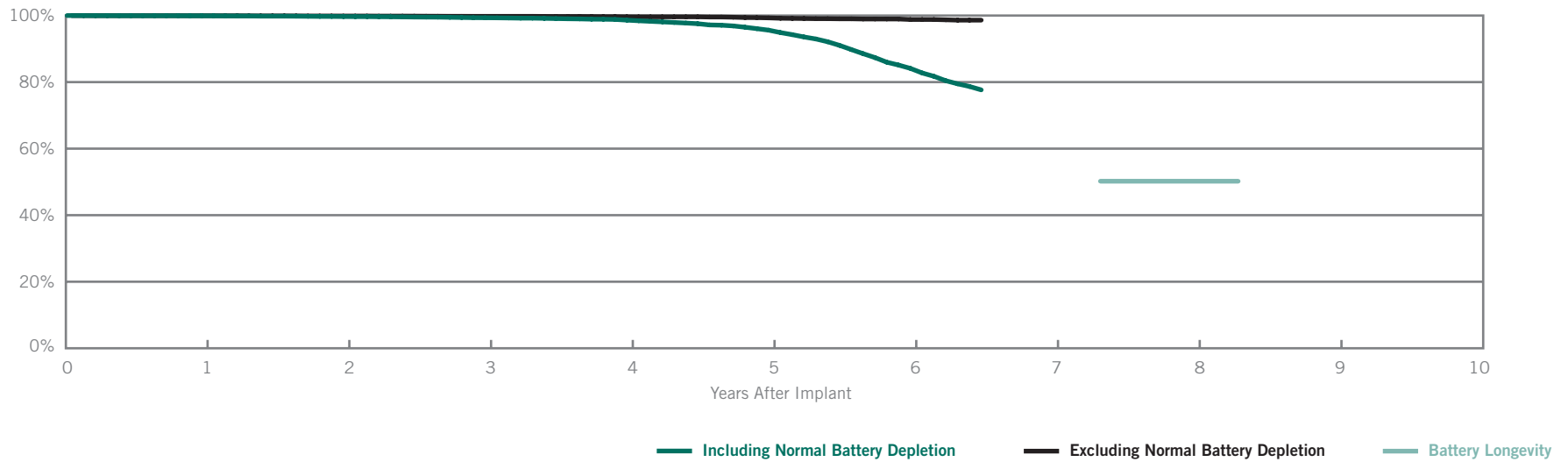
Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 65 months				
Survival Probability	99.98%	99.95%	99.87%	99.73%	99.52%	99.25%				
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.06%	0.10%	0.17%				

PACEMAKERS

Identity® SR (Model 5172)

US Regulatory Approval	November 2001	Normal Battery Depletion	450
Registered US Implants	21,897	Total Malfunctions (1 related to Advisory)	49
Estimated Active US Implants	6,398	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	1
Estimated Longevity	7.8 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (1 related to Advisory)	48
		Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

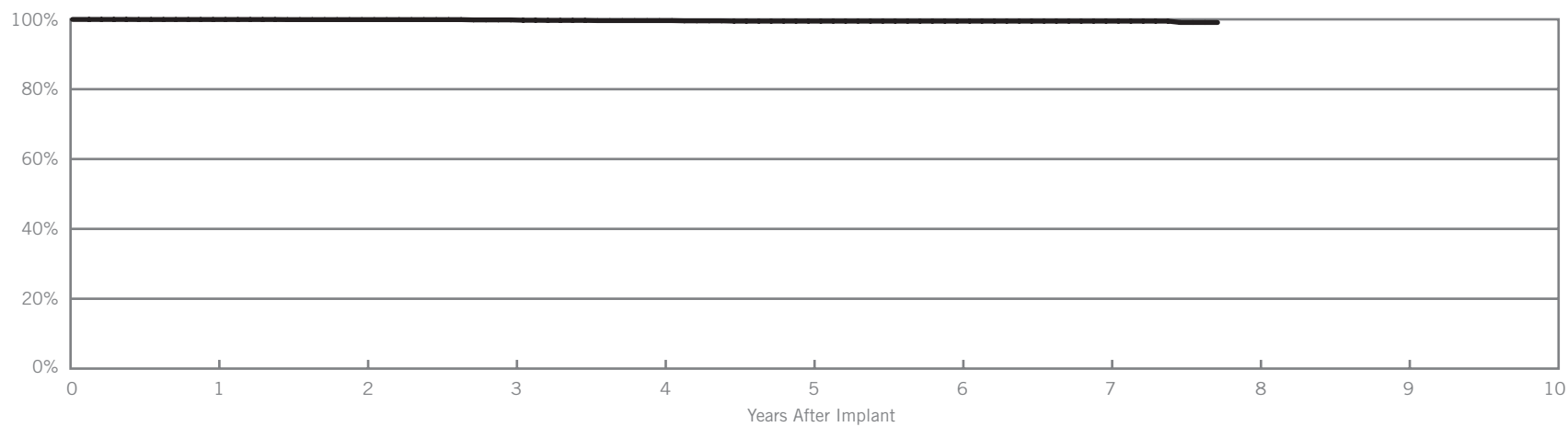
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 78 months			
Survival Probability	99.93%	99.70%	99.34%	98.62%	95.61%	84.12%	77.66%			
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.04%	0.07%	0.10%	0.21%	0.53%	0.72%			
Sample Size	21800	17500	14400	11400	8200	4900	1200			

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 78 months			
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.86%	99.77%	99.64%	99.30%	98.81%	98.62%			
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.08%	0.12%	0.17%			

Microny® (Models 2425T, 2525T & 2535K)	
US Regulatory Approval	April 2001
Registered US Implants	6,449
Estimated Longevity	7.5 Years
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



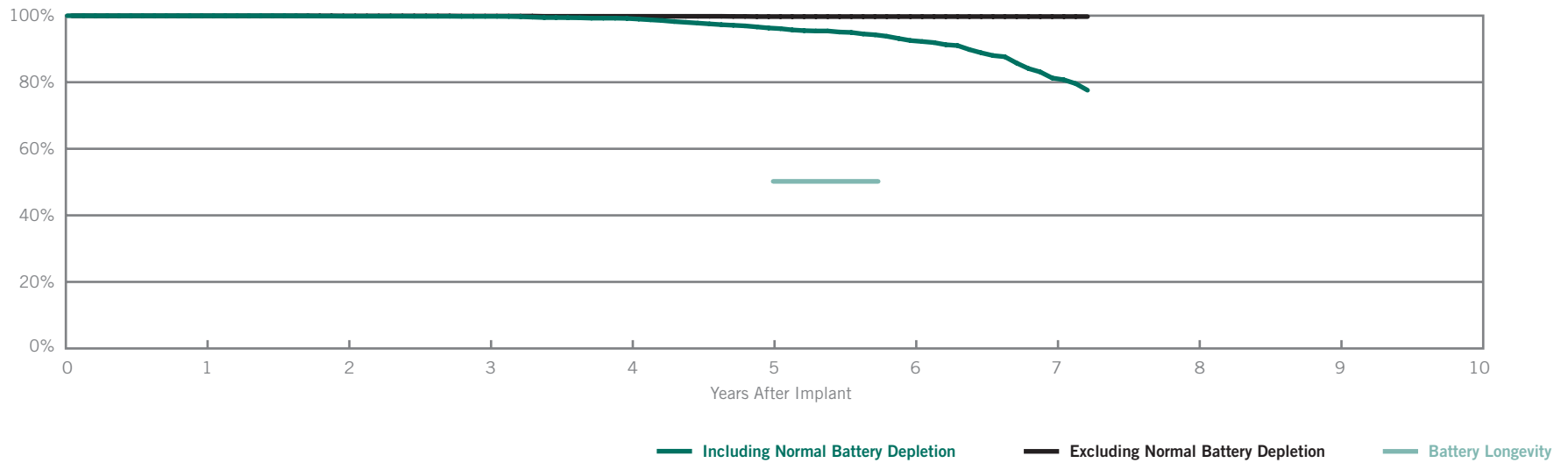
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 93 months		
Survival Probability	99.95%	99.92%	99.84%	99.64%	99.49%	99.49%	99.49%	99.10%		
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.04%	0.07%	0.12%	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%	0.42%		
Sample Size	4500	3300	2400	1700	1100	700	400	200		

PACEMAKERS

Integrity® μ SR (Model 5136)

US Regulatory Approval	December 2000	Normal Battery Depletion	279
Registered US Implants	11,968	Total Malfunctions	10
Estimated Active US Implants	1,810	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	5.3 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	10
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.97%	99.84%	99.79%	99.18%	96.30%	92.53%	81.28%	77.60%		
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.04%	0.05%	0.11%	0.26%	0.40%	0.81%	0.96%		
Sample Size	11900	9400	7800	6500	5100	3700	2300	700		

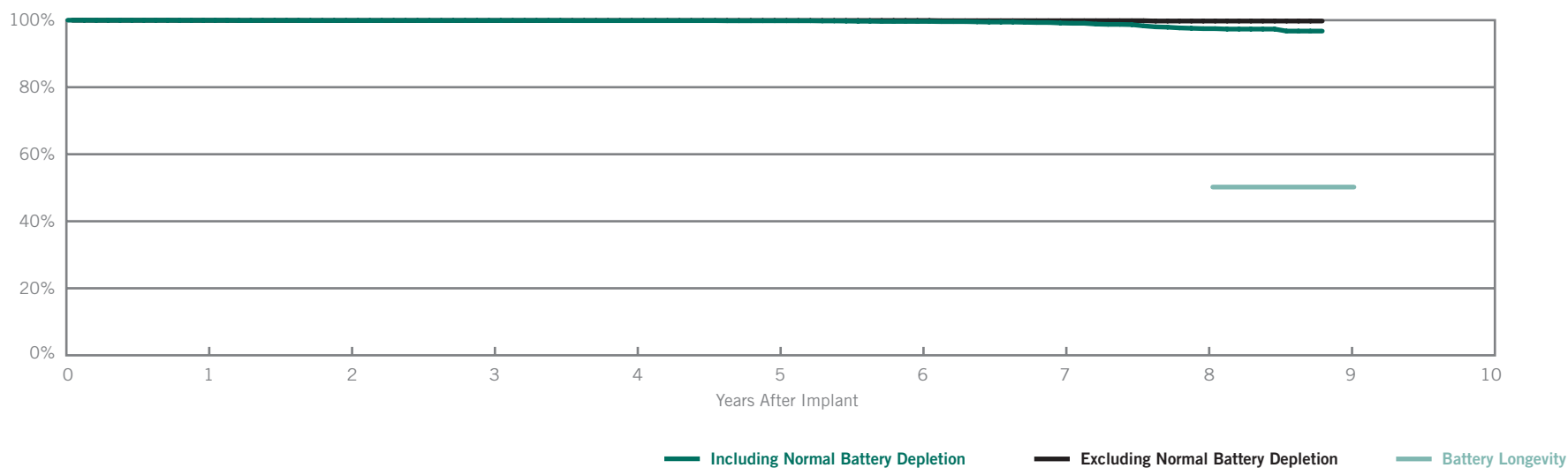
Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	at 87 months		
Survival Probability	99.96%	99.91%	99.88%	99.81%	99.72%	99.72%	99.72%	99.72%		
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%		

Integrity® SR (Model 5142)

US Regulatory Approval	April 2000	Normal Battery Depletion	36
Registered US Implants	10,496	Total Malfunctions	6
Estimated Active US Implants	2,889	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	1
Estimated Longevity	8.6 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	5
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	at 106 months
Survival Probability	99.96%	99.91%	99.91%	99.87%	99.83%	99.63%	99.16%	97.48%	96.75%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.09%	0.13%	0.31%	0.41%
Sample Size	10500	8600	7400	6300	5300	4300	3300	2300	700

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

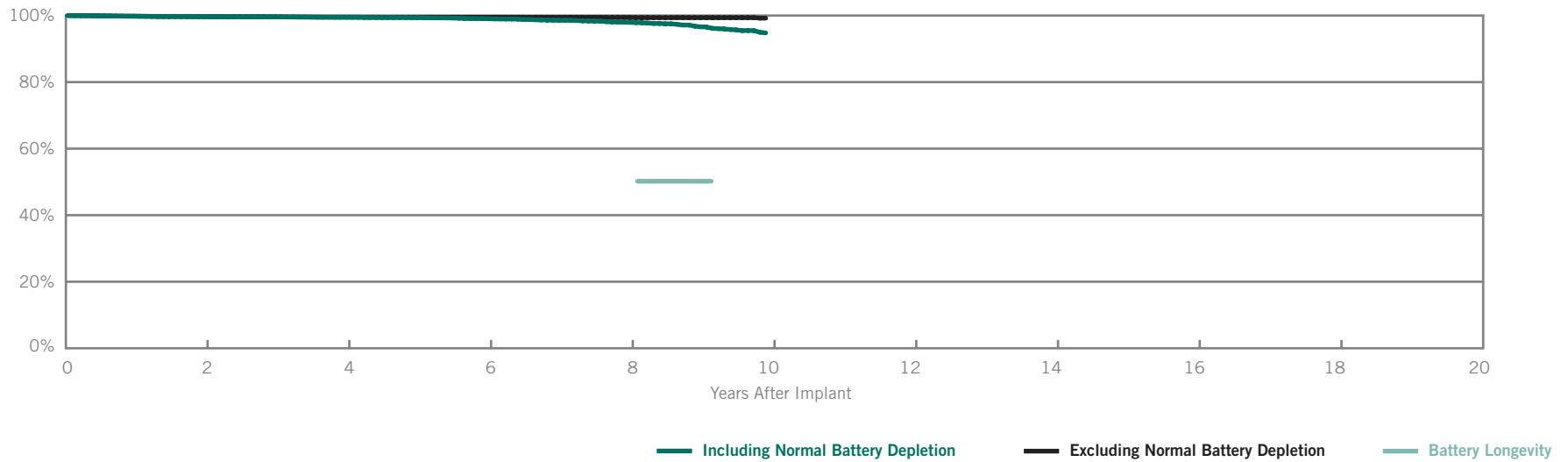
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	at 106 months
Survival Probability	99.96%	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.85%	99.75%	99.75%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.05%	0.09%	0.09%

PACEMAKERS

Affinity® SR (Models 5130 & 5131)

US Regulatory Approval	(5130) January 1999 (5131) June 1999	Normal Battery Depletion	115
Registered US Implants	28,676	Total Malfunctions (17 related to Advisory)	59
Estimated Active US Implants	5,910	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy (0 related to Advisory)	4
Estimated Longevity	8.6 Years	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (17 related to Advisory)	55
		Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	One

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

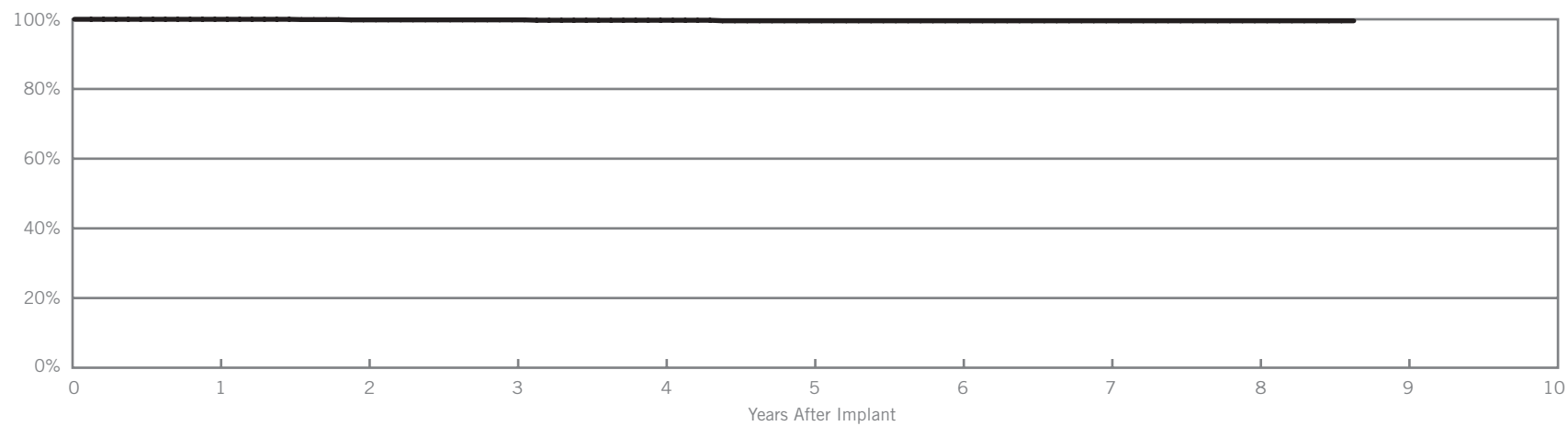
Year	2	4	6	8	at 119 months					
Survival Probability	99.68%	99.48%	99.03%	97.95%	94.78%					
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.05%	0.08%	0.15%	0.38%					
Sample Size	23000	16500	11500	6700	1000					

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	2	4	6	8	at 119 months					
Survival Probability	99.67%	99.52%	99.47%	99.41%	99.22%					
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%	0.06%	0.13%					

Regency® SC+ (Models 2400L & 2402L)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 1998
Registered US Implants	2,225
Estimated Longevity	9.1 Years
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



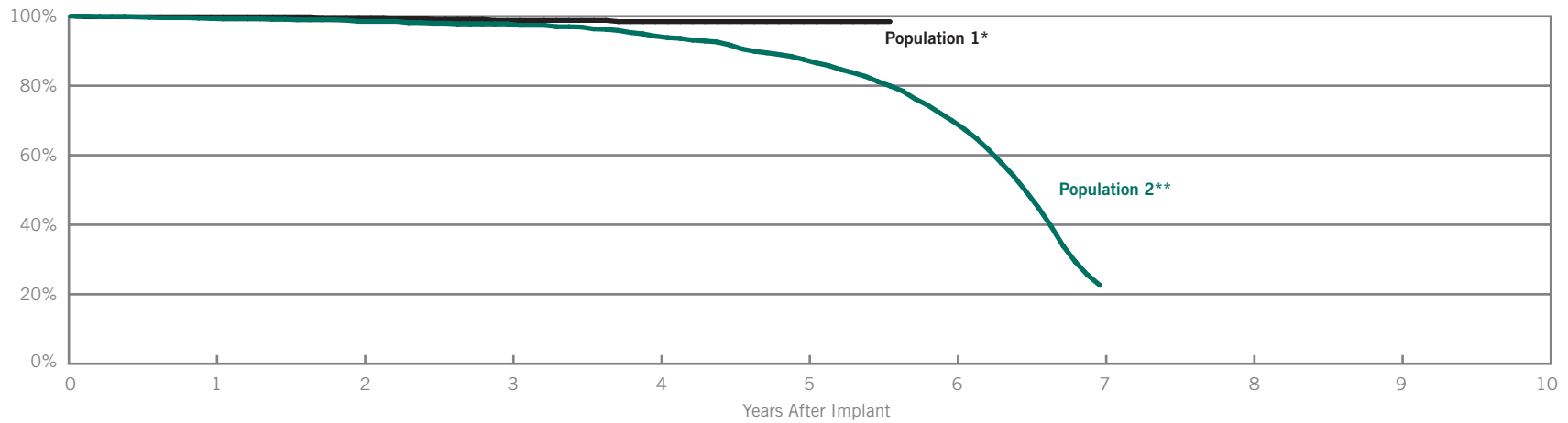
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	at 104 months
Survival Probability	100.00%	99.83%	99.83%	99.72%	99.56%	99.56%	99.56%	99.56%	99.56%
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.12%	0.12%	0.17%	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%
Sample Size	1600	1200	1000	800	600	500	400	300	200

PACEMAKERS

Tempo™ V (Model 1102); Tempo™ VR (Model 1902)

Population 1*		Population 2**	
US Regulatory Approval	August 1997	US Regulatory Approval	August 1997
Registered US Implants	607	Registered US Implants	1,087
Estimated Longevity	5.3 Years	Estimated Longevity	5.3 Years
Number of Advisories	None	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Population 1*

Year	1	2	3	4	5	at 67 months				
Survival Probability	99.83%	99.60%	98.79%	98.44%	98.44%	98.44%				
± 1 standard error	0.17%	0.29%	0.55%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%				
Sample Size	500	400	400	300	200	200				

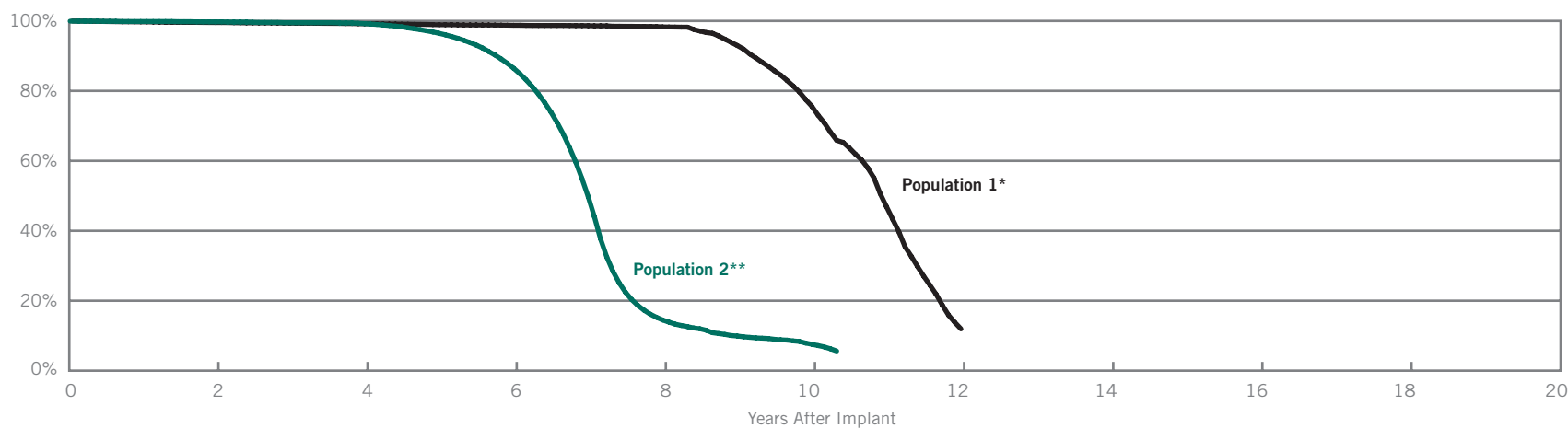
Population 2**

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
Survival Probability	99.34%	98.50%	97.79%	94.25%	87.54%	69.99%	22.55%			
± 1 standard error	0.25%	0.38%	0.56%	0.88%	1.18%	1.46%	1.65%			
Sample Size	900	700	500	400	300	200	200			

Trilogy™ SR+ (Models 2260 & 2264)

Population 1*		Population 2**	
US Regulatory Approval	March 1997	US Regulatory Approval	March 1997
Registered US Implants	16,082	Registered US Implants	2,779
Estimated Longevity	7.7 Years	Estimated Longevity	7.7 Years
Number of Advisories	None	Number of Advisories (see pages 238-243)	Two

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Population 1*

Year	2	4	6	8	10	12				
Survival Probability	99.54%	99.19%	98.76%	98.30%	75.59%	11.93%				
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.08%	0.11%	0.15%	0.80%	0.85%				
Sample Size	11800	8400	5900	4000	2100	200				

Population 2**

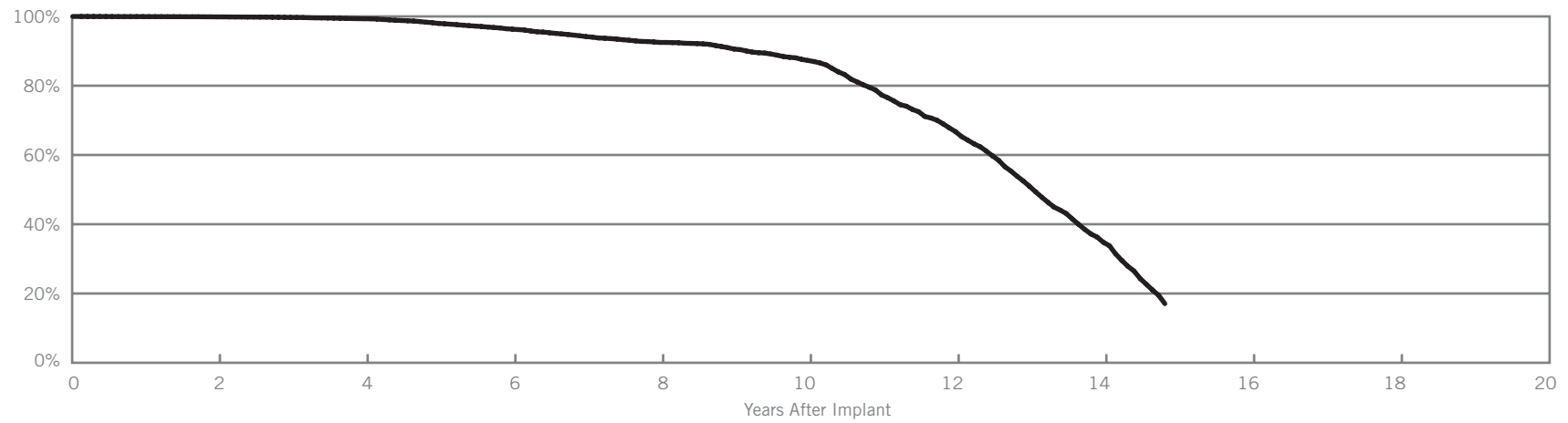
Year	2	4	6	8	at 124 months					
Survival Probability	99.74%	99.23%	86.47%	14.49%	5.62%					
± 1 standard error	0.11%	0.18%	0.23%	0.49%	2.37%					
Sample Size	1800	1300	900	600	200					

PACEMAKERS

Solus® II (Models 2006 & 2007)

US Regulatory Approval	February 1993
Registered US Implants	32,331
Estimated Longevity	6.0 Years
Number of Advisories	None

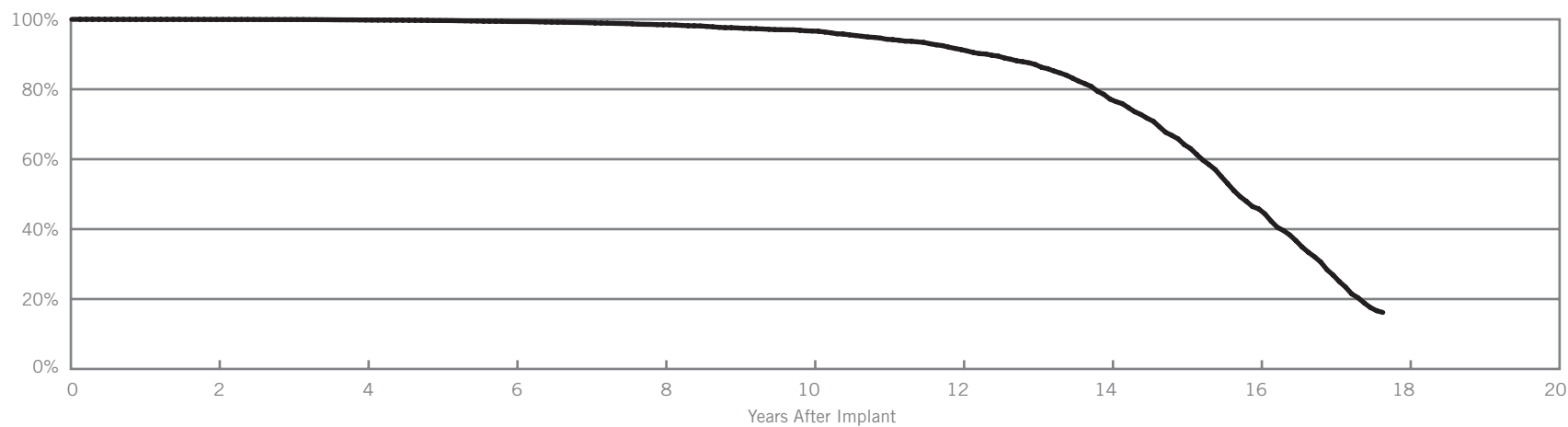
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	at 178 months		
Survival Probability	99.87%	99.33%	96.32%	92.49%	87.29%	66.72%	34.79%	17.06%		
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.06%	0.16%	0.29%	0.52%	1.05%	1.27%	1.12%		
Sample Size	24500	17700	11000	4300	1900	1100	500	200		

Phoenix™ II (Models 2005, 2008 & 2009)	
US Regulatory Approval	July 1990
Registered US Implants	26,790
Estimated Longevity	8.3 Years
Number of Advisories	None

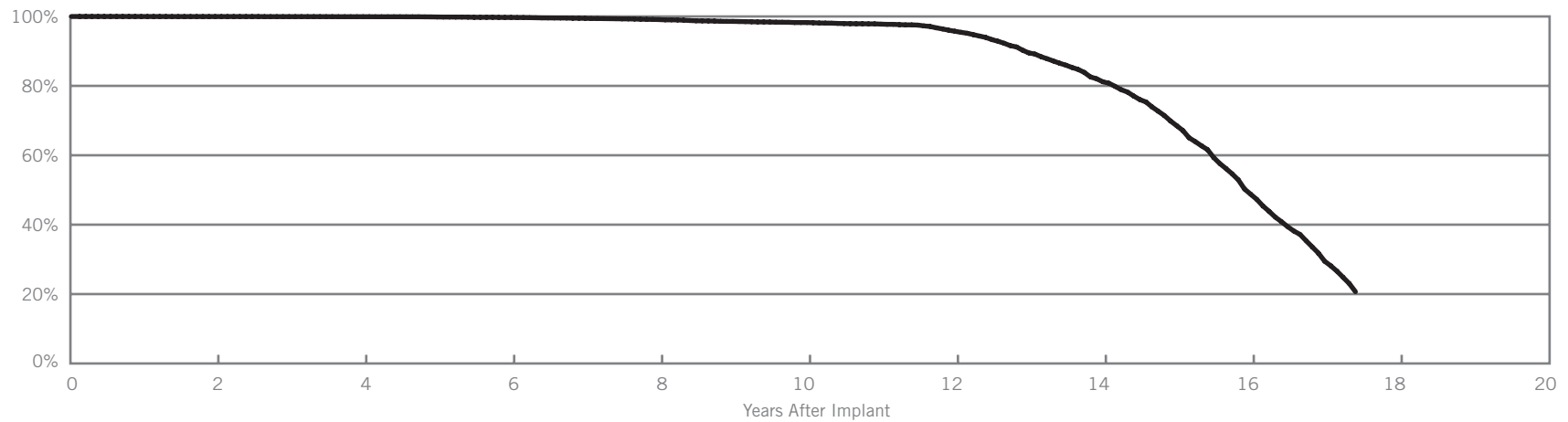
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	at 212 months
Survival Probability	99.96%	99.81%	99.37%	98.46%	96.66%	91.36%	77.20%	45.78%	16.17%
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.03%	0.08%	0.14%	0.25%	0.49%	0.89%	1.28%	1.04%
Sample Size	18900	13000	8800	5800	3500	2200	1400	700	200

Solus® (Models 2002 & 2003)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 1990
Registered US Implants	26,790
Estimated Longevity	8.3 Years
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	at 209 months
Survival Probability	99.97%	99.93%	99.72%	99.10%	98.25%	95.74%	81.18%	48.77%	20.68%
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.05%	0.10%	0.16%	0.31%	0.82%	1.34%	1.27%
Sample Size	18700	14200	10500	7400	4900	2900	1500	700	200

SUMMARY & LONGEVITY INFORMATION

Pacemakers

Single-Chamber



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**Malfunction and Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (under advisory)	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy (premature battery depletion)	Total Malfunctions	Total Normal Battery Depletion
PM1210	Accent® SR RF	Jul-09	1851	1803	0	0	0	0	0	0
5620	Zephyr® SR	Mar-07	7310	5866	0	2	0	0	2	0
5626	Zephyr® XL SR	May-07	14876	12677	0	6	0	0	6	0
5610	Victory® SR	Dec-05	12948	8788	0	3	0	0	2	2
5160	Integrity® Adx SR	May-03	3395	1510	0	1	0	0	0	12
5156/5157/5056	Verity® Adx XL SR/ SR(M/S)/SC	May-03	13790	7935	1	4	0	0	5	5
5180	Identity® Adx SR	May-03	19913	9851	0	17	0	2	19	104
5172	Identity® SR	Nov-01	21897	6398	1	43	1	4	49	450
5136	Integrity® µ SR	Dec-00	11968	1810	0	10	0	0	10	279
5142	Integrity® SR	Apr-00	10496	2889	1	5	0	0	6	36
5130/5131	Affinity® SR	Jan-99/Jun-99	28676	5910	4	38	17	0	59	115

PACEMAKERS

Including Normal Battery Depletion Summary Information

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
PM1210	Accent® SR RF*										
5620	Zephyr® SR	99.92%	99.92%								
5626	Zephyr® XL SR	99.92%	99.84%								
5610	Victory® SR	99.94%	99.94%	99.77%							
5160	Integrity® Adx SR	100.00%	100.00%	99.63%	99.07%						
5156/5157/5056	Verity® Adx XL SR/ SR(M/S)/SC	99.96%	99.90%	99.81%	99.81%	99.65%					
5180	Identity® Adx SR	99.93%	99.88%	99.71%	98.81%	95.42%					
5172	Identity® SR	99.93%	99.70%	99.34%	98.62%	95.61%	84.12%				
5136	Integrity® µ SR	99.97%	99.84%	99.79%	99.18%	96.30%	92.53%	81.28%			
5142	Integrity® SR	99.96%	99.91%	99.91%	99.87%	99.83%	99.63%	99.16%	97.48%		
5130/5131	Affinity® SR	99.81%	99.68%	99.61%	99.48%	99.36%	99.03%	98.57%	97.95%		

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

**Excluding Normal Battery Depletion
Summary Information**

Models	Family	Survival Probability									
		1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year	6 year	7 year	8 year	9 year	10 year
PM1210	Accent® SR RF*										
5620	Zephyr® SR	99.92%	99.92%								
5626	Zephyr® XL SR	99.92%	99.84%								
5610	Victory® SR	99.94%	99.94%	99.86%							
5160	Integrity® Adx SR	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.83%						
5156/5157/5056	Verity® Adx XL SR/ SR(M/S)/SC	99.96%	99.92%	99.89%	99.89%	99.89%					
5180	Identity® Adx SR	99.98%	99.95%	99.87%	99.73%	99.52%					
5172	Identity® SR	99.95%	99.86%	99.77%	99.64%	99.30%	98.81%				
5136	Integrity® μ SR	99.96%	99.91%	99.88%	99.81%	99.72%	99.72%	99.72%			
5142	Integrity® SR	99.96%	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.91%	99.85%	99.75%		
5130/5131	Affinity® SR	99.81%	99.67%	99.61%	99.52%	99.49%	99.47%	99.45%	99.41%		

*No survival probability is stated at one year due to the device not meeting the required minimum sample size of 200 U.S. implants with 12 consecutive months of data. Please refer to the individual graphs for data up to one year.

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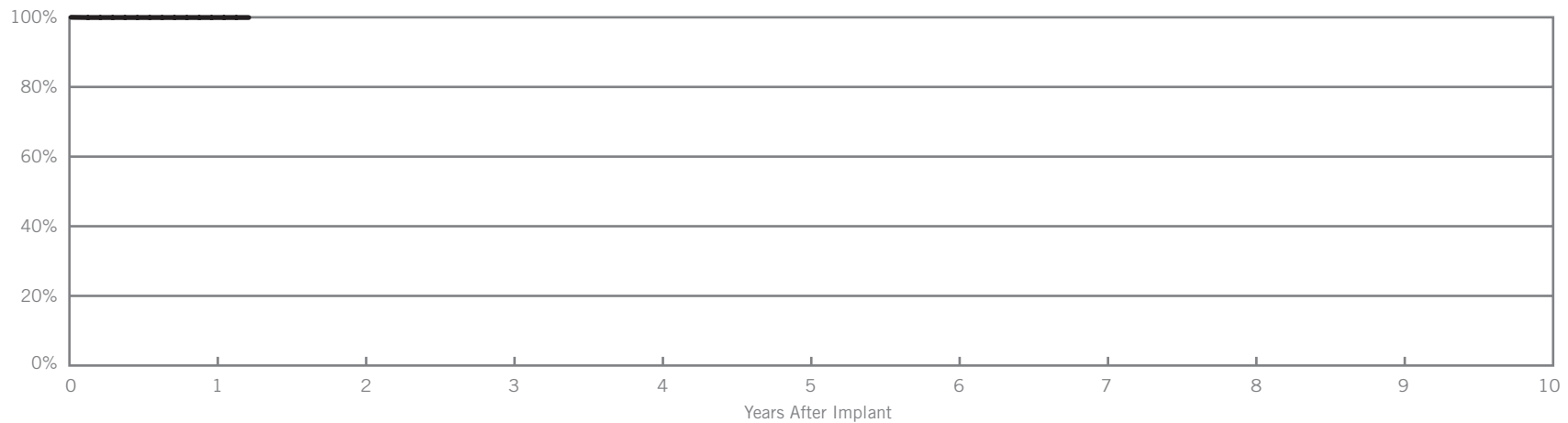
PACING LEADS

IsoFlex® Optim® (Model 1944)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2008
Registered US Implants	1,906
Estimated Active US Implants	1,743
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	4	0.21%	1	0.05%
Failure to Capture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	1	0.05%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	5	0.26%	1	0.05%
Total Returned for Analysis	1		0	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	0	0.00%
Total	0	0.00%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	at 15 months							
Survival Probability	99.94%	99.94%							
± 1 standard error	0.06%	0.06%							
Sample Size	1200	300							

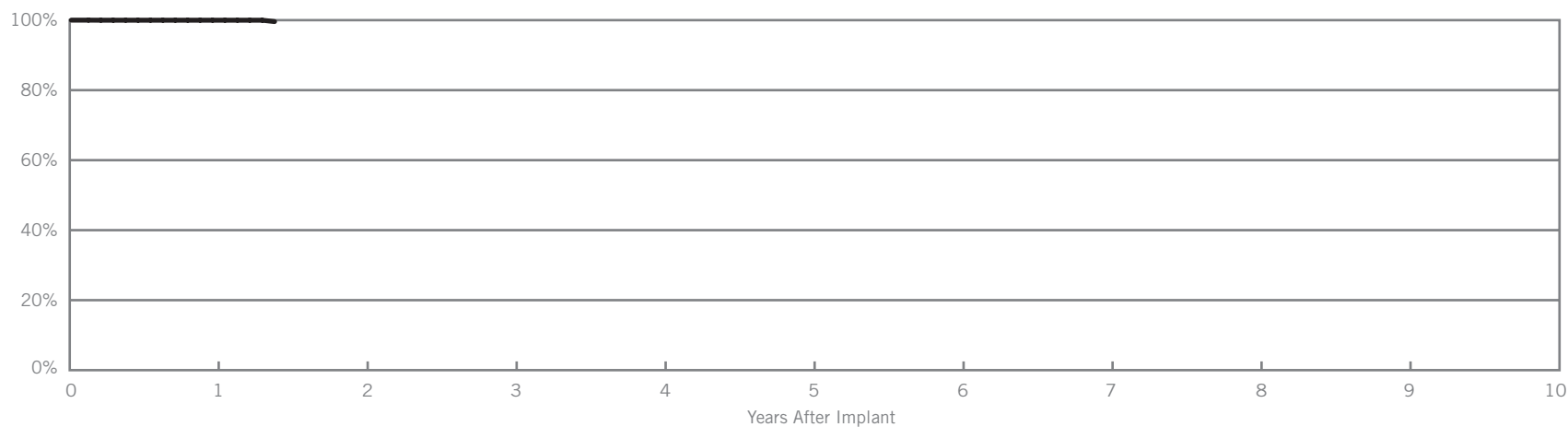
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

IsoFlex® Optim® (Model 1948)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2008
Registered US Implants	6,705
Estimated Active US Implants	6,185
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	2	0.03%	0	0.00%
Failure to Capture	2	0.03%	1	0.01%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	1	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Total	4	0.06%	2	0.03%
Total Returned for Analysis	2		0	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	0	0.00%
Total	0	0.00%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	at 17 months							
Survival Probability	99.98%	99.59%							
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%							
Sample Size	4000	300							

*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

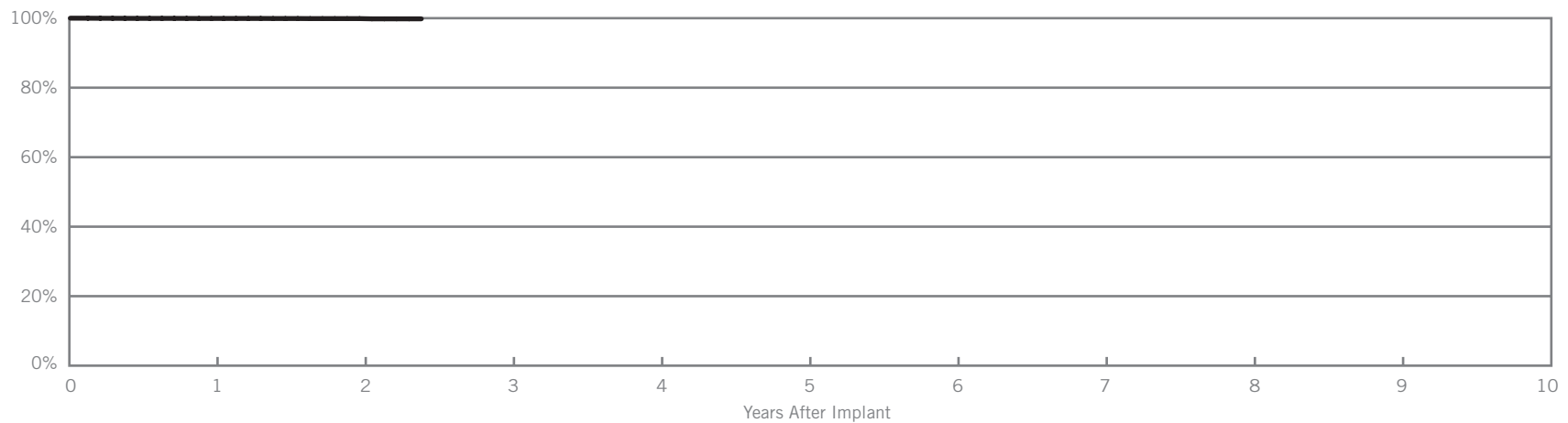
PACING LEADS

OptiSense® (Models 1699T & 1699TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 2007
Registered US Implants	19,133
Estimated Active US Implants	16,988
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	1	0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	4	0.02%	8	0.04%
Failure to Capture	3	0.02%	7	0.04%
Oversensing	2	0.01%	2	0.01%
Failure to Sense	8	0.04%	2	0.01%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.01%	0	0.00%
Total	18	0.09%	20	0.10%
Total Returned for Analysis	12		9	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.01%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	7	0.04%
Total	8	0.04%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



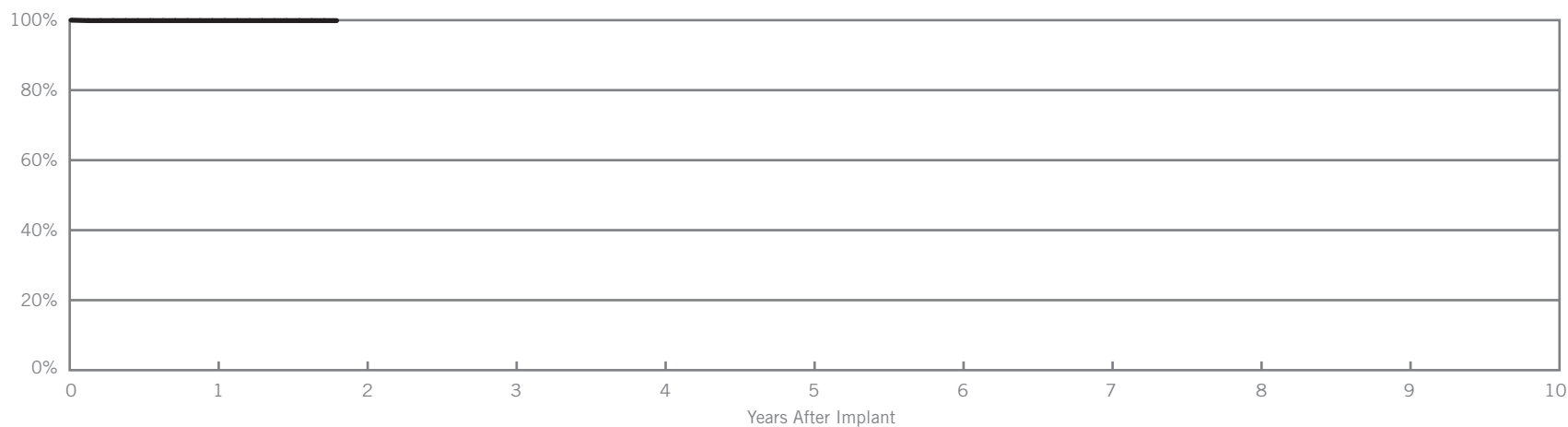
Year	1	2	at 29 months						
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.88%	99.81%						
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.04%	0.08%						
Sample Size	14800	5600	300						

OptiSense® (Models 1699T & 1699TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 2007
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	802
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	9,996

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.12%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 22 months							
Survival Probability	99.87%	99.87%							
± 1 standard error	0.13%	0.13%							
Sample Size	429	60							

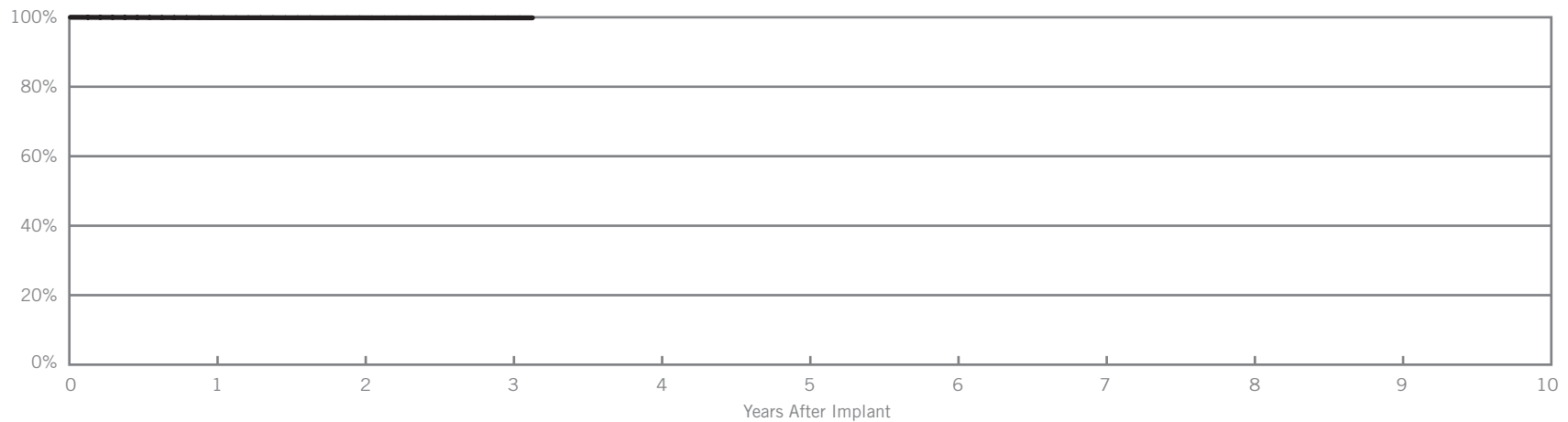
PACING LEADS

Tendril® ST Optim® (Models 1888T & 1888TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2006
Registered US Implants	147,345
Estimated Active US Implants	130,303
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	19	0.01%	11	0.01%
Conductor Fracture	4	<0.01%	6	<0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	61	0.04%	72	0.05%
Failure to Capture	51	0.03%	41	0.03%
Oversensing	7	<0.01%	17	0.01%
Failure to Sense	5	<0.01%	2	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	3	<0.01%	9	0.01%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	5	<0.01%	9	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	3	<0.01%	2	<0.01%
Other	13	0.01%	11	0.01%
Total	171	0.12%	180	0.12%
Total Returned for Analysis	55		104	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	7	<0.01%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	5	<0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	87	0.06%
Total	100	0.07%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	at 38 months					
Survival Probability	99.88%	99.85%	99.84%	99.84%					
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%					
Sample Size	112700	46000	11700	300					

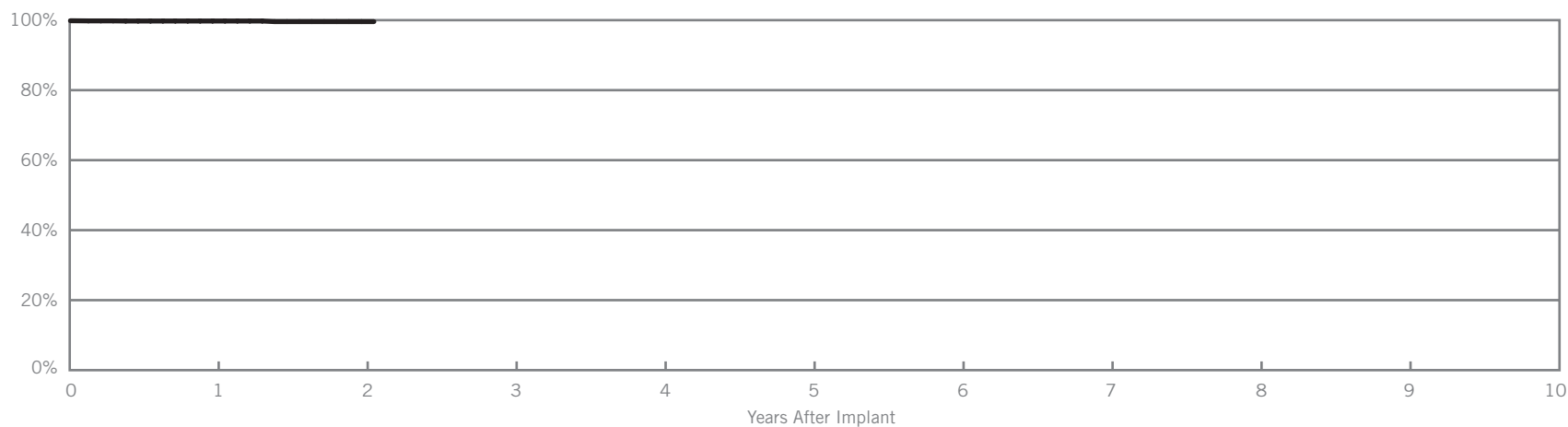
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Tendril® ST Optim® (Models 1888T & 1888TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2006
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	2,989
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	31,572

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	7	0.23%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1	0.03%
Extracardiac Stimulation	1	0.03%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	2	at 25 months							
Survival Probability	99.75%	99.58%	99.58%							
± 1 standard error	0.10%	0.19%	0.19%							
Sample Size	1351	77	55							

*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

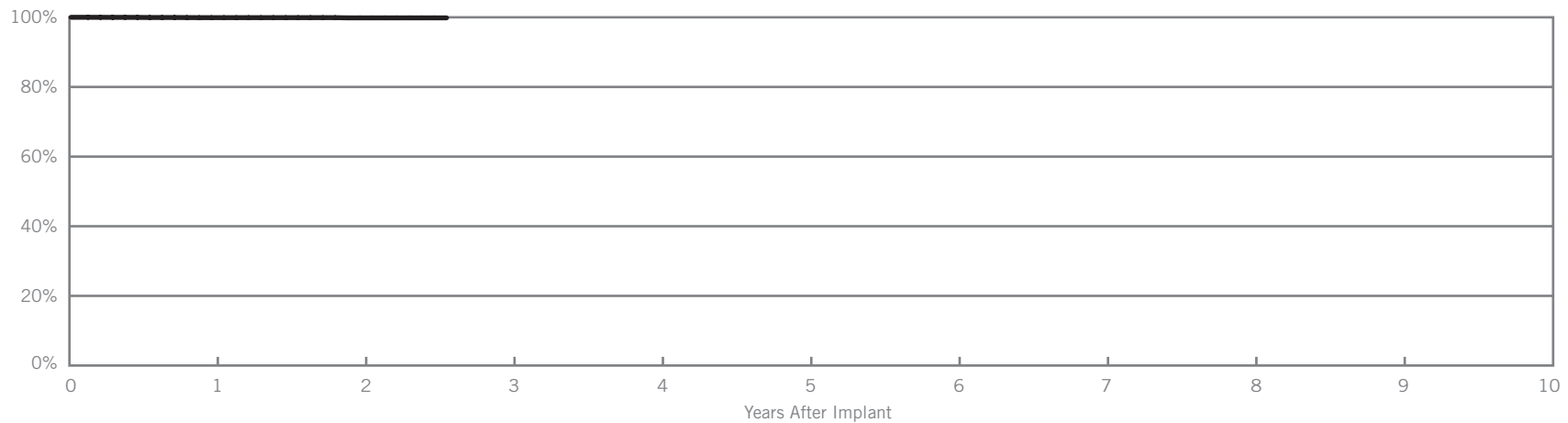
PACING LEADS

Tendril® ST Optim® (Models 1882T & 1882TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2006
Registered US Implants	10,812
Estimated Active US Implants	9,622
Insulation	Optim*
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	2	0.02%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	9	0.08%	6	0.06%
Failure to Capture	4	0.04%	1	0.01%
Oversensing	2	0.02%	2	0.02%
Failure to Sense	1	0.01%	1	0.01%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	2	0.02%	1	0.01%
Total	20	0.18%	11	0.10%
Total Returned for Analysis	4		9	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	6	0.06%
Total	6	0.06%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	at 31 months						
Survival Probability	99.90%	99.84%	99.84%						
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.07%	0.07%						
Sample Size	8100	3100	300						

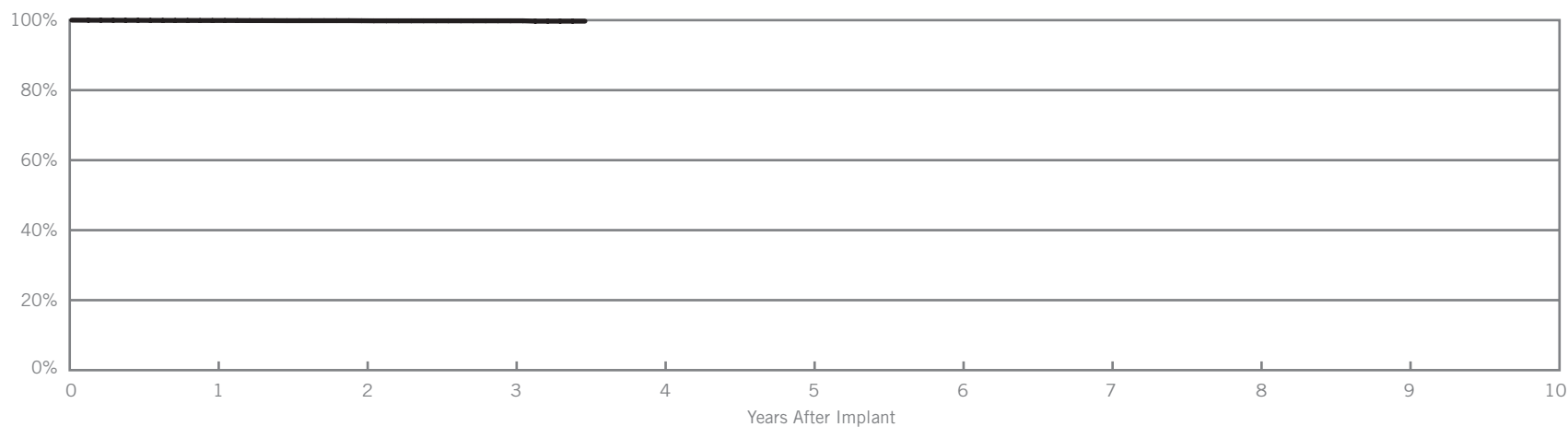
*Optim® insulation is a copolymer of silicone and polyurethane.

Tendril® (Models 1782T & 1782TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	February 2006
Registered US Implants	12,779
Estimated Active US Implants	10,515
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	5	0.04%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	1	0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	8	0.06%	9	0.07%
Failure to Capture	4	0.03%	9	0.07%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	2	0.02%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2	0.02%	2	0.02%
Extracardiac Stimulation	1	0.01%	0	0.00%
Other	2	0.02%	0	0.00%
Total	22	0.17%	23	0.18%
Total Returned for Analysis	10		20	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	1	0.01%
Insulation Breach	2	0.02%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	15	0.12%
Total	18	0.14%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	at 42 months					
Survival Probability	99.90%	99.83%	99.81%	99.71%					
± 1 standard error	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.11%					
Sample Size	11300	7300	3400	300					

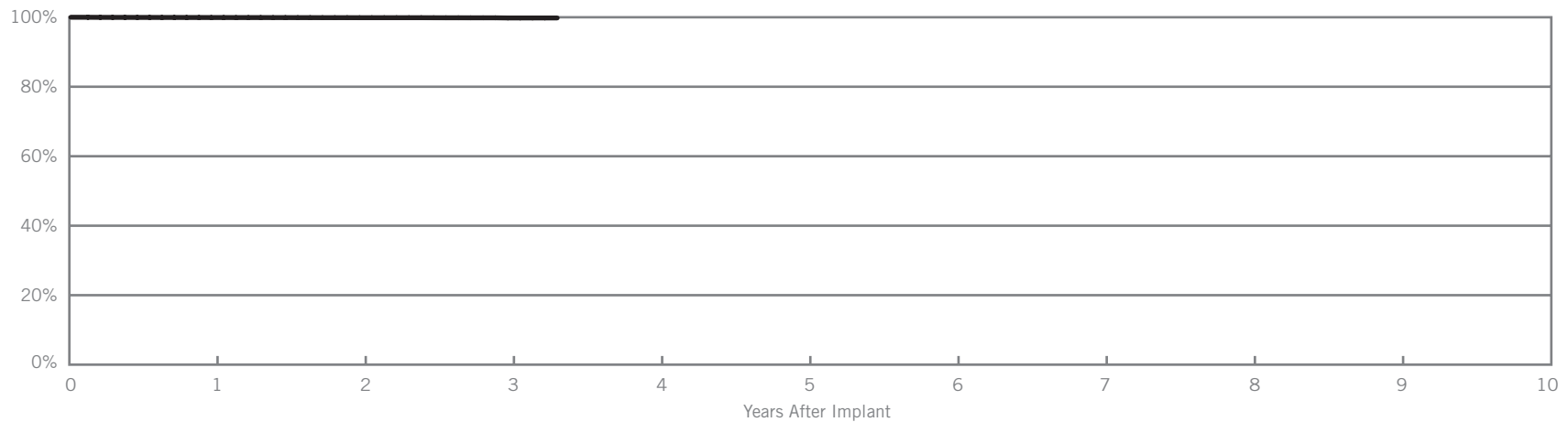
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Tendril® (Models 1788T & 1788TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	February 2006
Registered US Implants	60,306
Estimated Active US Implants	48,259
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	10	0.02%	1	<0.01%
Conductor Fracture	1	<0.01%	2	<0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	32	0.05%	22	0.04%
Failure to Capture	26	0.04%	28	0.05%
Oversensing	2	<0.01%	9	0.01%
Failure to Sense	2	<0.01%	1	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	1	<0.01%	2	<0.01%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	9	0.01%	8	0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	2	<0.01%	1	<0.01%
Other	20	0.03%	5	0.01%
Total	105	0.17%	79	0.13%
Total Returned for Analysis	37		59	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	17	0.03%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	<0.01%
Other	7	0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	37	0.06%
Total	62	0.10%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



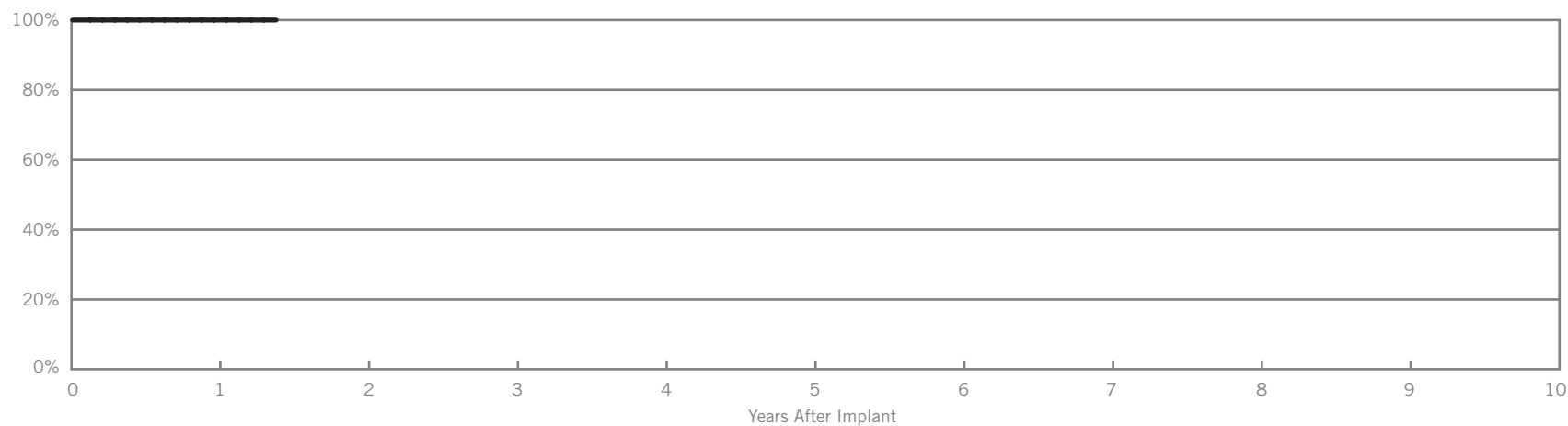
Year	1	2	3	at 40 months					
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.87%	99.80%	99.80%					
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%					
Sample Size	55200	38800	18300	900					

Tendril® (Models 1788T & 1788TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	February 2006
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	197
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	2,467

Qualifying Complications
None Reported

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 17 months								
Survival Probability	1.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	100	54								

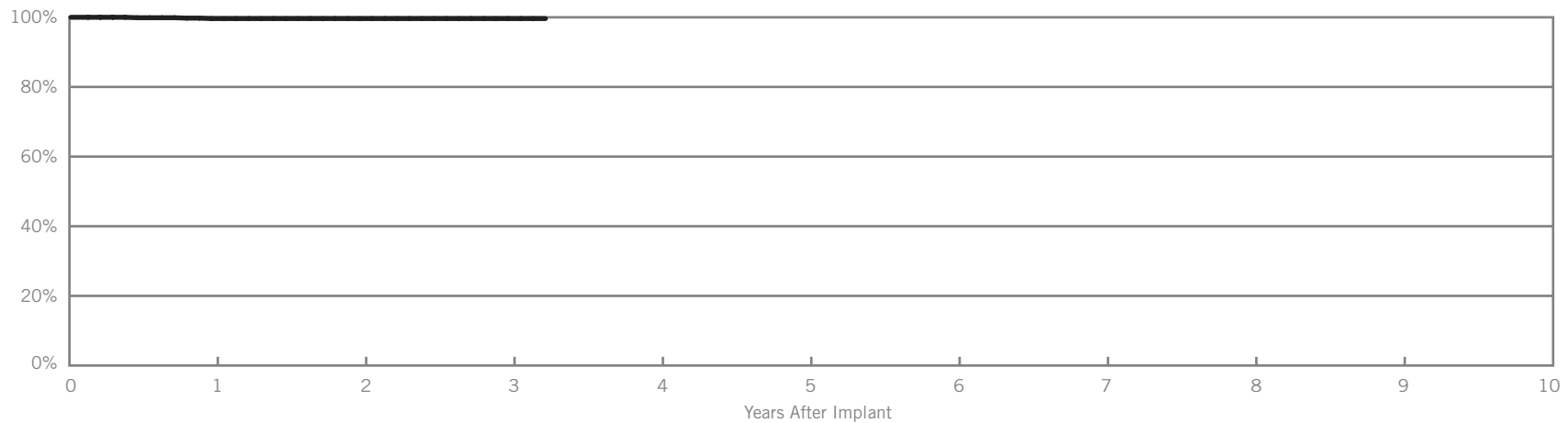
PACING LEADS

IsoFlex® P (Model 1644T)	
US Regulatory Approval	April 2005
Registered US Implants	941
Estimated Active US Implants	697
Insulation	Polyurethane
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	1	0.11%
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.11%	0	0.00%
Failure to Capture	0	0.00%	2	0.21%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.11%	0	0.00%
Total	2	0.21%	3	0.32%
Total Returned for Analysis	1		2	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%
Extrinsic Factors	2	0.21%
Total	2	0.21%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



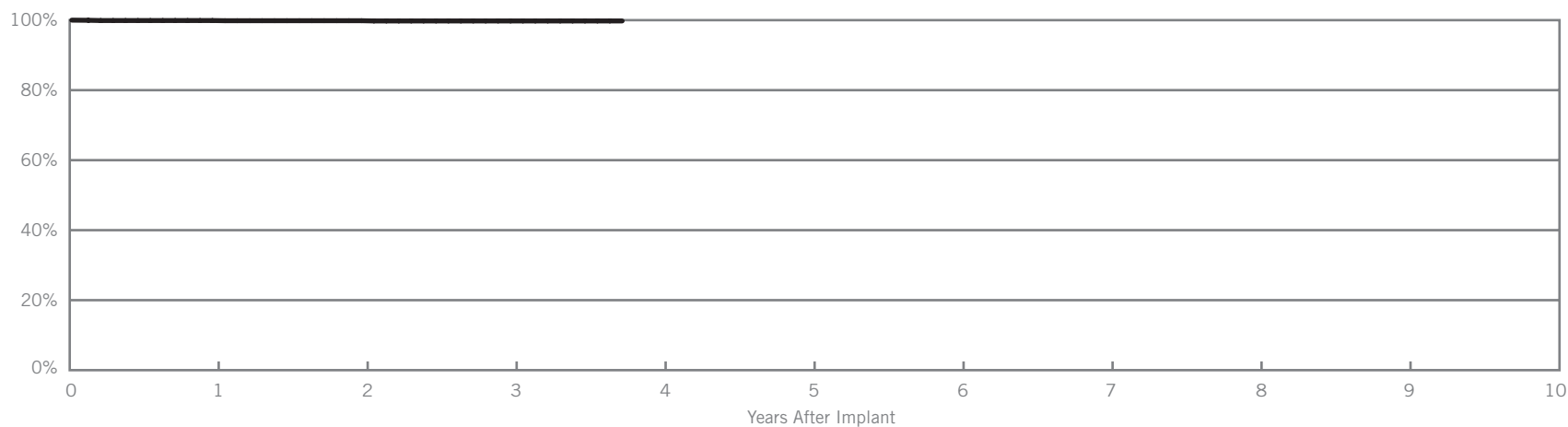
Year	1	2	3	at 39 months					
Survival Probability	99.63%	99.63%	99.63%	99.63%					
± 1 standard error	0.17%	0.21%	0.21%	0.21%					
Sample Size	900	700	400	200					

IsoFlex® P (Model 1648T)	
US Regulatory Approval	April 2005
Registered US Implants	2,771
Estimated Active US Implants	2,035
Insulation	Polyurethane
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Lead Dislodgement	2	0.07%	0	0.00%
Failure to Capture	2	0.07%	1	0.04%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	1	0.04%	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	1	0.04%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	0	0.00%	1	0.04%
Extracardiac Stimulation	1	0.04%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	2	0.07%
Total	6	0.22%	5	0.18%
Total Returned for Analysis	1		3	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	0	0.00%
Other	1	0.04%
Extrinsic Factors	2	0.07%
Total	3	0.11%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	at 45 months					
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.84%	99.77%	99.77%					
± 1 standard error	0.07%	0.08%	0.11%	0.11%					
Sample Size	2700	1900	1000	200					

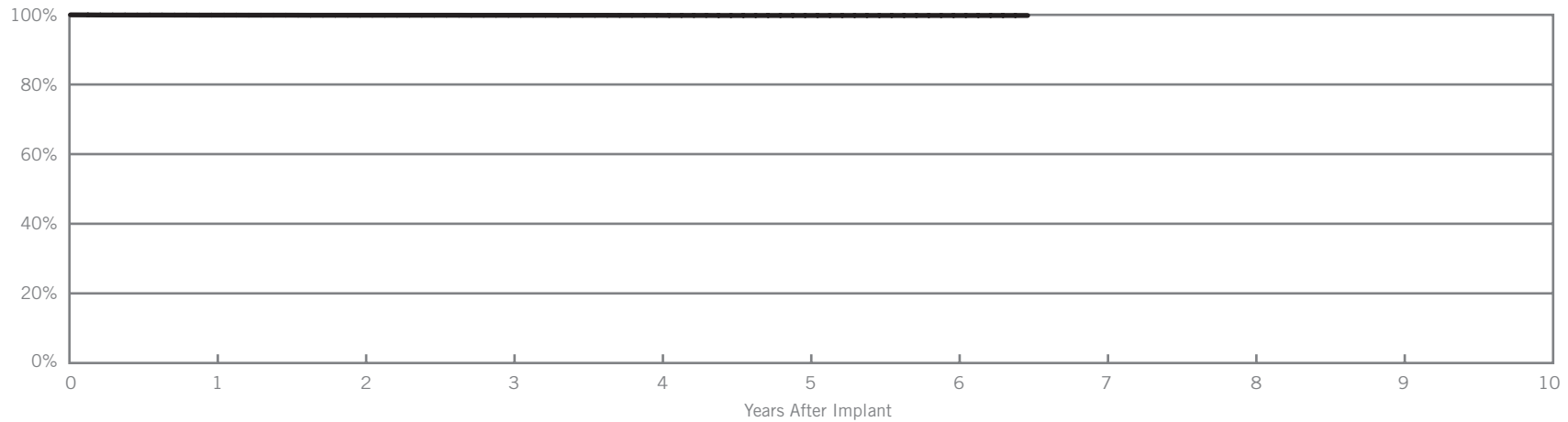
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IsoFlex® S (Model 1642T)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 2002
Registered US Implants	23,479
Estimated Active US Implants	17,096
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	42	0.18%	16	0.07%
Failure to Capture	5	0.02%	8	0.03%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Failure to Sense	3	0.01%	3	0.01%
Insulation Breach	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	3	0.01%	1	<0.01%
Extracardiac Stimulation	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%
Other	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%
Total	54	0.23%	30	0.13%
Total Returned for Analysis	31		11	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	0	0.00%
Insulation Breach	1	<0.01%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	2	0.01%
Other	7	0.03%
Extrinsic Factors	9	0.04%
Total	19	0.08%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 78 months			
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.89%	99.88%	99.86%	99.82%	99.82%	99.82%			
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%			
Sample Size	21600	16300	11900	8000	4500	1900	200			

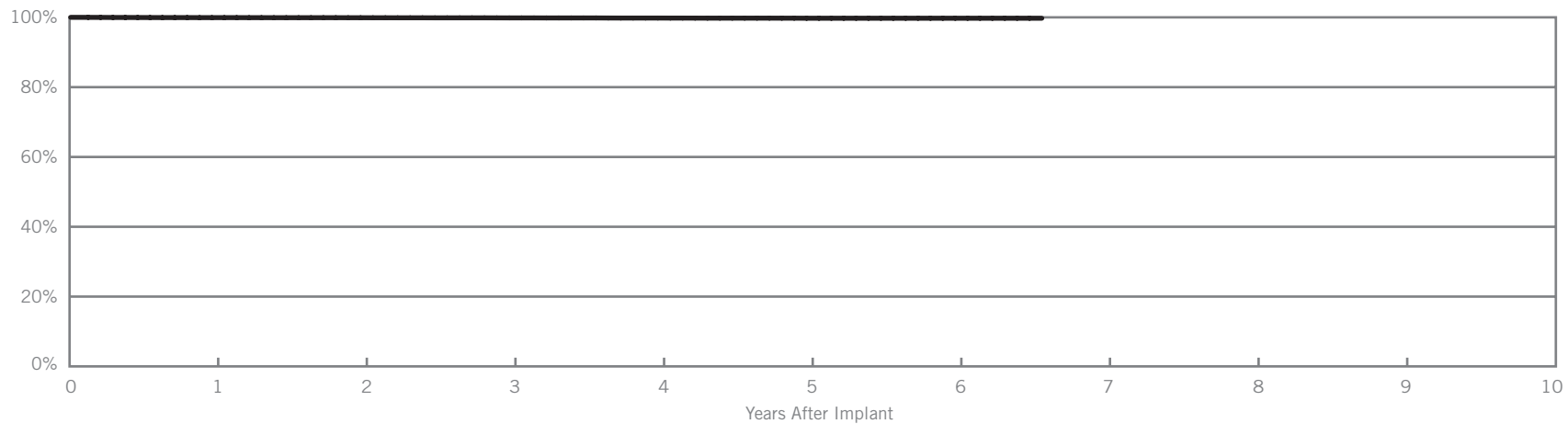
PACING LEADS

IsoFlex® S (Model 1646T)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 2002
Registered US Implants	77,531
Estimated Active US Implants	53,506
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	3	<0.01%	1	<0.01%
Conductor Fracture	2	<0.01%	10	0.01%
Lead Dislodgement	29	0.04%	14	0.02%
Failure to Capture	29	0.04%	47	0.06%
Oversensing	0	0.00%	9	0.01%
Failure to Sense	3	<0.01%	2	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	6	0.01%	17	0.02%
Extracardiac Stimulation	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Other	2	<0.01%	9	0.01%
Total	75	0.10%	109	0.14%
Total Returned for Analysis	29		28	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	5	0.01%
Insulation Breach	5	0.01%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	1	<0.01%
Other	6	0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	22	0.03%
Total	39	0.05%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



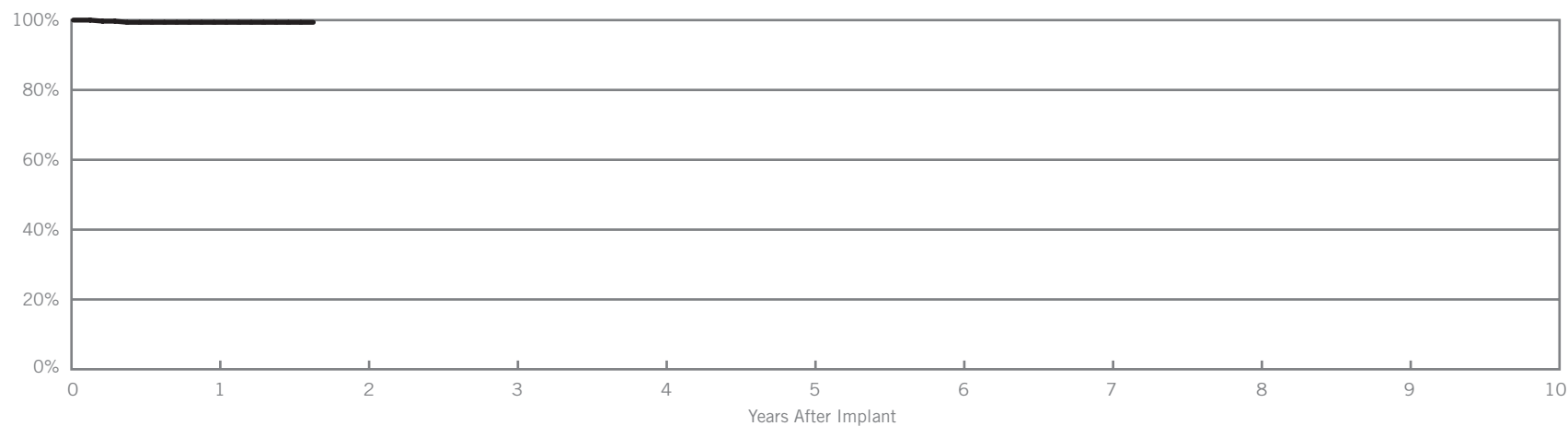
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 79 months			
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.89%	99.84%	99.80%	99.74%	99.74%	99.74%			
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%			
Sample Size	71500	53000	37800	24600	13700	5600	300			

IsoFlex® S (Model 1646T)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 2002
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	350
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	4,297

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.29%
Failure to Capture	1	0.29%

Survival from SCORE Registry



Year	1	at 20 months							
Survival Probability	99.37%	99.37%							
± 1 standard error	0.45%	0.45%							
Sample Size	193	55							

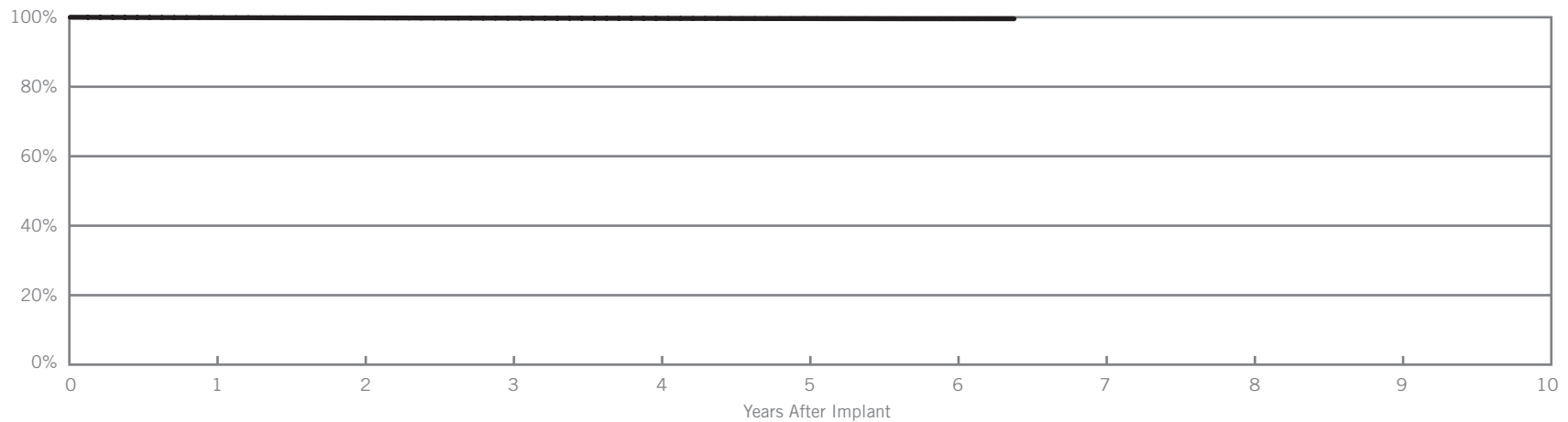
PACING LEADS

Tendril® SDX (Models 1688T & 1688TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2003
Registered US Implants	323,486
Estimated Active US Implants	232,037
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Type	Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)		Chronic Complications (>30 days)	
	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
Cardiac Perforation	34	0.01%	6	<0.01%
Conductor Fracture	3	<0.01%	54	0.02%
Lead Dislodgement	148	0.05%	158	0.05%
Failure to Capture	107	0.03%	223	0.07%
Oversensing	9	<0.01%	109	0.03%
Failure to Sense	19	0.01%	12	<0.01%
Insulation Breach	5	<0.01%	17	0.01%
Abnormal Pacing Impedance	23	0.01%	119	0.04%
Extracardiac Stimulation	3	<0.01%	3	<0.01%
Other	27	0.01%	52	0.02%
Total	378	0.12%	753	0.23%
Total Returned for Analysis	137		337	

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	76	0.02%
Insulation Breach	74	0.02%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	16	<0.01%
Other	6	<0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	202	0.06%
Total	374	0.12%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



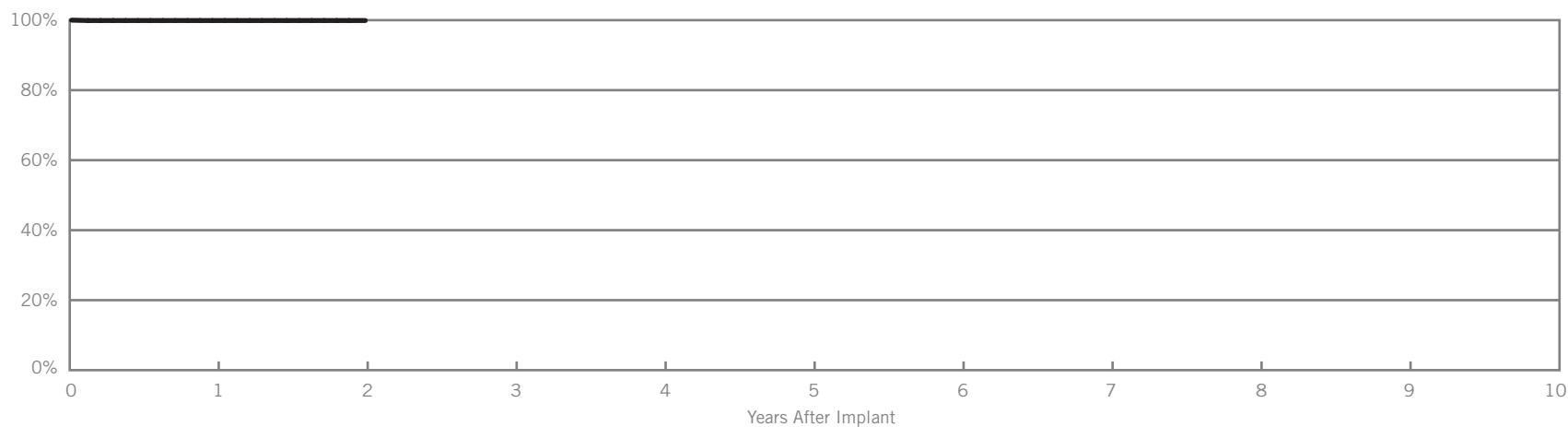
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	at 77 months			
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.82%	99.74%	99.67%	99.61%	99.57%	99.57%			
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%			
Sample Size	299800	233200	178900	117200	56000	17300	300			

Tendri® SDX (Models 1688T & 1688TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 2003
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	918
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	11,458

Qualifying Complications		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Lead Dislodgement	1	0.11%

Survival from SCORE Registry



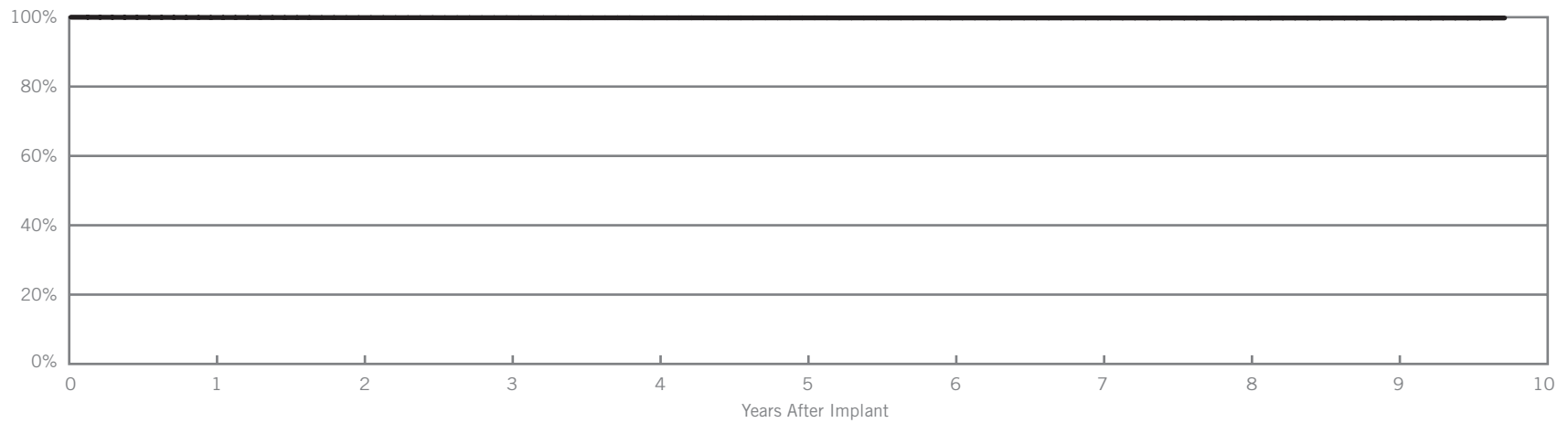
Year	1	2								
Survival Probability	99.89%	99.89%								
± 1 standard error	0.11%	0.11%								
Sample Size	498	57								

PACING LEADS

Tendril® SDX (Models 1488T & 1488TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2000
Registered US Implants	273,469
Estimated Active US Implants	134,368
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Lead Malfunctions		
Type	Qty.	Rate
Conductor Fracture	120	0.04%
Insulation Breach	75	0.03%
Crimps, Welds & Bonds	13	<0.01%
Other	2	<0.01%
Extrinsic Factors	235	0.09%
Total	445	0.16%

Survival from Returns and Complaints



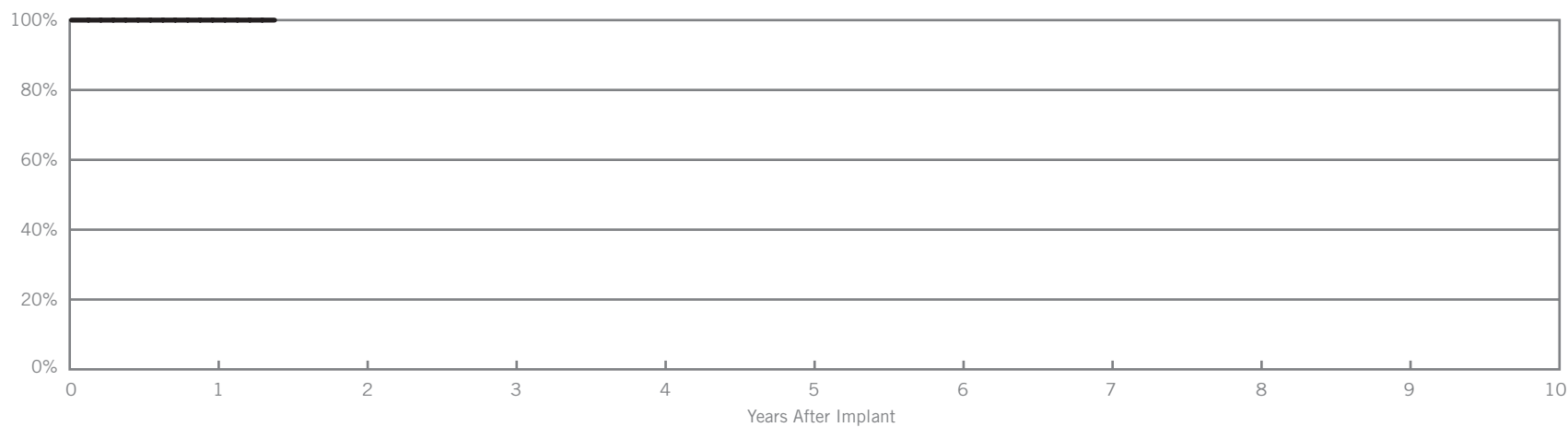
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	at 117 months
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.88%	99.86%	99.83%	99.82%	99.80%	99.80%	99.78%	99.78%	99.78%
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Sample Size	266000	233400	209500	183600	152300	118500	80200	42600	16400	300

Tendril® SDX (Models 1488T & 1488TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 2000
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

SCORE Enrollment	
Number of Devices Enrolled in Study	127
Cumulative Months of Follow-up	1,970

Qualifying Complications
None Reported

Survival from SCORE Registry

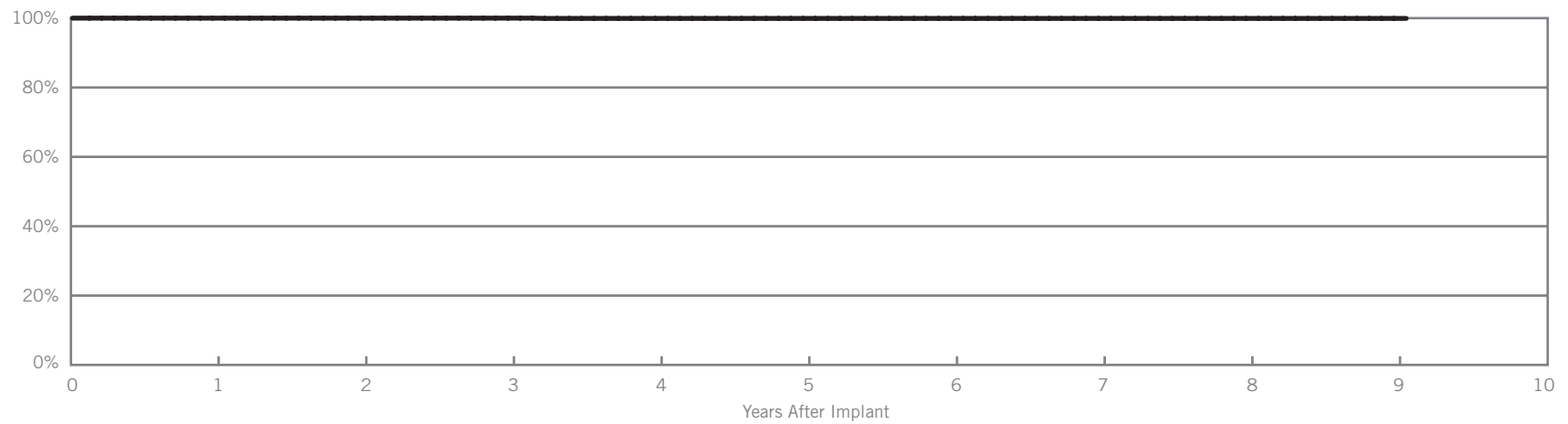


Year	1	at 17 months								
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%								
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%								
Sample Size	86	51								

PACING LEADS

AV Plus® DX (Model 1368)	
US Regulatory Approval	May 1999
Registered US Implants	2,432
Estimated Active US Implants	1,018
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Atrial Polarity	Bipolar
Ventricular Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	Yes
Number of Advisories	None

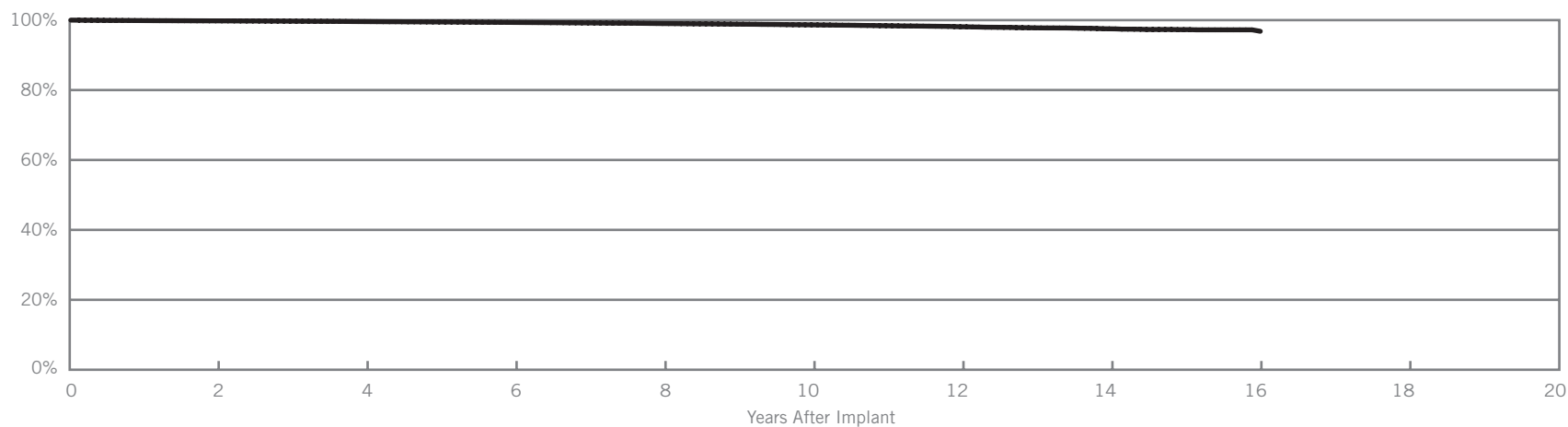
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	at 109 months
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%	99.92%
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%
Sample Size	2300	1900	1500	1300	1000	800	600	500	300	200

Tendril® (Models 1148 & 1188T); Tendril® DX (Models 1388T & 1388TC)	
US Regulatory Approval	(1148) June 1993; (1188T) June 1994; (1388T) June 1997
Registered US Implants	323,872
Estimated Active US Implants	113,279
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	(1148/1188) No; (1388) Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints

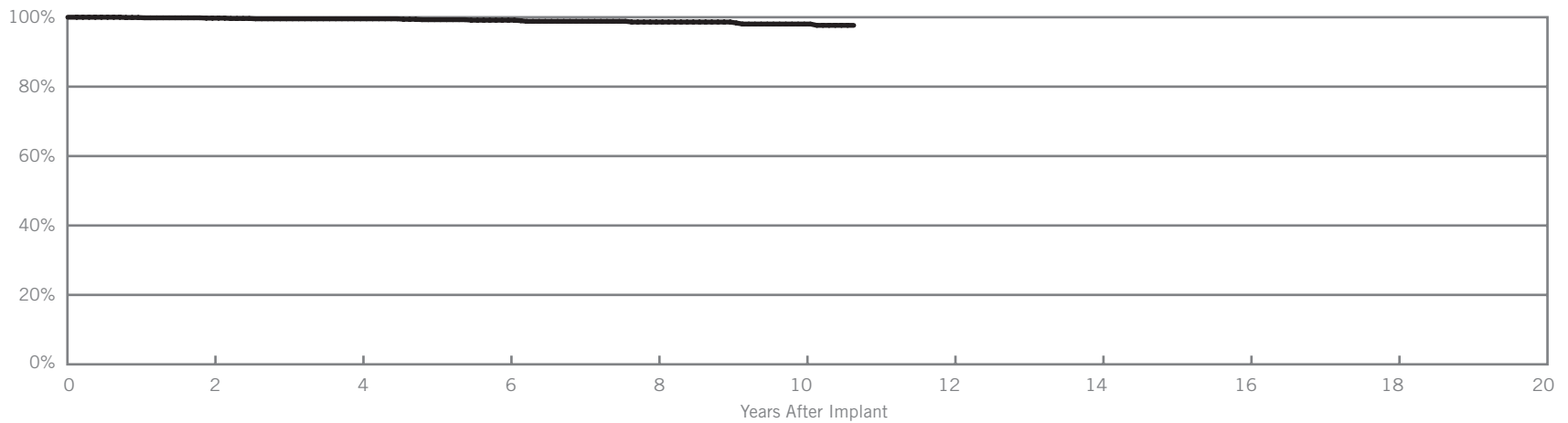


Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16		
Survival Probability	99.79%	99.58%	99.34%	99.02%	98.65%	98.10%	97.51%	96.77%		
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.10%	0.14%		
Sample Size	275000	216600	159500	107900	61900	23500	7600	200		

PACING LEADS

Tendril® (Model 1188K) Tendril® DX (Model 1388K)	
US Regulatory Approval	(1188K) June 1995; (1388K) June 1997
Registered US Implants	1,346
Estimated Active US Implants	303
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Unipolar
Steroid	(1188K) No; (1388K) Yes
Number of Advisories	None

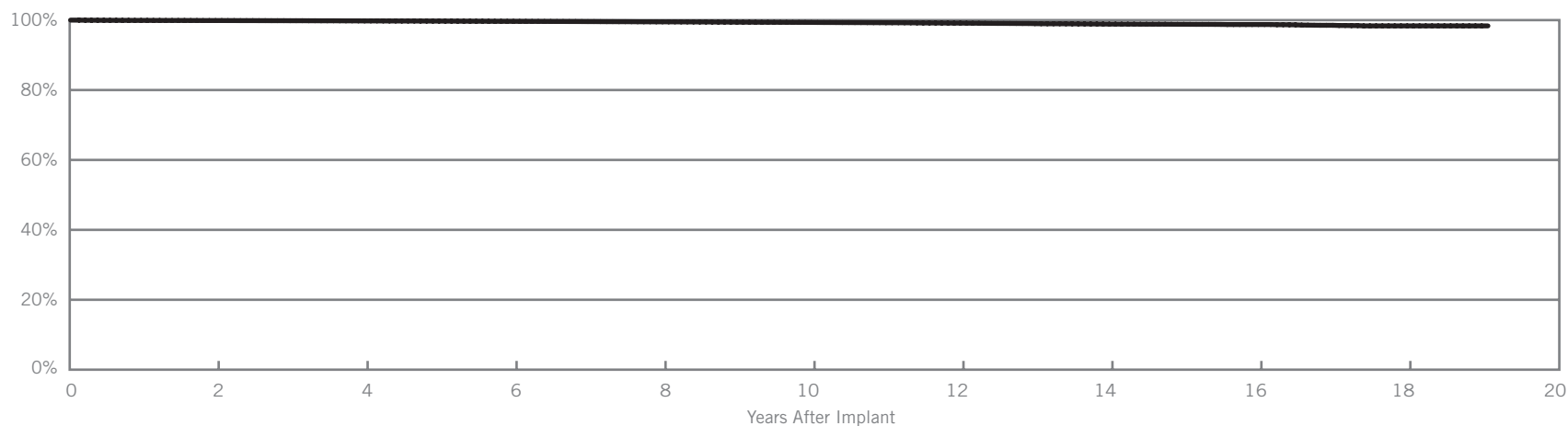
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	at 128 months				
Survival Probability	99.74%	99.54%	99.15%	98.62%	98.04%	97.65%				
± 1 standard error	0.15%	0.21%	0.31%	0.43%	0.59%	0.70%				
Sample Size	1200	900	700	500	300	200				

Passive Plus® (Models 1136T, 1142T, 1146T, 1222T, 1226T, 1236T, 1242T & 1246T)	
Passive Plus® DX (Models 1336T, 1342T & 1346T)	
US Regulatory Approval	(1336T) August 1999; (1342T, 1346T) January 1998; (1136T, 1142T, 1146T) June 1994; (1222T, 1226T, 1236T, 1242T, 1246T) April 1990
Registered US Implants	373,882
Estimated Active US Implants	103,334
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	(1136T, 1142T, 1146T, 1222T, 1226T, 1236T, 1242T, 1246T) No; (1336T, 1342T, 1346T) Yes
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints

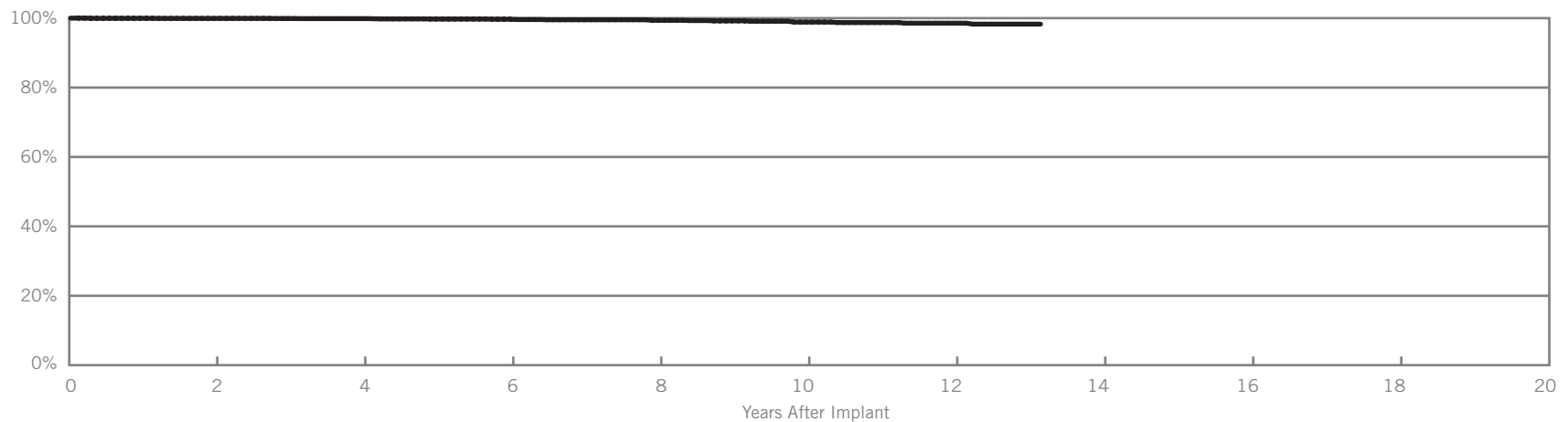


Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	at 229 months
Survival Probability	99.88%	99.77%	99.65%	99.51%	99.34%	99.15%	98.87%	98.74%	98.35%	98.35%
± 1 standard error	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.06%	0.11%	0.11%
Sample Size	319300	256400	196900	136900	84800	48000	23800	9300	2500	200

PACING LEADS

Passive Plus® (Models 1135K, 1143K, 1145K, 1235K, 1243K & 1245K) Passive Plus® DX (Models 1343K & 1345K)	
US Regulatory Approval	(1135K, 1143K, 1145K) July 1994; (1235K, 1243K, 1245K) August 1995; (1343K, 1345K) June 1998
Registered US Implants	4,481
Estimated Active US Implants	854
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Unipolar
Steroid	(1135K, 1143K, 1145K, 1235K, 1243K, 1245K) No; (1343K, 1345K) Yes
Number of Advisories	None

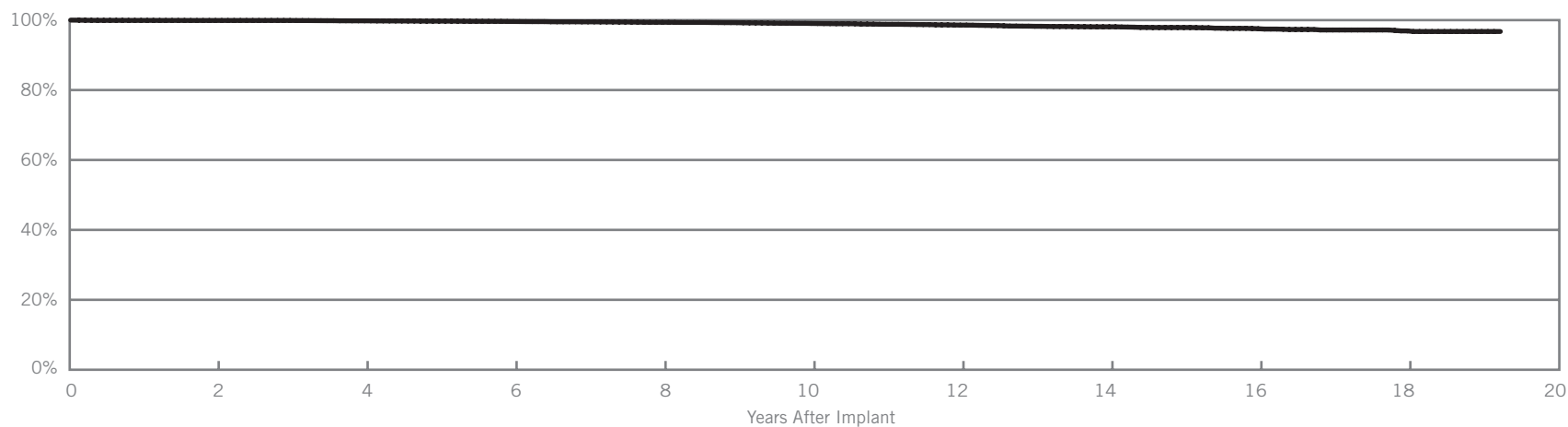
Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	at 158 months			
Survival Probability	99.92%	99.86%	99.69%	99.38%	98.87%	98.54%	98.27%			
± 1 standard error	0.04%	0.06%	0.11%	0.18%	0.29%	0.37%	0.46%			
Sample Size	3700	3000	2300	1600	1000	500	200			

Permathane™ ACE (Models 1036T & 1038T)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 1989
Registered US Implants	19,767
Estimated Active US Implants	2,512
Insulation	Polyurethane
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Bipolar
Steroid	No
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints

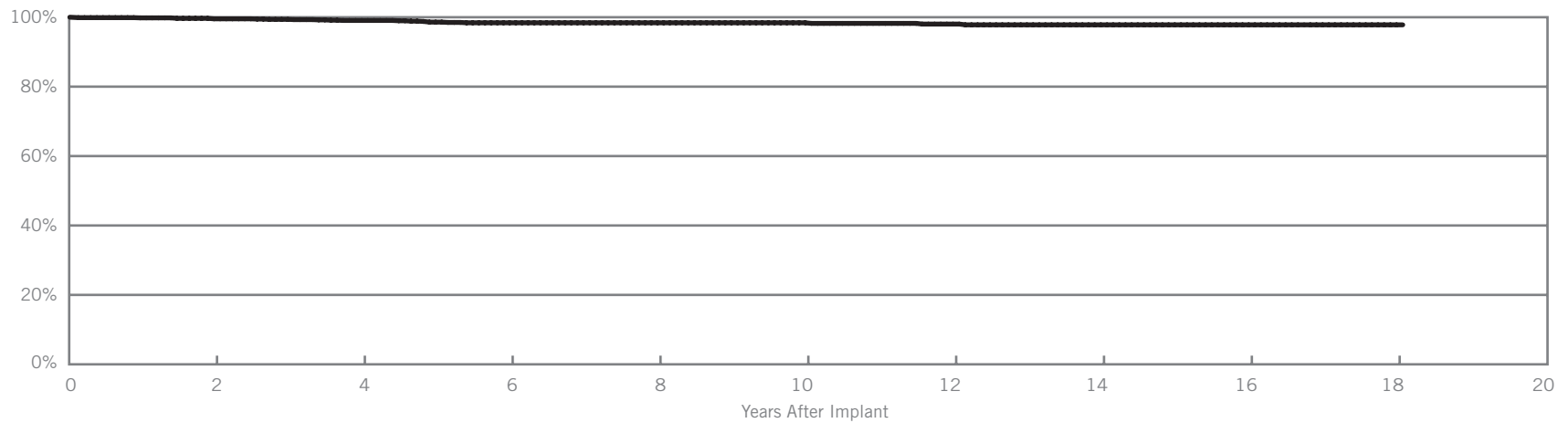


Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	at 231 months
Survival Probability	99.90%	99.80%	99.60%	99.38%	99.04%	98.58%	98.09%	97.54%	96.91%	96.74%
± 1 standard error	0.02%	0.04%	0.05%	0.08%	0.10%	0.14%	0.18%	0.22%	0.33%	0.37%
Sample Size	17100	13800	11100	8700	6800	5200	3900	2400	900	200

PACING LEADS

Unipolar Lead (Model 1007)	
US Regulatory Approval	June 1987
Registered US Implants	1,748
Estimated Active US Implants	186
Insulation	Silicone
Type and/or Fixation	Active
Polarity	Unipolar
Steroid	No
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



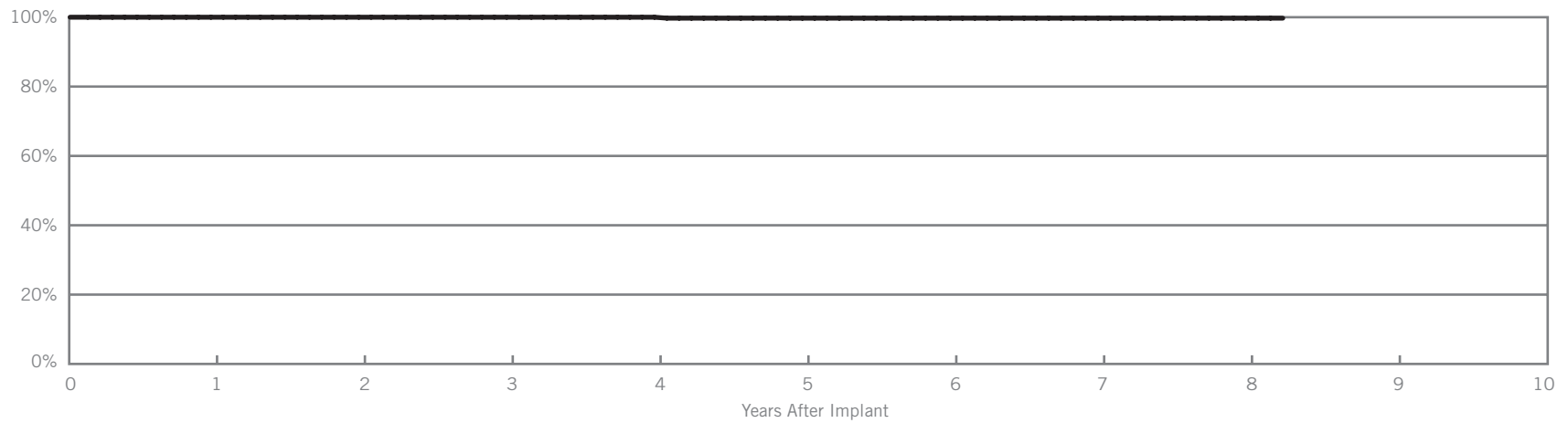
Year	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	at 217 months
Survival Probability	99.54%	99.07%	98.40%	98.40%	98.40%	98.03%	97.81%	97.81%	97.81%	97.81%
± 1 standard error	0.14%	0.26%	0.36%	0.36%	0.36%	0.45%	0.49%	0.49%	0.49%	0.49%
Sample Size	1500	1300	1000	800	700	500	400	300	200	200

PACING LEADS

UNIPOLAR

Permathane™ ACE (Model 1035M)	
US Regulatory Approval	March 1987
Registered US Implants	656
Estimated Active US Implants	57
Insulation	Polyurethane
Type and/or Fixation	Passive
Polarity	Unipolar
Steroid	No
Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	at 99 months	
Survival Probability	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	99.73%	99.73%	99.73%	99.73%	99.73%	
± 1 standard error	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%	
Sample Size	600	500	500	400	400	300	300	200	200	

OBSERVATIONS, COMPLICATIONS, AND MALFUNCTIONS

Pacing Leads

Bipolar & Unipolar

Active & Passive Fixation



ST. JUDE MEDICAL™
MORE CONTROL. LESS RISK.

PACING LEADS

Acute Observations (Post Implant, ≤30 days)																										
Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Cardiac Perforation		Conductor Fracture		Lead Dislodgement		Failure to Capture		Oversensing		Failure to Sense		Insulation Breach		Abnormal Pacing Impedance		Extracardiac Stimulation		Other		Total		Total Returned for Analysis
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	
1944	Mar-08	1906	1743	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	4	0.21%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	5	0.26%	1
1948	Mar-08	6705	6185	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.03%	2	0.03%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	4	0.06%	2
1699T/TC	May-07	19133	16988	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	4	0.02%	3	0.02%	2	0.01%	8	0.04%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	18	0.09%	12
1888T/TC	Jun-06	147345	130303	19	0.01%	4	<0.01%	61	0.04%	51	0.03%	7	<0.01%	5	<0.01%	3	<0.01%	5	<0.01%	3	<0.01%	13	0.01%	171	0.12%	55
1882T/TC	Jun-06	10812	9622	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	9	0.08%	4	0.04%	2	0.02%	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	20	0.18%	4
1782T/TC	Feb-06	12779	10515	5	0.04%	0	0.00%	8	0.06%	4	0.03%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	1	0.01%	2	0.02%	22	0.17%	10
1788T/TC	Feb-06	60306	48259	10	0.02%	1	<0.01%	32	0.05%	26	0.04%	2	<0.01%	2	<0.01%	1	<0.01%	9	0.01%	2	<0.01%	20	0.03%	105	0.17%	37
1644T	Apr-05	941	697	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.11%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.11%	2	0.21%	1
1648T	Apr-05	2771	2035	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.07%	2	0.07%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	0	0.00%	6	0.22%	1
1642T	May-02	23479	17096	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	42	0.18%	5	0.02%	0	0.00%	3	0.01%	0	0.00%	3	0.01%	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%	54	0.23%	31
1646T	May-02	77531	53506	3	<0.01%	2	<0.01%	29	0.04%	29	0.04%	0	0.00%	3	<0.01%	1	<0.01%	6	0.01%	0	0.00%	2	<0.01%	75	0.10%	29
1688T/TC	Jun-03	323486	232037	34	0.01%	3	<0.01%	148	0.05%	107	0.03%	9	<0.01%	19	0.01%	5	<0.01%	23	0.01%	3	<0.01%	27	0.01%	378	0.12%	137

Chronic Complications (>30 days)																										
Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Cardiac Perforation		Conductor Fracture		Lead Dislodgement		Failure to Capture		Oversensing		Failure to Sense		Insulation Breach		Abnormal Pacing Impedance		Extracardiac Stimulation		Other		Total		Total Returned for Analysis
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	
1944	Mar-08	1906	1743	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	0
1948	Mar-08	6705	6185	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.03%	0
1699T/TC	May-07	19133	16988	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	8	0.04%	7	0.04%	2	0.01%	2	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	20	0.10%	9
1888T/TC	Jun-06	147345	130303	11	0.01%	6	<0.01%	72	0.05%	41	0.03%	17	0.01%	2	<0.01%	9	0.01%	9	0.01%	2	<0.01%	11	0.01%	180	0.12%	104
1882T/TC	Jun-06	10812	9622	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	6	0.06%	1	0.01%	2	0.02%	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	11	0.10%	9
1782T/TC	Feb-06	12779	10515	0	0.00%	1	0.01%	9	0.07%	9	0.07%	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	23	0.18%	20
1788T/TC	Feb-06	60306	48259	1	<0.01%	2	<0.01%	22	0.04%	28	0.05%	9	0.01%	1	<0.01%	2	<0.01%	8	0.01%	1	<0.01%	5	0.01%	79	0.13%	59
1644T	Apr-05	941	697	0	0.00%	1	0.11%	0	0.00%	2	0.21%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	3	0.32%	2
1648T	Apr-05	2771	2035	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	1	0.04%	0	0.00%	2	0.07%	5	0.18%	3
1642T	May-02	23479	17096	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%	16	0.07%	8	0.03%	0	0.00%	3	0.01%	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%	30	0.13%	11
1646T	May-02	77531	53506	1	<0.01%	10	0.01%	14	0.02%	47	0.06%	9	0.01%	2	<0.01%	0	0.00%	17	0.02%	0	0.00%	9	0.01%	109	0.14%	28
1688T/TC	Jun-03	323486	232037	6	<0.01%	54	0.02%	158	0.05%	223	0.07%	109	0.03%	12	<0.01%	17	0.01%	119	0.04%	3	<0.01%	52	0.02%	753	0.23%	337

Definitions of observations and complications can be found on [pages 6-7](#).

Lead Malfunctions															
Models	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Conductor Fracture		Insulation Breach		Crimps, Welds & Bonds		Other		Extrinsic Factors		Total	
				Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate	Qty.	Rate
1944	Mar-08	1906	1743	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
1948	Mar-08	6705	6185	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
1699T/TC	May-07	19133	16988	1	0.01%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	7	0.04%	8	0.04%
1888T/TC	Jun-06	147345	130303	1	<0.01%	7	<0.01%	0	0.00%	5	<0.01%	87	0.06%	100	0.07%
1882T/TC	Jun-06	10812	9622	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	6	0.06%	6	0.06%
1782T/TC	Feb-06	12779	10515	1	0.01%	2	0.02%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	15	0.12%	18	0.14%
1788T/TC	Feb-06	60306	48259	0	0.00%	17	0.03%	1	<0.01%	7	0.01%	37	0.06%	62	0.10%
1644T	Apr-05	941	697	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	2	0.21%	2	0.21%
1648T	Apr-05	2771	2035	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	0.04%	2	0.07%	3	0.11%
1642T	May-02	23479	17096	0	0.00%	1	<0.01%	2	0.01%	7	0.03%	9	0.04%	19	0.08%
1646T	May-02	77531	53506	5	0.01%	5	0.01%	1	<0.01%	6	0.01%	22	0.03%	39	0.05%
1688T/TC	Jun-03	323486	232037	76	0.02%	74	0.02%	16	<0.01%	6	<0.01%	202	0.06%	374	0.12%
1488T/TC	Mar-00	273469	134368	120	0.04%	75	0.03%	13	<0.01%	2	<0.01%	235	0.09%	445	0.16%

Definitions of malfunction categories can be found on [pages 7 and 8](#).

IMPLANTABLE CARDIAC MONITORS



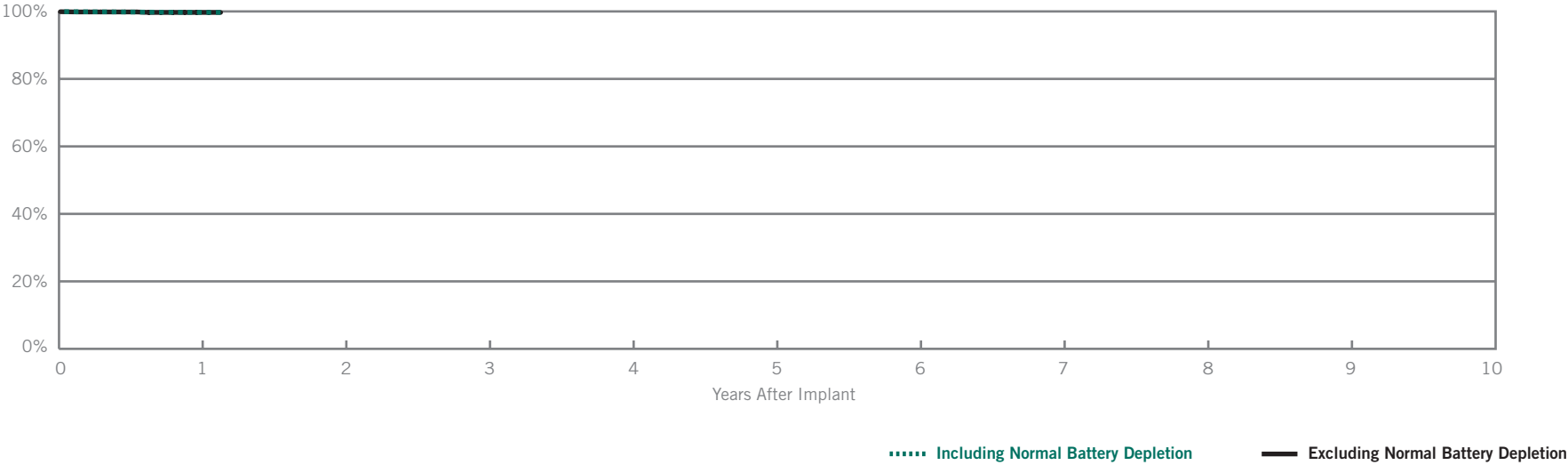
ST. JUDE MEDICAL™
MORE CONTROL. LESS RISK.

IMPLANTABLE CARDIAC MONITORS

SJM Confirm® (Model DM2100)

US Regulatory Approval	August 2008	Normal Battery Depletion	0
Registered US Implants	3,289	Total Malfunctions	4
Estimated Active US Implants	2,912	Malfunctions w/ Compromised Therapy	0
Estimated Longevity	3.0 Years*	Malfunctions w/o Compromised Therapy	4
		Number of Advisories	None

Survival from Returns and Complaints



Including Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 14 months								
Survival Probability	99.70%	99.70%								
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.12%								
Sample Size	2200	400								

Excluding Normal Battery Depletion

Year	1	at 14 months								
Survival Probability	99.70%	99.70%								
± 1 standard error	0.12%	0.12%								

*After 12 month shelf-life.

SUMMARY INFORMATION
Implantable Cardiac Monitors



ST. JUDE MEDICAL™
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IMPLANTABLE CARDIAC MONITORS

Malfunction Summary Information					
Models	Family	US Regulatory Approval	Registered US Implants	Estimated Active US Implants	Confirmed Malfunctions
DM2100	SJM Confirm®	Aug-08	3,289	2,912	4

FOCUS ON CLINICAL PERFORMANCE



ST. JUDE MEDICAL™
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FOCUS ON CLINICAL PERFORMANCE

Optim® Lead Insulation

In June 2006 St. Jude Medical brought to the cardiac rhythm management (CRM) market the first novel insulation technology in over 20 years: a silicone-polyurethane co-polymer known as Optim® insulation featured in Tendril® ST Optim® lead models 1888T/TC and 1882T/TC. This was rapidly followed in July 2006 by an Optim-insulated defibrillation lead, the Riata® ST Optim® lead model 7020/7021. Optim lead insulation consolidates the best characteristics of two established CRM lead insulation materials, polyurethane and silicone. The polyurethane content of Optim insulation imparts lubricity, strength, and abrasion resistance while the nearly 50% silicone content imparts flexibility and biostability.^{1,2} The clinical performance of Optim insulation proved to be excellent,³ leading to the subsequent market release of several Optim-insulated leads: IsoFlex® Optim® lead model 1944/1948 in March 2008, QuickFlex® μ lead model 1258T in March 2009*, and OptiSense® lead model 1999 in January 2010.

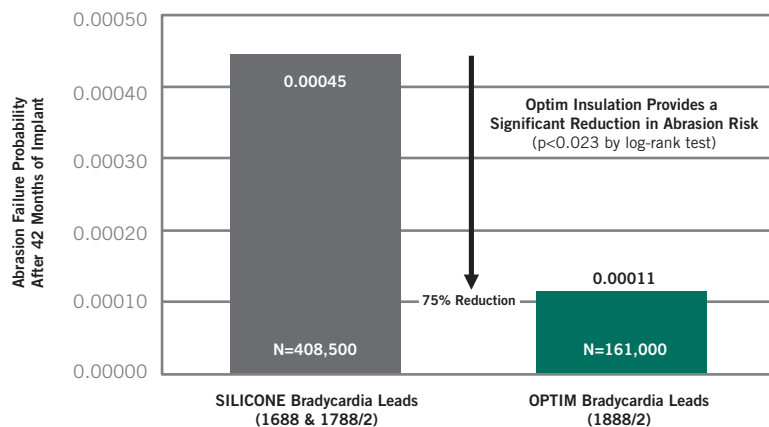
Now that Optim insulation has been on the market for more than 3 years, with over 250,000 leads implanted in the U.S., a thorough analysis of Optim insulation performance is possible. All aspects of Optim lead performance can be appreciated by referring to the Acute Observation, Chronic Complication, and Lead Malfunction tables found in this performance report. The most noteworthy reliability benefit of Optim lead insulation is a significant reduction in the most common mode of lead malfunction: insulation abrasion.⁴ Insulation abrasion can occur as a result of lead contact with pacemakers, ICDs, adjacent leads, or anatomical structures and can occur in the subcutaneous, intravascular, or intracardiac areas of the lead. The clinical effects associated with abrasion malfunctions can include sensing noise and changes in both pacing and defibrillation impedances and thresholds.

In order to validate the benefits of Optim insulation in reducing insulation abrasion malfunctions, a Kaplan-Meier analysis was performed on both the Tendril and Riata®/Durata® lead families. This statistical analysis compared the clinical occurrence of insulation abrasion malfunctions found on silicone-insulated leads and Optim-insulated leads during their first three years on the market. A log-rank test was then used to verify the statistical significance of any difference in the insulation abrasion malfunction probabilities.

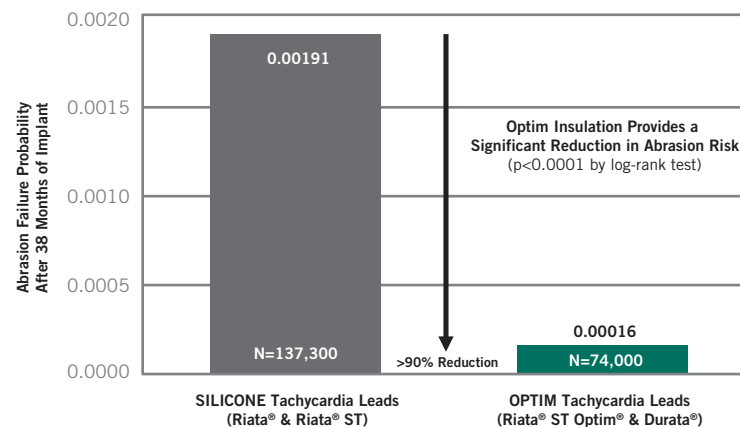
*European market release. Not market released in the U.S. at the time of this performance report publication.

The two graphs below demonstrate that the presence of Optim® insulation in CRM pacing and defibrillation leads reduces the probability of abrasion malfunction by 75-90+% after more than 3 years of implant. The time points selected for the graphs (42 months for Tendril® leads and 38 months for Riata®/Durata® leads) represent the longest duration Optim insulation data available for each model family. These dramatic reductions in abrasion malfunction probability were confirmed to be statistically significant ($p \ll 0.05$).

Optim® Insulation Effects on St. Jude Medical Bradycardia Lead Abrasion



Optim® Insulation Effects on St. Jude Medical Tachycardia Lead Abrasion



¹ C. Jenney, J. Tan, A. Karicherla, J. Burke, and J. Helland, "A New Insulation Material for Cardiac Leads with Potential for Improved Performance," HRS 2005, HeartRhythm, 2, S318-S319 (2005).

² J. Tan and C. Jenney, "Comparative In Vivo Biostability Study of A New Lead Insulation Material Versus Polyurethanes," HRS2006, Heart Rhythm, 3, S146 (2006).

³ F. Khairallah, F. Hamati, D. Peress, A. Schneider, J. Alonso, and M.S. Gupta, "Performance of Cardiac Leads with Optim Insulation Material: Initial Experience from the OPTIMUM Registry," HRS2009, Heart Rhythm, 6, S382 (2009).

⁴ T. Kleemann, T. Becker, K. Doenges, M. Vater, J. Senges, S. Schneider, W. Saggau, U. Weisse, and K. Seidl, "Annual Rate of Transvenous Defibrillation Lead Defects in Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillators Over a Period of >10 Years," Circulation, 115, 2474-2480 (2007).

ADVISORIES & SAFETY ALERTS

ADVISORIES & SAFETY ALERTS

The following table summarizes recalls, advisories and safety alerts regarding St. Jude Medical implantable devices since 1999. These advisories have been previously communicated to physicians. Advisories associated with non-implantable devices such as catheters are not included in the table. For more information please contact St. Jude Medical Technical Services at 1-800-722-3774.

Model Identification	Advisory	Follow-up Recommendations at Time of Advisory
<p>Epic® ICDs (Models V-197, V-235, V-337, V-338, V-339), Epic® + ICDs (Models V-196, V-233, V-236, V-239, V-350) Epic® II ICDs (Models V-158, V-255, V-258, V-355, V-356, V-357) Atlas® + ICDs (Model V-340, V-341, V-343, V-193, V-242, V-243) Atlas® II ICDs (Models V-168, V-265, V-268, V-365, V-366, V-367)</p>	<p>01/16/08 Class II A very rare condition (incidence of eight in 143,000 devices worldwide; six in the US and two outside the US) that could lead to a ventricular sensing anomaly in Epic® and Atlas® family of implantable cardioverter defibrillators (ICDs) has been identified. A loss of ventricular sensing would prevent an ICD from being able to detect an arrhythmia. The loss of ventricular sensing anomaly can only occur when the device's software writes to a particular memory location and only if there is a precise alignment of two timing parameters that normally do not coincide during routine operation of the device. The precise alignment requires the software write to occur at the exact time that a comparison is made during a specific 61 microsecond (µsec) window.</p>	<p>A simple programmer software/device firmware upgrade will resolve the issue and prevent a future occurrence. Patients who are followed on a routine basis with scheduled follow-up visits every three to six months should continue with their scheduled visit. Upon interrogation of one of the subject devices, the Merlin® Patient Care System and Model 3510 programmers with the newly provided software will automatically identify a device that can benefit from a firmware upgrade and will instruct the clinician that an upgrade is available.</p> <p>St. Jude Medical, along with our independent Medical Advisory Board members, has determined that no other action is recommended.</p> <p>Current Status (December 31, 2009): At the time of the advisory, there were 8 worldwide (6 U.S.) devices confirmed to have been affected by this issue. As of December 31, 2009 there have been no additional devices confirmed to have this issue since the time of the advisory.</p>
<p>Identity® SR (5172) Identity® DR (5370) Identity® XL DR (5376)</p>	<p>10/12/06 Class II A programmer software anomaly can lead to incorrect reporting of battery voltage, expected battery longevity and elective replacement indicator (ERI) status in St. Jude Medical® Identity® pacemakers. The anomaly does not affect the device's actual battery voltage, longevity or functionality, but could result in inaccurate reporting of the status of these measured data parameters. This software anomaly can appear in the St. Jude Medical® Identity® family of pacemakers when programmed by the St. Jude Medical APS™ III Model 3500/3510 or Merlin® Patient Care System Model 3650 programmers.</p>	<p>No follow-up is recommended at the time of advisory. Devices do not need to be replaced. A programmer software update, pending FDA and other regulatory agency approval, will mitigate this anomaly when the device is interrogated. Before the programmer software update is available, any subsequent measured data update that is performed during the session would be valid and the device operating magnet rate would be up-to-date. After the programmer software update is available, any device affected by this issue will be automatically corrected via the normal interrogation process.</p> <p>Current Status (December 31, 2009): At the time of the advisory, there were 53 worldwide (50 U.S.) devices confirmed to have been affected by this issue. As of December 31, 2009 there were an additional 78 worldwide (65 U.S.) devices confirmed with this issue, all prior to the distribution of the software fix.</p>
<p>Photon™ DR (V-230HV) (certain serial numbers), Photon™ Micro VR/DR (Models V-194/V-232), Atlas® VR/DR (Models V-199/V-240)</p>	<p>10/7/05 Class II A particular vendor-supplied memory chip can be affected at a low frequency rate by background levels of atmospheric ionizing cosmic radiation ("background cosmic radiation"). The anomaly can trigger a temporary loss of pacing function and permanent loss of defibrillation support.</p>	<p>In the unlikely event that a device chip is affected by background cosmic radiation, the high current drain condition will deplete the battery voltage rapidly. This can result in loss of output for a period up to approximately 48 hours. During this period, the patient would be without pacing or defibrillation therapy. After this initial period, the battery will reach a voltage level at which the device will enter its "Hardware Reset Mode." This safety mode is designed to preserve the device's ability to provide VVI pacing support. A device that has been reset to the Hardware Reset Mode will operate in the VVI mode at 60 ppm, but will not be capable of providing tachycardia detection or therapy. This will be noted by a warning message on the programmer screen upon device interrogation.</p> <p>To assist in your patient care and following discussions with our independent Medical Advisory Board, St. Jude Medical recommends: If it is not already your current practice, physicians should perform routine device monitoring every three months for patients with the affected models listed above. In determining whether additional patient management or follow up may be needed, consider the low failure rate for the anomaly and the unique medical needs and situation of each individual patient, including whether the patient is pacemaker dependent or at high risk for life-threatening arrhythmias. If a patient's device is found in the Hardware Reset Mode, you should arrange for device replacement as soon as possible. You should continue to provide patients with the usual admonitions to keep scheduled appointments and to report all changes in symptoms.</p> <p>Current Status (December 31, 2009): At the time of the advisory, there were 60 worldwide (38 U.S.) devices confirmed to have been affected by this issue. As of December 31, 2009 there were an additional 42 worldwide (28 U.S.) devices confirmed with this issue. This is within the 95% confidence interval prediction made at the time of the advisory. There have been no reports of serious injury or death.</p>

Model Identification	Advisory	Follow-up Recommendations at Time of Advisory
<p>Epic® DR/HF (V-233/V-337/V-338), Epic® Plus DR/VR/HF (V-236/V-239/V-196/V-239T/V-196T/V-350), Atlas® DR (V-242), and Atlas® Plus DR/VR/HF (V-243/V-193/V-193C/V-340/V-341/V-343).</p>	<p>6/13/05 Class II Two anomalies have been identified: 1. Due to a device software anomaly, it is possible that when the device's battery is nearing its elective replacement indicator (ERI), a charging cycle may be skipped. 2. After a capacitor charge, if a rate responsive pacing mode (e.g., DDDR, VVIR, etc.) is programmed "On," this "noise" may be interpreted by the device's accelerometer (activity sensor) as physical activity, causing a temporary increase in the pacing rate that may persist after charging is completed.</p>	<p>Two anomalies were discovered during routine product monitoring. Neither of these anomalies presents a significant clinical risk to your patients, and no clinical complications have been reported to St. Jude Medical. Both are easily corrected by performing a simple, automated software download to the device. This potentially affects approximately 30,000 implanted ICDs in the United States and includes the following model numbers: Epic® DR/HF (V-233/V-337/V-338), Epic® Plus DR/VR/HF (V-236/V-239/V-196/V-239T/V-196T/V-350), Atlas® DR (V-242), and Atlas® Plus DR/VR/HF (V-243/V-193/V-193C/V-340/V-341/V-343). The first anomaly can occur when one of the affected devices attempts to deliver multiple shocks in rapid succession. Due to a device software anomaly, it is possible that when the device's battery is nearing its elective replacement indicator (ERI), a charging cycle may be skipped. If this were to occur, the first shock will always be delivered as programmed and, if needed, the next shock in the programmed sequence would be delivered after a delay of only two to four seconds. A skipped charge would result in less than the full number of programmed shocks being available for delivery during that episode, but all delivered shocks would be at their programmed energy. This behavior was discovered as an incidental finding during analysis of one returned device that had delivered a large number of high-voltage shocks over a short time period.</p> <p>A second anomaly is caused by electrical "noise" generated as a result of the charging of the device's high-voltage capacitors. After a capacitor charge, if a rate responsive pacing mode (e.g., DDDR, VVIR, etc.) is programmed "On," this "noise" may be interpreted by the device's accelerometer (activity sensor) as physical activity, causing a temporary increase in the pacing rate that may persist after charging is completed. The degree and duration of the rate increase will depend on a variety of factors, but the rate will never exceed the programmed Maximum Sensor Rate, and the device will gradually return to the appropriate rate. The anomalous behavior, which has been observed during the performance of manual capacitor maintenance, has been traced back to a component supplied to St. Jude Medical by one vendor; therefore, only the subset of the device models listed above that were manufactured with the affected component (device serial numbers below 141000 for any model) will exhibit this behavior.</p> <p>St. Jude Medical has developed programmer software that will automatically detect the affected ICDs and download device software that will correct the "skipped charge" anomaly and mitigate the response to electrical noise. Once the upgrade is performed, the potential for a skipped charge will be eliminated. Additionally, once the upgrade is performed if a rate responsive mode is programmed "On," devices with serial numbers below 141000 will have their rate response functions suspended for the time period during which the electrical noise could be present (i.e., while significant residual voltage remains on the high-voltage capacitors); non-rate responsive pacing at the programmed base rate will continue to be provided as appropriate. This period during which rate response is suspended may last anywhere from a few minutes up to approximately 90 minutes. If rate responsive pacing was ongoing prior to charging, the pacing rate will gradually decrease to the base pacing rate according to the normal rate response recovery algorithm and will remain there while rate responsive pacing is suspended. The rate response behavior for devices with serial numbers greater than 141000 will not be affected by the software download.</p> <p>The software download for potentially affected devices will automatically be initiated the next time the patient's device is interrogated with the v4.8.5 programmer software. Since a skipped charge is more likely to occur in devices that are closer to their elective replacement indicator (ERI), St. Jude Medical recommends that if the next patient follow-up is not scheduled to occur within the next six months that the patient be seen within this time period.</p> <p>In addition, if devices are programmed to pacing settings that result in high current consumption, such as high output bi-ventricular pacing, consideration should be given to scheduling the patient for a follow-up visit within three months if it is not scheduled to occur within that time period. As always, St. Jude Medical defers to your clinical judgment on any decisions regarding the management of your patients.</p> <p>Current Status (December 31, 2009): There have been no implanted devices confirmed to have been affected by this issue since the time of the advisory.</p>

ADVISORIES & SAFETY ALERTS

Model Identification	Advisory	Follow-up Recommendations at Time of Advisory
<p>Epic® (V-197, V-235), Epic®+ (V-196, V-236), Epic® HF (V-338), Epic®+ HF (V-250), Atlas®+ (V-193, V-243), Atlas®+ HF (V-340), or Atlas® (model V-242) ICDs</p>	<p>3/10/05 Class II A software parameter that affects the sensitivity of the reed switch in the listed devices was being set to an incorrect value which could prevent these devices from entering the magnet mode to inhibit tachy therapy when an external magnet is applied.</p>	<p>During routine product evaluation, St. Jude Medical Quality Assurance identified that a software parameter that affects the sensitivity of the reed switch in the listed devices was being set to an incorrect value during manufacturing beginning in late November of last year. This has the effect of preventing these devices from entering the magnet mode to inhibit tachy therapy when an external magnet is applied. This is a software controlled parameter that can be easily corrected via the programmer. All other bradycardia pacing and tachyarrhythmia detection and therapy features are not affected in devices subject to this notification. Until the magnet sensitivity parameter is corrected via the programmer, tachy therapy may not be properly inhibited as is customary with placement of an external magnet, but can be inhibited by using the programmer to program the device to Defib Off, and then back On as needed.</p> <p>The affected devices were manufactured during a three month period beginning November 22, 2004. To date, there have been no field reports of any magnet mode failures, nor have there been any clinical complications reported associated with this issue. Magnet mode application is usually used to inhibit tachycardia therapy such as when a patient is subjected to electrocautery during a surgical procedure. In order to remedy this situation, in addition to this notification, St. Jude Medical Sales Representatives and Field Clinical Engineers have been provided with a simple software tool that can be used to set, via the programmer, the reed switch's magnet sensitivity to the proper value. You may contact them to schedule this reprogramming at the patient's next scheduled follow-up visit or at your discretion.</p> <p>Current Status (December 31, 2009): There have been no implanted devices confirmed to have been affected by this issue since the time of the advisory.</p>
<p>Identity® ADx DR Models 5286, 5380, 5386 and 5480</p>	<p>07/31/03 Class II An anomaly in the pacemaker code, which under a certain set of programmed settings and specific event timing circumstances could deliver a short coupled pacing interval of 300 ms (200 ppm). Consecutive (up to a maximum of 12) shorter than anticipated pacing intervals could be experienced.</p>	<p>St. Jude Medical's software engineering department has identified an anomaly in the pacemaker code, which under a certain set of programmed settings and specific event timing circumstances has a potential to deliver a short coupled pacing interval of approximately 300 milliseconds (200 ppm). It is also possible, however unlikely, that a patient could experience consecutive (up to a maximum of 12) shorter than anticipated pacing intervals. To date, the only clinical observation has been the delivery of a single short interval. There have been no reports of patient injury as a result of the shortened pacing interval.</p> <p>In order for the above mentioned shortened pacing interval to potentially occur, the programmed settings of the dual chamber device would have to satisfy both of the following conditions: Base rate, rate hysteresis or rest rate programmed to 55 ppm or lower Autocapture programmed ON</p> <p>Additionally, it should be noted that even with the following settings, the shortened pacing interval will not occur unless specific internal timing and other conditions are met. If the device is programmed to any other combination of settings (e.g. base rate, hysteresis rate and rest rate all at 60 ppm or above, or Autocapture programmed OFF), the scenario described above cannot occur.</p> <p>St. Jude Medical recommends that physicians review their records to identify which, if any, of their patients implanted with a subject device have programmed settings as described above. For these patients, they should schedule a pacemaker programming session as soon as possible to temporarily program Autocapture OFF or adjust the base rate, rate hysteresis and rest rate to 60 ppm or above. The root cause of potentially delivering the short pacing interval has been identified and a downloadable firmware correction has been developed to prevent any future occurrence. The revised firmware will be made available to the physicians via a new programmer software version immediately following FDA approval. The revised code will be downloaded automatically during pacer interrogation and will take approximately six seconds. At the time of the FDA approval, all newly manufactured and distributed products will also have the new pacemaker code.</p> <p>There is no need to consider replacement of the devices as the temporary programming outlined above and the forthcoming device firmware update will eliminate the potential for the described phenomenon from occurring in the future.</p> <p>Current Status (December 31, 2009): There have been no implanted devices confirmed to have been affected by this issue since the time of the advisory.</p>

Model Identification	Advisory	Follow-up Recommendations at Time of Advisory
Tempo™ 2102 and Meta 1256D	<p>11/04/02 Dendritic growth at the battery/hybrid connection could cause a short circuit, which in turn could result in premature battery depletion.</p>	<p>Decreased reliability has been observed in a group of these devices. The devices in the advisory population were manufactured at the Teletronics' manufacturing facility between the second quarter of 1996 and the second quarter of 1997. Premature battery depletion resulting from bridging between adjacent connectors has resulted in no output or no telemetry in 1% of this population of devices to date. The following recommendations are made: Physicians are advised to review patients who have 1256D/2102 pacemakers at an early date to evaluate pacemaker function.</p> <p>For patients who are pacemaker dependent, the physician should give consideration to explantation and replacement as soon as practicable.</p> <p>For patients who are not considered pacemaker dependent, the physician should consider replacement only if any abnormal function is identified (such as no output, telemetry loss, telemetry abnormality or premature end of life indication). All remaining non-pacemaker dependent patients with 1256D/2102 pacemakers should subsequently be reviewed at least every six months.</p>
Tempo™ 1102, 1902, 2102, 2902 and Meta 1256D	<p>11/04/02 Class II Dendritic growth at the battery/hybrid connection could cause a short circuit, which in turn could result in premature battery depletion.</p>	<p>This Advisory applies to a well-defined group of Tempo™ and Meta™ 1256D pacemakers which have been observed to exhibit premature battery depletion. This is an extension of a previous Tempo™/Meta™ advisory dated 6/6/00. The following recommendations are made:</p> <p>For patients who are significantly pacemaker dependent. The decision as to whether or not to replace a pacemaker prophylactically remains one of clinical judgment. We therefore recommend that you strongly consider replacing these pacemakers on a prophylactic basis for all patients who are significantly pacemaker dependent, unless pacemaker replacement is medically contraindicated.</p> <p>For patients who are not considered pacemaker dependent. Again, this is a matter of clinical judgment. In the event a device is not replaced, continued routine monitoring is advised.</p>
Profile™ V-186	<p>7/13/01 Class II Failure of a ceramic capacitor could lead to sensing anomalies/early battery depletion</p>	<p>This Advisory applies to a well-defined group of Profile™ MD (Model V-186HV3) implantable cardioverter-defibrillators (ICDs) which have been observed to exhibit decreased reliability. These devices had specific modules (subcircuits) manufactured during a five-month period during the first half of 1999. Those potentially affected devices that have not exhibited any anomalous behavior within 24 months of manufacture are not at increased risk of failure at a later date. These failures were caused by a component anomaly that is limited to a specific, traceable lot (group) of capacitors.</p> <p>If these capacitors fail, two different clinical manifestations may be observed, depending on the location of the failed capacitors: Low Voltage Module: The devices may exhibit sudden loss of sensing or oversensing of internally generated interference (noise) resulting in aborted or delivered shocks. Due to the potential for sudden loss of sensing, which would prevent the ICD from detecting ventricular tachyarrhythmias, device replacement should be considered for patients with devices incorporating the suspect capacitors in this location. In making this decision, you should weigh the likelihood that your patient will have one of the few additional devices expected to fail against the risk associated with the replacement procedure. For patients who do not have their devices replaced, St. Jude Medical recommends monthly monitoring for the remaining months during which additional failures are expected to occur and every three months thereafter.</p> <p>High-Voltage Module: The devices may exhibit premature battery depletion with no other clinical manifestations. While the battery voltage may drop rapidly to a value near or below the device's ERL, it stabilizes for several months at a value at which the device continues to detect arrhythmias and deliver therapy appropriately. In addition, some of these devices may exhibit oversensing of internally generated electrical interference (noise), which may result in false detection of tachyarrhythmias. However, during charging, the interference abates, and the therapy is usually aborted without the delivery of inappropriate shocks to the patient. Because these devices generally continue to respond appropriately to spontaneous tachyarrhythmias, and because the battery voltage stabilizes for several months at a level that does not compromise device function, St. Jude Medical recommends that patients with devices incorporating suspect capacitors in this location be monitored monthly for the remaining months during which additional failures are expected to occur and every three months thereafter.</p>

ADVISORIES & SAFETY ALERTS

Model Identification	Advisory	Follow-up Recommendations at Time of Advisory
Meta™ DDR 1256	6/6/00 Class II Integrated circuit failure due to electrostatic discharge during manufacturing resulting in no output or sensing anomalies.	<p>This Advisory applies to a well-defined group of Meta™ 1256 pacemakers, which have been observed to exhibit decreased reliability. The following recommendations are made:</p> <p>For patients who are significantly pacemaker dependent. The decision as to whether or not to replace a pacemaker prophylactically remains one of clinical judgment. We therefore recommend that you strongly consider replacing these pacemakers on a prophylactic basis for all patients who are significantly pacemaker dependent, unless pacemaker replacement is medically contraindicated.</p> <p>For patients who are not considered pacemaker dependent. Again, this is a matter of clinical judgment. In the event a device is not replaced, continued routine monitoring is advised.</p>
Tempo™ 1102, 1902, 2102, 2902, and Meta™ 1256D	6/6/00 Class II Dendritic growth at the battery/hybrid connection could cause a short circuit, which in turn could result in premature battery depletion.	<p>This Advisory applies to a well-defined group of Tempo™ and Meta™ 1256D pacemakers, which have been observed to exhibit premature battery depletion. The following recommendations are made:</p> <p>For patients who are significantly pacemaker dependent. The decision as to whether or not to replace a pacemaker prophylactically remains one of clinical judgment. We therefore recommend that you strongly consider replacing these pacemakers on a prophylactic basis for all patients who are significantly pacemaker dependent, unless pacemaker replacement is medically contraindicated.</p> <p>For patients who are not considered pacemaker dependent. Again, this is a matter of clinical judgment. In the event a device is not replaced, continued routine monitoring is advised.</p>
Trilogy™ 2250L, 2260L, 2264L, 2308L, 2318L, 2350L, 2360L, 2364L	3/10/00 Class II Risk of malfunction due to an anomaly of the pacemaker's microprocessor. Typical manifestations of this anomaly are dashes observed on the programmer screen, unexpected rate variation, abnormally high battery current drain, and mode change.	<p>Continued monitoring of Trilogy™ devices affected by an Advisory issued in July 1999 has revealed an additional low level of adverse events. A sub-population of the above models, principally those manufactured before January 1999, is potentially affected by a risk of malfunction due to an anomaly of the pacemaker's microprocessor. To date this has been reported in only 0.11% of the implanted population. Typical manifestations of this anomaly are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interrogation/programming difficulties, including the presence of dashes (—) on the programmer screen for some parameter values after interrogation Unexpected rate variations Abnormally high battery current drain Mode change <p>The presence of dashes on the programmer screen is typically caused by partial programming of one or more of the programmed parameters and may be corrected by reprogramming. In the event that observed dashes (—) cannot be resolved by reprogramming, please contact your St. Jude Medical representative, as it may be possible to resolve the situation non-invasively via special programming and may not be indicative of a microprocessor anomaly.</p> <p>Considering the low level of incidence of this anomaly, the following steps are recommended:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess the patient population, relative to the potential for an inappropriate mode change to single-chamber atrial pacing, to determine which patients are pacemaker-dependent and have an inadequate ventricular escape rhythm. 2. Replacement of a device always remains a matter of clinical judgement, including balancing the clinical risk associated with pacemaker replacement against the risk of device malfunction. 3. Almost all microprocessor malfunctions described in this notification were found during routine follow-up. This reinforces the importance that pacemaker patients should be followed regularly in accordance with best prevailing medical practices.

Model Identification	Advisory	Follow-up Recommendations at Time of Advisory
<p>Affinity® 5130L, 5130R, 5330L, 5330R, 5230L, 5230R</p>	<p>2/14/00 Class II An unsecured resistor connection to the hybrid circuit might cause abnormal measured data, false RRT indication, backup VVI mode, or intermittent loss of output.</p>	<p>This advisory applies to a very specific, well-defined group of Affinity devices that have been implanted worldwide. The device may exhibit any or all of the following output anomalies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abnormal measured battery data, A false recommended replacement (RRT) indication, Reversion to back-up VVI mode, Intermittent loss of output. One marker of an affected device that may be apparent during a routine follow-up interrogation is an abnormally high reading for battery current (taking into consideration the device's programmed output parameters). <p>If this or an early indication of RRT or reversion to back-up VVI mode is observed, please contact your local St. Jude Medical representative or Technical Services. Although the time course is variable, these behavioral anomalies will occur before there is any affect on device output.</p>
<p>Trilogy™ 2250L, 2260L, 2264L, 2308L, 2318L, 2350L, 2360L, 2364L</p>	<p>7/19/99 Class II Premature battery depletion caused by a current leakage path that could be created during the laser welding process to attach the battery to the device hybrid</p>	<p>Analysis of the clinical data associated with the failed devices has shown that an early increase in battery impedance could be observed at one or more previous routine follow-up visits prior to reaching RRT. The observed rise in battery impedance is an earlier and more reliable indicator than the reported battery voltage. The battery depletion, although accelerated, does not occur abruptly and patients can be monitored using the measured data telemetry in the pacemaker. The following follow-up schedule and device monitoring is advised.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For patients who have had a follow-up visit at least 12 months after their device was implanted, check the measured data printout from the last follow-up evaluation. If a battery impedance of "< 1 kOhm" was recorded, continue to monitor the battery impedance with your routine follow-up schedule for that patient (6-month intervals recommended). If follow-up visits every 6 months is not your routine schedule, then an additional visit at 18 months should be performed. 2. For patients who have not yet had a follow-up visit at least 12 months after their device was implanted, the following is recommended: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the patient has had their device implanted for less than two months or has not had a device interrogation with measured data within the last three months, an evaluation of the battery impedance is recommended as soon as possible. This should be printed and a copy retained in the patient's pacemaker or office chart. Otherwise, if the battery impedance from the most recent evaluation is "< 1 kOhm," begin an every 3-month follow-up schedule with respect to measured data telemetry until that value has been recorded at least 12 months post-implant. Thereafter, continue to monitor the battery impedance with your routine follow-up schedule for that patient (6-month intervals recommended). If follow-up visits every six months is not your routine schedule, then an additional visit at 18 months should be performed. <p>If the battery impedance reading is 1 kOhm or higher and the pacemaker has been implanted for less than two years, it is likely that the system is demonstrating accelerated battery depletion. Please contact your local Field Representative or Technical Services.</p>

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